Mathematics
Gr. 7

3.4 Multiply Integers

Example 1

Example 1: Find

1.) 4(-4) =
2) 20(-2) =
3) 5(-8) =
4) 10(-3) =
5) 15(-8) =
6) 20(-11)=
7) 12(-13)=
8) 20(-21) =
9) 15(-9) =
10) 13 (-11) =
11) 16(-19) =
12) 30 (-41)=
13) 6(-60) =
14) 23(-20) =
15) 10(-90) =
16) 8 (-30) =
17) 9 (-20)=

Outcomes

1• To multiply integers with different signs
2. To multiply integers with the same sign

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