UNIT 6: GLOBAL WARMING - SHEET 4

Part I: GRAMMAR

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Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. 1. The president of the company officially apologised to the local residents having dumped a large amount of raw sewage in the area. A. about B. with C. at D. for 2. The factory was accused having caused higher level of pollution to the environment. C. of We all admire him having changed both his attitude and behaviours towards the environmental issues. B. for C. with A. about D. at 4. Human activities are also blamed having contributed to global warming. A. for B. on C. at D. with 5. We congratulated him having invented an energy-saving device. B. at C. about D. on 6. He was criticised ____ not having put the elephant poachers in jail. B. about D. on 7. His company was punished not having dumped the rubbish properly. B. for C. about D. because of A. by 8. The city mayor praised all voluntary students ____ having cleaned the playgrounds for the children. A. for B. because of C. at D. due to 9. He thanked us having contributed to cleaning the surrounding environment. C. with B. to A. on 10. He was suspected having received presents from the local companies and ignored their violations of the environmental law. B. on C. of D. for A. about 11. Even when arrested, he denied cut down that tree. A. has B. having C. have D. have had Those farmers admitted having used more chemical fertilisers than needed. B. about C. for A. on D. to



13. He forgot proi	mised to cut down on th	e carbon dioxide emission	s into the atmosphere.
A. to promise	B. have	C. having	D. had
14. I remembered havin	ng off the lights be	efore leaving home.	
A. switched	B. switch	C. switching	D. switches
15. He regretted not	registered for militar	y service last spring.	
A. have	B. having	C. having had	D. having done
16. The local residents	suspected the authoritie	s having kept the pol	lution level secret from the
local people.			
A. about	B. on	C. of	D. for
17. He denied having pe	olluted the environment	t, no one believed him	n.
A. however	B. despite	C. but	D. in spite of
18. Thank you for havin	ng the information	about global warming.	
A. shared	B. sharing	C. share	D. shares
19. He regretted k	illed and eaten several	rare species.	
A. to have	B. having	C. have	D. has
20. His company was fi	ned dumped tons	of toxic waste near the res	idential area.
A. to have	B. because of havin	ng C. for having	D. of having
21. These students were	e rewarded activel	y taken part in voluntary a	ctivities.
A. with	B. before	C. on having	D. for having
22. She was praised	_ donated a lot of mon	ey to the wildlife protectio	n organisation.
A. for having	B. to have	C. because of having	D. due to having
23. I remember ac	lvised you to stop hunti	ng endangered animals.	
A. to have	B. having	C. have	D. had
24. The local authorities	s were blamed igr	nored the pollution issues in	n the area.
A. about having	B. on having	C. for having	D. before having
Part II. SPEAKING			
Exercise 2. Two friend	ls Nam and Lan are ta	lking about the topic of g	lobal warming.
25. Nam: What are the	main threats to the envi	ronment today? Lan:	
A. Threats are possible	dangers to the environr	ment. B. Probably defor	estation and global warming.
C. Environmental pollu	tion is a big issue for or	ur planet D. We need a d	clean environment to live in.

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26. Lan: How can ordinary people help protect	the environment? Nam:
A. What can ordinary people do to help the envi	ironment? B. Environment really needs our help.
C. We may use environmentally-friendly product	cts.
D. Both governments and individuals are to blan	me on.
27. Nam: Do you do anything to protect the env	rironment? Lan:
A. I refuse to use plastic bags and try to recycle	as much as possible.
B. I use a lot of plastic bags and containers to sa	ave the environment.
C. I'm not interested in the subject of environme	ent.
D. I don't want to change my lifestyle.	
28. Lan: What solution to air pollution can you	suggest? Nam:
A. Air pollution is really serious these days.	B. Smoke from factory chimneys pollutes the air.
C. Air pollution causes acid rain.	D. People should use public means of transport.
29. Nam: What is the biggest environmental pro-	oblem facing our country? Lan:
A. Too much toxic sewage is dumped at sea.	B. All countries face environmental problems.
C. No one can help protect the environment.	
D. Our country is facing the biggest environment	ntal problem.
30. Nam: Is global warming a problem in our co	ountry? Lan:
A. Global warming is getting more and more se	rious.
B. Governments are closely working together to	solve environmental problems.
C. Global warming causes sea level to rise.	
D. Probably. The temperatures are getting hotte	r year by year in the area.
31. Nam: What causes global warming? Lan: _	
A. Changes in weather patterns resulting from g	global warming.
B. Too much carbon dioxide being trapped in the	ne atmosphere.
C. Catastrophic consequences of global warmin	g.
D. Common global warming consequences.	
32. Nam: What are the consequences of global	warming? Lan:
A. Global warming causes many consequences.	
B. Consequences of global warming is catastrop	phic.
C. Icebergs melt and low-lying areas are floode	d. D. More trees are being cut down.

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33. Nam: Why is global warming a problem? Lan:
A. People find it difficult to adapt to the changes in the weather patterns.
B. Global warming can benefit people in certain areas.
C. There's no need to worry about global warming.
D. Global warming is a very interesting topic for presentation.
34. Nam: What are global warming gases? Lan:
A. Global warming gases are mainly man-made.
B. Global warming gases are everywhere.
C. The amount of carbon dioxide is increasing.
D. Carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, and methane.
35.Lan: What can government do to punish factories that violate environmental law? Nam:
A. So many of them are polluting the environment.
B. Yes, I think a big fine would be relevant.
C. They may force those factories to close down.
D. There are no factories in this region.
36. Lan: Who has to suffer global warming effects the most? Nam:
A. What are global warming effects?
B. Maybe poor people in low-lying areas.
C. All people suffer from global warming.
D. Only few people benefit from global warming.
37. Lan: How can we help to fight deforestation? Nam:
A. We may recycle paper and buy recycled paper products.
B. We may cut down trees at an alarming rate.
C. We should only cut branches of big trees.
D. We should set up animal ranches near forests.
38. Nam: What will happen if the low-lying areas are flooded? Lan:
A. Low-lying areas are often flooded.
B. Flood happens when water level rises.
C. Low-lying areas can never be flooded.
D. People in these regions will have to face a lot of problems.

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- 39. Lan: What do you do to help the environment? Nam:
- A. It is the responsibility of the government. B. I try to recycle more and reduce carbon footprint.
- C. Everyone can protect the environment. D. Environment helps people live comfortably.

Part III: WRITING

Exercise 11. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

- 40. Having seen people suffer global warming consequences, we decided to reduce carbon footprints.
- A. We decided to reduce carbon footprints before seeing people suffer global warming consequences.
- B. We saw people suffer global warming consequences after we decided to reduce carbon footprints.
- C. We decided to cut down on carbon footprints after we saw people suffer global warming consequences.
- D. We decided to cut down on carbon footprints before we saw people suffer global warming consequences.
- 41. Climate change leads to numerous catastrophic consequences.
- A. Numerous catastrophic consequences result in climate change.
- B. Numerous catastrophic consequences result from climate change.
- C. Climate change results from numerous catastrophic consequences.
- D. Numerous catastrophic consequences cause climate change.
- 42. The increase in earth's temperature can cause heat-related illnesses.
- A. Heat-related illnesses result from the increase in earth's temperature.
- B. Heat-related illnesses result in the increase in earth's temperature.
- C. Heat-related illnesses lead to the increase in earth's temperature.
- D. Heat-related illnesses trigger the increase in earth's temperature.
- 43. Carbon dioxide is one of the primary greenhouse gases that cause global warming.
- A. Carbon dioxide is the only greenhouse gas that causes global warming.
- B. Global warming results in greenhouse gases, including carbon dioxide.
- C. One of the main greenhouse gases that lead to global warming is carbon dioxide.
- D. Global warming causes greenhouse gases, including carbon dioxide.

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44. Planting trees can contribute to reducing global warming.

- A. Global warming can't be controlled by planting trees.
- B. Planting trees is the only way to control global warming.
- C. Planting trees can accelerate global warming.
- D. Planting trees can help reduce global warming.

Exercise 12. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

45. He said that he would take responsibility for his company's damage to the area. But then he denied that.

- A. Having denied his company's damage, he took responsibility for it.
- B. He denied having damaged to his company's area.
- C. He denied having taken responsibility for the damage to his company's area.
- D. He denied having said that he would take responsibility for his company's damage to the area.

46. He donated a lot of money to environmental protection campaigns. He was admired for that.

- A. Unless he donated a lot of money to environmental protection campaigns, he was admired.
- B. He was admired for having donated a lot of money to environmental protection campaigns.
- C. If he had donated a lot of money to environmental protection campaigns, he would have been admired.
- D. If he donates a lot of money to environmental protection campaigns, he will be admired.

47. They decided to cut down their carbon footprints. They were praised for that.

- A. They were praised for having decided to decrease their carbon footprints.
- B. They were not punished for having decided to decrease their carbon footprints.
- C. Unless they decided to cut down their carbon footprints, they were praised for that.
- D. If they decided to cut down their carbon footprints, they would be praised for that.

48. We have advised you on how to cut down your energy use. We remember that.

- A. We can no longer remember having advised you on how to decrease your energy use.
- B. We remember having advised you on how to maintain your energy use.
- C. We remember having advised you on how to decrease your energy use.
- D. We remember to have advised you on how to decrease your energy use.





49. Some scientists have distorted the effects of climate change. They were accused

- A. Some scientists were accused of having falsify the effects of climate change.
- B. Some scientists were accused of having been honest about the effects of climate change.
- C. Although some scientists have distorted the effects of climate change, they were not accused.
- D. Some scientists were accused of having falsified the effects of climate change.

Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

50. <u>Ha</u>	aving suffered	water shortage in the past,	we are all very	economic	on using water.	
	Α	В		C	D	