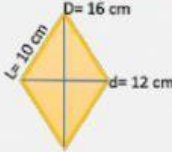




Perímetro y Área del Rombo

$$P = L \times 4 \quad A = \frac{D \times d}{2}$$

1. Resolver

Rombo	Perímetro	Área
	$P = \quad x$ $P = \quad x$ $P = \quad \text{cm}$	$A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \quad \text{cm}^2$
	$P = \quad x$ $P = \quad x$ $P = \quad \text{cm}$	$A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \quad \text{cm}^2$
	$P = \quad x$ $P = \quad x$ $P = \quad \text{cm}$	$A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \quad \text{cm}^2$
	$P = \quad x$ $P = \quad x$ $P = \quad \text{cm}$	$A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \quad \text{cm}^2$
	$P = \quad x$ $P = \quad x$ $P = \quad \text{cm}$	$A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \frac{x}{\quad}$ $A = \quad \text{cm}^2$

2. La siguiente tabla contiene algunas medidas de rombos. Completa:

Diagonal mayor es cm	diagonal menor es cm	Área es cm ²
8	5	
10	3	
12	6	
15		75
	20	300