## **Activity 1.3**

Question 1

tion for this deca	An atom of radium (Ra) of mass number 226 a alpha emission to radon (Rn). Write the nuclea space provided.	al
Define the term ha	A sample of iodine-128 has a half-life of 25 mir	(ii) A
		-
	- X +0.5	-
te how much of it	The sample of iodine-128 has a mass of 1.4 kg. I grams after 1.5 hours have passed.	
	Why would iodine-128 be suitable as a medical	(iv) V
?		
?		25
	on dating is another use for radioactive isotopes. De	



100		
n 2		
of 4.5	J, a radioactive isotope of uranium, decays by α-particle emission and has a $5 \times 10^9$ years. It decays into a radioactive isotope of thorium (Th). Thorium active, decaying by β-particle emission to protactinium (Pa), and has a haloys.	itself is
(1)	Define the term half-life.	
		[2]
(ii)	Given 100 grams of the two isotopes, which one will have the larger may 2 years.	561
	Explain your answer.	
	TECHNICOL CO.	[2]
	one property of an alpha ( $\alpha$ )- and one property of a beta ( $\beta$ )-particle.	
		[2]
	one use of β-particles.	

(f) Copy and complete the radioactive decay equations below for uranium decaying to thorium and thorium decaying to protactinium.

$$^{(i)}$$
  $^{238}U \longrightarrow ^{234}_{90}Th + \underline{\qquad} \alpha$ 

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$$^{(ii)}$$
  $^{234}$ Th $\longrightarrow$  Pa +  $\beta$ 

[3]

TOTAL MARKS [10]