



## TEST FOR UNIT 7

### I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.

- |                                  |                               |                     |                             |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. a. br <u>ea</u> king          | b. gr <u>ea</u> t             | c. st <u>ea</u> k   | d. h <u>ea</u> lthy         |
| 2. a. c <u>y</u> cle             | b. b <u>ic</u> ycle           | c. fl <u>y</u>      | d. sk <u>y</u> scraper      |
| 3. a. c <u>y</u> cle             | b. l <u>i</u> cence           | c. veh <u>i</u> cle | d. c <u>en</u> tre          |
| 4. a. r <u>e</u> vers <u>e</u> d | b. w <u>a</u> lk <u>e</u> d   | c. stop <u>p</u> ed | d. ob <u>e</u> yed          |
| 5. a. p <u>a</u> rk              | b. p <u>a</u> v <u>e</u> ment | c. pl <u>a</u> ne   | d. s <u>a</u> f <u>e</u> ty |

### II. Match the road signs with their meanings.

No Overtaking   No Left Turn   Pedestrian Crossing   Slippery Road   Crossroads   No Parking   Go Ahead Only   Turn Right   Railway Crossing   Hospital Ahead



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



7. \_\_\_\_\_



8. \_\_\_\_\_



9. \_\_\_\_\_



10. \_\_\_\_\_

### III. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

- You should walk across the street \_\_\_\_\_ the zebra crossing.  
a. on                      b. at                      c. in                      d. from
- My house is not far from my school, so I usually go \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. on foot                      b. by foot                      c. by car                      d. by boat
- This morning, I was \_\_\_\_\_ in a traffic jam and got to school fifteen minutes late.  
a. catch                      b. block                      c. struck                      d. stuck
- Turn on the left turn \_\_\_\_\_ before you make the turn and slow down.  
a. sign                      b. direction                      c. signal                      d. crossing
- It is \_\_\_\_\_ to use a hand-held mobile phone while driving or riding.



- a. safe                      b. important                      c. illegal                      d. careful
6. \_\_\_\_\_ does it take you to ride to school? – About 30 minutes.
- a. How long                      b. How far                      c. How often                      d. How much
7. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a part of a road that only bicycles are allowed to use.
- a. cycle cross                      b. cycle lane                      c. cycle line                      d. cycle race
8. You \_\_\_\_\_ cross the street when the light is red.
- a. should                      b. don't have to                      c. can                      d. mustn't
9. People \_\_\_\_\_ produce as much rubbish as we do now.
- a. use to                      b. used to                      c. used to not                      d. didn't use to
10. "How far is Vung Tau from Ho Chi Minh City?"- "\_\_\_\_\_"
- A. It's not very far                      b. it takes about two hours or more.
- c. It's about 120km                      d. You can get to Vung Tau by boat or bus.

**IV. Write the correct form or tense of verbs in brackets.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ (you/ ever/ drive) on the wrong side of the road?
- My family \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) back from our Hong Kong holiday two days ago.
- Right now, the students \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) road signs in the schoolyard.
- Usually Oanh \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) to school, but this week she \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) her bike.
- The driver was so drunk that he \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) control of his car.
- If I have enough money, I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a racing car.
- My father \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me to ride a bike when I was seven.
- Transport used \_\_\_\_\_ (be) much slower three hundred years ago.
- Saudi women weren't allowed \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) a car until recently.
- In South Africa, you have to let animals \_\_\_\_\_ (go) first.

**V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets**

- Young children are expected to show \_\_\_\_\_ to their parents. (obey)
- When cycling on the roads, remember: \_\_\_\_\_ first. (safe)
- Children should avoid \_\_\_\_\_ foods such as hamburger and chips. (health)
- Most road accidents happen because the motorists drive \_\_\_\_\_. (care)
- It is unsafe and \_\_\_\_\_ to pass another vehicle on the left. (legal)
- My \_\_\_\_\_ was delayed for over two hours due to bad weather. (fly)
- Everyone should \_\_\_\_\_ obey traffic rules for their own safety. (strict)
- The policeman \_\_\_\_\_ the car to stop with a flashlight. (sign)
- Signs with red circles are mostly \_\_\_\_\_ - that means you can't do something. (prohibit)
- This \_\_\_\_\_ sign indicates that traffic lights are ahead. (warn)

**VI. There is one mistake in each sentence. Find and correct it.**

- I love Thai food now, but I didn't used to like spicy food.
- He can drive a bicycle with his hands off the handlebars.
- We use to walk miles to school every day due to lack of public transport.



4. You are not allowed to drive faster than the number on a limit speed sign.
5. It about 1137 kilometres from Hanoi to Ho Chi Minh City.
6. Bicycles are a cheap and efficient mean of transport.
7. A sign within a red triangle will warn people for something.
8. Be careful when you are on roads. You must drive fast or carelessly!

**VII. Match the questions with the correct answers.**

1. How does your father travel to work?	a. Oh, sorry sir, I don't have it on me.
2. May I see your driving license, please.	b. was stuck in a traffic jam.
3. Sir, did I do anything wrong?	c. Not very far. Just about 2 km.
4. What took you so long?	d. Go straight ahead, then turn right at the crossroads.
5. What is the fastest means of transport?	e. Yes, sir, You ran through the stop sign.
6. How far is it from here to the railway station?	f. By motorbike.
7. Could you tell me how to get to the nearest bus stop, please?	g. Twenty minutes.
8. How long will it take to get there?	h. The plane, I think.

**VIII. Choose the word which best fits each gap.**

**Staying safe on foot and bike**

Look out for yourself and your friends when out (1) \_\_\_\_\_ foot and bike. Choose the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ routes you can like quieter, slower roads, with pavements if you're walking or (3) \_\_\_\_\_ if you're going by bike.

It's easy to get distracted by your phone or by friends, but you need to be (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to traffic. Put your phone away and take your earphones (5) \_\_\_\_\_ when crossing the road. Don't trust that drivers (6) \_\_\_\_\_ spot you and be able to stop in time – many drivers go too fast and don't (7) \_\_\_\_\_ enough attention, (8) \_\_\_\_\_ anything you can do to protect yourself is a good thing.

- |                       |                |              |                |
|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. a. on              | b. in          | c. by        | d. with        |
| 2. a. safe            | b. safer       | c. safest    | d. safely      |
| 3. a. zebra crossings | b. cycle paths | c. footpaths | d. bumpy roads |
| 4. a. risky           | b. warning     | c. serious   | d. alert       |
| 5. a. off             | b. over        | c. out       | d. down        |
| 6. a. must            | b. will        | c. could     | d. should      |
| 7. a. pay             | b. make        | c. turn      | d. take        |
| 8. a. but             | b. so          | c. though    | d. because     |

**IX. Read the text carefully, then do the tasks.**

Large cities often have problems that small towns and rural areas do not have. Two of the biggest problems are heavy traffic and the pollution that cars create. Of course. Traffic problems and pollution are not only found in big cities. However, the higher populations and larger number of cars on the roads in cities can make the problems happen more often and with more noticeable effects.

One of the most common traffic problems the large cities have is congestion. As the population of a city increases, so does the number of cars on the road. Cities cannot always improve the number





and size of their roads and highways to keep up with the number of cars. The result is traffic congestion, or traffic jams.

When traffic jams happen, cars that are stuck in the congestion continue to run their engines. This creates pollution and is a big problems. Pollution causes health problems for the people in cities and also hurts the environment.

**A. Match the words with their meanings.**

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| 1. rural       | a. being too crowded or too full           |
| 2. noticeable  | b. unable to move                          |
| 3. congestion  | c. easy to see or recognize                |
| 4. traffic jam | d. in the countryside, not in the city     |
| 5. stuck       | e. too many vehicles in one place prevents |

**B. Choose the correct answers.**

1. Where do traffic problems and pollution frequently happen?  
a. small towns   b. rural areas   c. big cities   d. remote villages
2. According to the passage, what causes traffic congestion in big cities?  
a. A lot of city dwellers   b. Too many cars on the roads  
c. Careless drivers   d. Less traffic signs on the streets
3. The high number of cars is caused by \_\_\_\_\_  
a. urban planning   b. traffic congestion  
c. environmental pollution   d. the population
4. The highway and road network is \_\_\_\_\_ of meeting the requirement of increasing number of vehicles.  
a. full   b. aware   c. incapable   d. uncertain
5. Which of the followings is NOT true? 5.  
a. Only big cities have the problem of pollution.  
b. Traffic jams cause pollution  
c. Pollution is a major problem in big cities.  
d. Pollution causes health and environmental problems.

**X. Make sentences using the words given.**

1. The roads/ Vietnam/ too/ narrow/ travel/ easily.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. How far/ it/ your house/ the bookstore?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Mai/ used/ go/ school/ foot/ when/ she/ primary school.

\_\_\_\_\_

4. It/ very important/ obey/ traffic rules/ when/ use/ road.

\_\_\_\_\_

5. It/ ten kilometres/ the town/ the airport.

\_\_\_\_\_

6. Two days ago/ we/ stuck/ traffic jam/ over two hours.





7. Most streets/ city centre/ congested/ rush hour

8. you/ use/ have/ tricycle/ when/ child?

## UNIT 8: FILMS

### A. PHONETICS

#### I. Put the words into the correct column depending on how the ending –ed is pronounced.

Pulled, opened, closed, featured, decided, showed, danced, saved, suggested, walked, enjoyed, needed, watched, attended, waited, finished, hated, painted, stopped, ended, engaged, laughed, performed, wanted, looked, cried, directed, relaxed, described, increased, brushed, touched

/t/	/d/	/id/

#### II. Choose the word that has the ending pronounced differently.

- |                |              |               |               |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. a. escaped  | b. liked     | c. decided    | d. washed.    |
| 2. a. moved    | b. gripped   | c. remembered | d. encouraged |
| 3. a. matched  | b. dressed   | c. started    | d. decreased  |
| 4. a. excited  | b. annoyed   | c. bored      | d. terrified  |
| 5. a. borrowed | b. explained | c. tried      | d. succeeded  |

### B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

#### I. Complete the sentences with the types of film in the box

Honor	animation	thriller	science-fiction (sci-fi)	adventure	
Action	romantic	comedies	documentary	comedies	romance

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is an exciting film, especially about murder or serious crimes
2. \_\_\_\_\_ film features lots of monsters such as Frankenstein, or Dracula that make you scream and be afraid, very afraid!
3. \_\_\_\_\_ are sweet films that include romance, but also lots of funny moments as well
4. In general, \_\_\_\_\_ make you laugh – a lot!
5. \_\_\_\_\_ films are about imaginary events in the future or in outer space
6. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a film that investigate some real – life story
7. In \_\_\_\_\_ film the heroes have lots of battles, do incredible stunts and drive fast
8. \_\_\_\_\_ films use computer graphics to make elaborate stories
9. \_\_\_\_\_ films have a main character who's usually either on a conquest or exploration
10. \_\_\_\_\_ films are stories of people finding each other and falling in love.

#### II. Underline the correct types of film



1. "Avatar" is a science fiction/ comedy film written and directed by James Cameron.