



G10 - Unit 6

Exercise 1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest

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|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>h</u> ope | B. <u>s</u> top | C. <u>s</u> lope | D. <u>c</u> ope |
| 2. A. <u>t</u> echnical | B. <u>a</u> ttention | C. <u>e</u> vent | D. <u>t</u> alent |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> ncounter | B. <u>e</u> nter | C. <u>e</u> nlarge | D. <u>e</u> ntrust |
| 4. A. <u>c</u> all | B. <u>c</u> ount | C. <u>c</u> enter | D. <u>c</u> able |

Exercise 2. Pick out the word whose syllable is stressed differently from the others

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|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 6. A. passage | B. enjoyable | C. moment | D. matches |
| 7. A. associate | B. together | C. traveler | D. protected |
| 8. A. weather | B. electronic | C. absorb | D. potential |
| 9. A. preference | B. attraction | C. advantage | D. discover |

Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

10. Nowadays, many women are aware of gender preferences in favour of boys.
A. fail B. ignore C. deny D. acknowledge
11. Traditional women are often passive and dependent on their husbands.
A. free B. reliant C. adhered D. strong
12. Wage discrimination affects women negatively.
A. motivates B. influences C. encourages D. affords

Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

13. The United Kingdom has made a remarkable progress in gender equality.
A. insignificant B. impressive C. notable D. famous
14. Men and women equally gain first class degrees.
A. acquire B. lose C. achieve D. Obtain
15. We should not allow any kind of discrimination against women and girls.
A. inequality B. hatred C. unbiased feeling D. intolerance

Exercise 5. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word in the box.

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|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| pursue | Working | issues | admired | courage |
| equal | inspire | workforce | decisions | irresponsibility |

16. Having the same routine regularly without any rest may lead to health _____ and other problems which also ruin the family life.
17. Working mothers can _____ their kids with their hard work and devotion.
18. Now I wish I could _____ a medical career to become a doctor.
19. A working mother has to manage both home and office at an _____ level that is too much on a holiday basis.
20. Two thirds of the _____ in this textile factory is female.
21. All of the students have _____ his excellent teaching.
22. _____ mothers are not able to devote enough time to their kids, so the kids are not able to express their feeling with parents.

42. We all need to cooperate to fight ____ racism and gender discrimination.
A. for B. against C. in D. about

Exercise 8. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

Two friends Nam and Lan are talking about the topic of gender equality.

43. Lan: "How do the roles of men and women differ in your family?"

Nam: "____"

- A. Most of men don't want to stay at home.
- B. Women are changing their roles.
- C. Most men are very bossy and arrogant.
- D. Men are breadwinners and women are caregivers.

44. Nam: "Which gender, do you think, works harder: male or female?"

Lan: "____"

- A. I think it depends on individuals rather than gender.
- B. Males like high position jobs more than females.
- C. Females prefer to have a stable job.
- D. Both males and females are responsible for childcare.

Exercise 9. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In 1812 a young man called James Barry finished his studies in medicine at Edinburgh University. After graduating he moved to London where he studied surgery at Guy's Hospital. After that the popular young doctor joined the army and over the next forty years had a brilliant career as an army medical officer, working in many far-off countries and fighting successfully for improved conditions in hospitals. It was a **remarkable** career - made even more remarkable by the discovery upon his death that *he* was in fact a *she*, James Barry was a woman.

No one was more surprised at this discovery than her many friends and colleagues. It was true that throughout her life people had remarked upon her small size, slight build and smooth pale face. One officer had even **objected** to her appointment as a medical assistant because he could not believe that Barry was old enough to have graduated in medicine. But no one had ever seriously suggested that Barry was anything other than a man.

By all accounts Barry was a pleasant and good-humoured person with high cheekbones, reddish hair, a long nose and large eyes. She was well-liked by her patients and had a reputation for great speed in surgery - an important quality at a time when operations were performed without anaesthetic. She was also quick tempered. When she was working in army hospitals and prisons overseas, the terrible conditions often made her very angry. She fought hard against injustice and cruelty and her temper sometimes got her into trouble with the authority. After a long career overseas, she returned to London where she died in 1865. While the undertaker's assistant was preparing her body for burial, she discovered that James Barry was a woman.

So why did James Barry deceive people for so long? At that time a woman could not study medicine, work as a doctor or join the army. Perhaps Barry had always wanted to do these things and pretending to be a man was the only way to make it possible. Perhaps she was going to tell the truth one day, but didn't because she was enjoying her life as a man too much. Whatever the reason, Barry's deception was successful. By the time it was discovered that she had been the first woman in Britain to qualify as a doctor, it was too late for the authorities to do anything about it.

45. What is the main idea of the passage?
- A. Gender discrimination among doctors in London
 - B. James Barry pretended to be a man to become a doctor
 - C. James Barry and her career overseas
 - D. Punishment for James Barry's deception
46. In paragraph 1, the word "**remarkable**" is closest in meaning to ____.
- A. noticeable
 - B. commented
 - C. rewarding
 - D. focused
47. According to the passage, all of the following are true EXCEPT ____.
- A. all people were surprised at the discovery
 - B. people remarked upon her small size
 - C. many people suspected that she was a woman
 - D. people noticed her slight build and smooth pale face
48. In paragraph 2, the word "**objected**" is closest in meaning to ____.
- A. shared
 - B. agreed
 - C. protected
 - D. protested
49. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE about James Barry?
- A. She could control her temper perfectly.
 - B. She lost her temper easily.
 - C. She never lost her temper.
 - D. She was calm and well-behaved.
50. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE about James Barry?
- A. She performed her operations quickly.
 - B. She performed her operations slowly.
 - C. She performed her operations carelessly.
 - D. Her patients did not like her very much.
51. In paragraph 4, the word "**it**" refers to ____.
- A. Barry's choice
 - B. Barry's career
 - C. Barry's deception
 - D. Barry's reputation