



## MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE TEST 7

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. If I wasn't an actor, I \_\_\_\_\_ a secret agent.  
A. will be                      B. would be                      C. is                      D. would have been
2. - \_\_\_\_\_? - I am an electrician.  
A. What do you do for a living                      B. How do you do  
C. What can you do                      D. What job are you
3. I wish people that have trouble \_\_\_\_\_ would just shut up.  
A. communicate                      B. to communicate  
C. communicating                      D. if communicate
4. Do the hard jobs first. The easy jobs will \_\_\_\_\_ of themselves.  
A. solve                      B. take care                      C. sort out                      D. resolve
5. The firemen's uniforms are made of \_\_\_\_\_ material.  
A. inflammable                      B. flammable                      C. non-flamable                      D. unflamable
6. Birds make nests in trees \_\_\_\_\_ hide their young in the leaves and branches.  
A. which they can                      B. in that they can  
C. where they can                      D. the place where
7. - Nice to meet you, Jim.                      - \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Me, either.                      B. What do you do?  
C. I am glad                      D. Me, too
8. Generally speaking, people should have as much education as their desires will \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. have                      B. allow                      C. prefer                      D. inquire



9. \_\_\_\_\_ on the environment for the gratification of its needs.  
A. Each organism depend                      B. Every organism depends  
C. All organism depend                      D. Many organisms depending
10. Children learn \_\_\_\_\_ by direct physical experience of the world around them.  
A. widely                      B. enormously                      C. practically                      D. primarily
11. With its strong claws and its many \_\_\_\_\_ teeth a gopher is an excellent digger.  
A. protruding                      B. preceding                      C. popping                      D. rejecting
12. Not until \_\_\_\_\_ the truth.  
A. Martha came home did she find  
B. did Martha come home she found  
C. Martha came home that she found  
D. Martha's coming home then she found
13. I will take the train to Bath \_\_\_\_\_ enjoy the sight.  
A. so that I                      B. with a view to                      C. so I could enjoy                      D. so as to
14. Paula has decided not to move to the city \_\_\_\_\_ Linda should come back and look for us.  
A. because                      B. even if                      C. suggesting                      D. in case

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

15. A. wound                      B. drought                      C. bounce                      D. cow  
16. A. tooth                      B. smooth                      C. threat                      D. wreath





**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

17. A. miracle                      B. therapy                      C. congratulate                      D. conquer  
18. A. conversation                      B. introduce                      C. romantic                      D. referee

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

19. Because I had lost (A) my key, I had to pound (B) on the door to get up (C) my roommate when I got home (D) last night.  
20. Parents need to be involved (A) in their children's (B) education however (C) busy they were (D).  
21. Sandra must have ended (A) the speech 15 minutes earlier, for (B) the next lecturer (C) was very upset not to have (D) enough time.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

22. We have spent a lot of money doing up the living-room in preparation for Xmas.  
A. decorating                      B. cleaning up                      C. reshaping                      D. messing up  
23. I can't differentiate this type of cheese from the others.  
A. recognize                      B. purchase                      C. distinguish                      D. mingle

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

24. Luckily, after 30 minutes the flames died down, and there was not much damage.  
A. burst                      B. dwindled                      C. demolished                      D. cracked  
25. The orchestra is crucial for the cultural life of the city.  
A. indispensable                      B. principal                      C. out-of-date                      D. expendable



**Read the following passages and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

During the 19th century, women in the U.S. organized and participated in a large number of reform movements, including movements to reorganize the prison system, improve education, ban the sale of alcohol, and, most importantly, to free slaves. Some women saw similarities in the social status of women and slaves. Women like Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucy Stone were feminists and abolitionists who supported the rights of both women and blacks. A number of male abolitionists, including William Lloyd Garrison and Wendell Phillips, also supported the rights of women to speak and participate equally with men in anti-slavery activities. Probably more than any other movement, abolitionism offered women a previously denied entry into politics. They became involved **primarily** in order to better their living conditions and the conditions of others.

When the Civil War ended in 1865, the 14th and 15th Amendments to the Constitution adopted in 1868 and 1870 granted citizenship and suffrage to blacks but not to women. Discouraged but resolved, feminists influenced more and more women to demand the right to vote. In 1869 the Wyoming Territory had yielded to demands by feminists, but eastern states resisted more stubbornly than ever before. A women's **suffrage** bill had been presented to every Congress since 1878 but it continually failed to pass until 1920, when the 19th Amendment granted women the right to vote.

26. What is the topic of the passage?

- |                          |                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. The Wyoming Territory | B. The 14th and 15th Amendment |
| C. Abolitionists         | D. Women's suffrage            |

27. What is not among the reformation movements of women?

- |                            |                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. Reorganizing the prison | B. Freeing the slaves          |
| C. Passing the laws        | D. Banning the sale of alcohol |





28. According to the passage, why did women become active in politics?
- A. To improve the conditions of life that existed at the time
  - B. To support Elizabeth Cady Stanton
  - C. To be elected to public office
  - D. To amend the Declaration of Independence
29. What had occurred shortly after the Civil War?
- A. The Wyoming territory was admitted to the Union.
  - B. A women's suffrage bill was introduced in Congress.
  - C. The eastern states resisted the end of the war.
  - D. Black people were granted the right to vote.
30. The word '**suffrage**' could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. pain
  - B. citizenship
  - C. freedom
  - D. right to vote
31. What does the 19th Amendment guarantee?
- A. Voting rights for black
  - B. Citizenship for blacks
  - C. Voting rights for women
  - D. Citizenship for women
32. What is wrong about William Lloyd Garrison?
- A. He supported the rights of women.
  - B. He was living at the same time with Lucy Stone and Wendell Phillips.
  - C. He used to be a slave.
  - D. He believed in equality between men and women.
33. What cannot be inferred from the passage?
- A. The abolitionists believed in anti-slavery activities.
  - B. The eastern states did not like the idea of women's right to vote.
  - C. The blacks were given the right to vote before women.
  - D. A women's suffrage bill had been discussed in the Congress for 50 years.
34. What does the word '**primarily**' mean?
- A. mainly
  - B. probably
  - C. seemingly
  - D. decidedly



Today we are used to hearing of space exploration and the benefits it brings to humankind. Weather satellites are telling meteorologists a great deal about world weather patterns. The role of communications satellites has become well-known due to the development of satellite television broadcasting, although there are many other

applications. Ships crossing the oceans can receive signals from satellites that enable them to calculate their position accurately.

When satellites with instruments began to go into orbit, interesting results were obtained. For example, the radiation levels in the space around the earth were detected and the amounts of radiation could be measured accurately. One of the most surprising discoveries was the exact shape of the earth, which could be measured accurately for the first time. Astronomers found that our planet was slightly pear-shaped, while the flattening of the earth near the poles was less clearly marked than had been believed from the measurements on earth.

The vast amount of data collected about the moon, the earth, and space itself has **expanded** our knowledge of the earth and its surroundings, and is likely to help our survival and that of our planet.

35. What is the main idea of the first paragraph?

- A. Different roles of man-made satellites
- B. Man's success in space exploration
- C. Three main types of satellites
- D. Some benefits of space exploration





36. What is true about the earth according to the discoveries with the help of satellites?
- A. The flattening of the earth near the poles has just been discovered.
  - B. The areas near the poles are not as flat as they were measured from the earth.
  - C. The poles are marked more clearly.
  - D. The poles are pear-shaped.
37. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
- A. Scientific discoveries based on data gathered by satellites
  - B. Space exploration is impossible without satellites
  - C. Satellites with instruments that are used in space exploration
  - D. The most surprising discovery in the Space Age
38. What does the word '**expanded**' mean?
- A. doubted
  - B. changed
  - C. broadened
  - D. controlled
39. Which of the following is not true about the satellites?
- A. They are designed for different purposes.
  - B. They gather information with the instruments they carry.
  - C. They send a large number of applications back to the earth.
  - D. They can help measure the amounts of radiation.



**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Harnessing the wind is one of the cleanest, most sustainable ways to (40)\_\_\_\_\_ electricity. Wind power produces no toxic emissions and none of the heat trapping emissions that contribute (41)\_\_\_\_\_ global warming. This, and the fact that wind power is one of the most abundant and (42)\_\_\_\_\_ cost-competitive energy resources, makes it a viable (43)\_\_\_\_\_ to the fossil fuels that harm our health and threaten the environment. (44)\_\_\_\_\_ many benefits and significantly reduced costs, wind power is poised to (45)\_\_\_\_\_ a major role as we move toward a sustainable energy future.

- |                   |                 |                |              |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 40. A. control    | B. direct       | C. manufacture | D. generate  |
| 41. A. to         | B. into         | C. for         | D. on        |
| 42. A. increasing | B. increasingly | C. increased   | D. increase  |
| 43. A. solution   | B. difference   | C. alternative | D. reference |
| 44. A. Despite    | B. Because of   | C. Thanks to   | D. As for    |
| 45. A. get        | B. have         | C. set         | D. play      |





**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

46. Our hotel booking hasn't been confirmed.
- A. We haven't confirmed our hotel booking.
  - B. There has been no confirmation of our hotel booking.
  - C. Our hotel booking needs no confirmation.
  - D. Our hotel booking is being confirmed.
47. Everyone started complaining the moment the announcement was made.
- A. No sooner did everyone start complaining than the announcement was made.
  - B. As soon as the announcement was made, everyone started complaining.
  - C. No sooner had the announcement made than everyone started complaining.
  - D. Everyone started complaining that the announcement was made.
48. It was his incompetence which led to their capture.
- A. Had he been competent, they would not have been captured.
  - B. They were captured because he was competent.
  - C. His competence was because of their capture.
  - D. Unless he had not been competent, they would have been captured.
49. The workers only called off the strike after a new pay offer.
- A. Not until a new pay was offered, the workers called off the strike.
  - B. The workers called off the strike only when a new pay offer.
  - C. A new pay was offered, which made the strike call off.
  - D. Not until a new pay was offered did the workers call off the strike.
50. Although it was expected that he would stand for election, he didn't.
- A. Contrary to what people expected, he didn't stand for election.
  - B. People expected that he didn't stand for election.
  - C. He stood for election as people had expected.
  - D. People didn't expect him to stand for election.