Unit 3: SPAIN IN THE 19TH CENTURY

1.- THE FRENCH REVOLUTION

The French Revolution began in **and the king was**

The French revolution ended in **and the emperor was in**

What is feudalism?

2 : Definitions :

1- Absolute monarchy	a- A ruler from the royal family (king or queen) has complete power and control of a country.
2- Republic	**b-** Usually a violent effort by the people to change their leader.
3- Constitutional monarchy	**c-** A country without king or queen, governed by elected representatives and a president.
4- Traditionalism	**d-** Political ideas that focus on individual freedoms, rights and social progress.
5- Liberalism	e- Political ideas that support the old ways, like absolute monarchy and limited freedoms.
6- Uprising	f- A ruler from the royal family has limited power set by the Constitution.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3 SPAIN BEFORE THE WAR OF INDEPENDENCE

……came to the Spanish throne in ……..

who was is Valido ? ……..

In……., Manuel Godoy signed a secret treaty with France called
…….

In , the Spanish people became angry about that occupation, so they captured Godoy
and forced Carlos IV to pass the crown to his son . This uprising is called "**Motín de Aranjuez**".

4 THE WAR OF INDEPENDENCE

The **War of Independence** was a war that happened between and .

Napoleon was defeated in

The was approved on 19 of March 1812. It was called **"La Pepa"**
- It created a **constitutional monarchy**. That means the king, Fernand- It gave all Spanish people **equality under the law, freedom of pre**
and the right to choose their representatives through elections.

LIVEWORKSHEETS