

## HSK 2 Lesson 13 Text 3 (C)

### 13 Written questions

Term

不是.....吗?

Term

笑

Term

长着

Term

班

Term

已经

Definition

Ex-boyfriend (qián nányǒu)

Term

眼睛

Definition

loves to laugh (ài xiào)

Definition

extremely (fēicháng)

Term

就

Definition

before, earlier on (qián)

Term

听说

Term

长

## 5 True/False questions

Definition

extremely (fēicháng)

Term

爱笑

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

Definition

class (bān)

Term

班

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

Definition

(jiù) exactly, precisely

Term

就

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

Definition

before, earlier on (qián)

Term

笑

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

Definition

eye (yǎnjīng)

Term

眼睛

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

## 6 Multiple choice questions

Definition

to grow; to appear, to develop (zhǎng)

- ☐ 听说
- ☐ 笑
- ☐ 长
- ☐ 前

Term

不是.....吗?

- ☐ to be told; to hear of (tīngshuō)
- ☐ to smile, to laugh (xiào)
- ☐ to grow; to appear, to develop (zhǎng~~zhe~~)
- ☐ (Búshì..... ma) Isn't ....? - rhetorical question

Term

听说

- ☐ to be told; to hear of (tīngshuō)
- ☐ loves to laugh (ài xiào)
- ☐ to grow; to appear, to develop (zhǎng~~zhe~~)
- ☐ to smile, to laugh (xiào)

Definition

already (yǐjīng)

- ☐ 爱笑
- ☐ 眼睛
- ☐ 已经
- ☐ 非常

Term

长着

- ☐ to be told; to hear of (tīngshuō)
- ☐ loves to laugh (ài xiào)
- ☐ to smile, to laugh (xiào)
- ☐ to grow; to appear, to develop (zhǎng~~zhe~~)

Term

前男友

- ☐ loves to laugh (ài xiào)
- ☐ extremely (fēicháng)
- ☐ Ex-boyfriend (qián nányǒu)
- ☐ before, earlier on (qián)

## Matching questions

<input type="checkbox"/>	to be told; to hear of (tīngshuō)	A. 爱笑
<input type="checkbox"/>	before, earlier on (qián)	B. 笑
<input type="checkbox"/>	(jiù) exactly, precisely	C. 长着
<input type="checkbox"/>	to grow; to appear, to develop (zhǎng)	D. 已经
<input type="checkbox"/>	already (yǐjīng)	E. 前男友
<input type="checkbox"/>	(Búshì..... ma) Isn't ....? - rhetorical question	F. 班
<input type="checkbox"/>	eye (yǎnjīng)	G. 非常
<input type="checkbox"/>	to smile, to laugh (xiào)	H. 听说
<input type="checkbox"/>	class (bān)	I. 眼睛
<input type="checkbox"/>	loves to laugh (ài xiào)	J. 前
<input type="checkbox"/>	extremely (fēicháng)	K. 不是.....吗?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ex-boyfriend (qián nányǒu)	L. 就

2. Listen to the audio put the words in right order (by 1,2,3.....):

[     ] 班	[     ] 长	[     ] 笑	[     ] 听说
[     ] 长着	[     ] 眼睛	[     ] 非常	[     ] 爱笑
[     ] 前男友	[     ] 前	[     ] 已经	[     ] 就
[     ] 不是.....吗?			

## 在运动场 On the playground 13-3

Listen to the audio and translate the text into English

A: 听说 你有 女朋友了? 我认识她吗?

B: 就是我们 班那个 长着 两个大眼睛,  
非常 爱笑 的女孩儿。

A: 她不是有 男朋友 吗?

B: 那个已经是她的前 男友了。

**“不是 吗”** Isn't ....? - **rhetorical question**, is often used to remind someone of something or to show confusion or dissatisfaction.

## New Words

\*5. 班 bān n. class, grade, team

\*6. 长 zhǎng v. to grow, to develop

7. 笑 xiào v. to smile, to laugh

Answer the questions in Chinese based on the dialogue above :

1. B 的女朋友是他班里的同学吗??

2. A 认识 B 的女朋友吗?

3. B 的女朋友有前男友吗?

4. B的女朋友长什么样?(样 - appearance)

**“不是 吗”** Isn't ....? - **rhetorical question**, is often used to remind someone of something or to show confusion or dissatisfaction.

不是 吗

Please translate the below sentences into English

他 不是 你的老师 吗?

大卫 不是 你的朋友 吗?

你 不是 吃饭了 吗?

Making sentences to include the following words:

长着, 女朋友 \_\_\_\_\_

笑, 已经 \_\_\_\_\_

班, 认识 \_\_\_\_\_

非常, 大眼睛 \_\_\_\_\_

听说, 前男友 \_\_\_\_\_

不是……吗? \_\_\_\_\_