ĐỀ PHÁT TRIỂN TỪ ĐỀ MINH HỌA SỐ 16

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. prepare B. celebrate C. entertain D. Protect
2. A. moved B. watched C. pressed D. laughed

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. conquer B. confide C. maintain D. attend
4. A. vacancy B. engagement C. company D. furniture

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. The weather is really bad today in your country, _____?
   A. isn't it B. wasn't it C. doesn't it D. didn't it
6. Audiences all over the world _____ by this band.
   A. thrilled B. were thrilled C. have thrilled D. thrill
7. He doesn't seem to be aware _____ the coldness of their attitude towards his appeal.
   A. of B. at C. in D. on
8. He spent a year in India and loves spicy food. _____ the food is, the more he likes it.
   A. The hotter B. The hottest C. The hotter and hotter D. The hot
9. They gave the boy a _____ car on his birthday.
   A. modern Vietnamese racing B. Vietnamese modern racing
   C. racing Vietnamese modern D. modern racing Vietnamese
10. My father _____ at 70 km/h when a policeman stoppedhim.
    A. drove B. drives C. is driving D. was driving
11. We decided to buy the house _____ we didn't really have enough money.
    A. although B. in spite of C. because D. because of
12. _____, he will have had a full day and will be ready for sleep.
    A. By the time Bill goes to bed tomorrow B. After Bill had gone to bed tomorrow
    C. As soon as Bill went to bed tomorrow D. Until Bill will go to bed tomorrow
13. _____ thousands of pitures , Vincent Van Gogh became one of the world's most famous painters.
    A. Painted B. Being painted C. Having painted D. To paint
14. We didn't recognize him at first. His _____ has changed a lot.
    A. appear B. appeared C. appearance D. appearances
15. In the Soviet Union, Serbia, Austria and Hungary, there has always been a habit of _____ shoes and wearing slippers when they have come home.
    A. taking off B. taking up C. putting on D. putting with
16. Tourism is changing rapidly as nature, heritage, and recreational destinations become more important, and as conventional tourism is forced to _____ tougher environmental requirements.
    A. meet B. impose C. lay D. set
17. The advantages of the new method really _____ the disadvantages.
    A. outperform B. outdo C. outweigh D. outgrow
18. He was ejected after committing five personal _____ in water sport game yesterday.
    A. mistakes B. faults C. fouls D. errors
19. Jimmy always takes the _____ by the horns at every chance in order to become a famous pop star, which is why he is so successful now.
    A. bull B. horse C. cow D. buffalo

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s)CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)in each of the following questions.

20. Her courage not only **inspired** her followers but moved her rivals as well.
    A. depressed B. motivated C. overlooked D. rejected
21. I only applied for this business with a view to **accumulating** first-hand experience.

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A. attaining B. gaining C. penetrating D. accomplishing

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s)OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)in each of the following questions.

22. Most of the school-leavers are **sanguine** about the idea of going to work and earning money.
A. pessimistic B. expected C. fearsome D. excited

23. A lot of adults pay **lip service** to the idea that it is important to listen to teenagers' ideas, but they tend to listen and then forget.
A. empty promise B. solemn promise C. broken promise D. early promise

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

24. Alice and Peter are talking with each other about a sport competition.
Alice: "I won the high jump yesterday. "
Peter: "_____. "
A. It's asmall thing B. That's all
C. Congratulations to you D. I hope so

25. Two friends Peter and Linda are talking about pets.
- Peter: "Well, cats are very good at catching mice around the house. "
- Linda: "_____. There is no mouse in my house when we have a cat. "
A. Nothing more to say. B. You can say that again.
C. Yes, I hope so. D. No, dogs are very good, too.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Amparo Lasén, the Spanish sociologist who conducted the study found that Londoners use their cell phones the least in public. If they are with (26)_____, they prefer to let calls be answered by voice mail (a recorded message)and then they check for messages later. If the English do answer a call on the street, they seem to dislike talking with others around. They tend to move away from a crowded sidewalk and seek out a place (27)_____ they cannot be heard, such as the far side of a subway entrance or even the edge of a street. They seem to feel that the danger of the traffic is preferenceto the risk of having their conversation be overheard. This has led to a behavior that Laser has called "clustering. "
In Paris, (28)_____, there are stricter rules about how and when to use cell phones. It is not (29)_____ polite to use a phone in a restaurant, for instance, though it might be acceptable in the more informal setting of a café. One special (30)_____ that has developed in cafés seems unique to Paris. Young women often place their cell phones on the table beside them to signal that they are expecting someone. When the friend arrives, the phone is put away. In fact, the French are generally very disapproving of phone use in public and are quick to express that disapproval, even to strangers.
(Adapted from "Advanced Reading Power" by Beatrice S. Mikulecky and Linda Jeffries)

26. A. ones B. others C. every D. another
27. A. which B. when C. where D. what
28. A. however B. moreover C. although D. otherwise
29. A. considered B. determined C. acknowledged D. believed
30. A. thought B. belief C. custom D. hobby

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Twenty-five students from Walling School are currently living in France. They are there for three months as part of a living-abroad project. The 16- and 17-year-old students are living with French families and attending a French school. Most of the students have taken French language classes for 3 or 4 years and are finally getting an opportunity to use their French.
Not only are students learning a new language, but they are learning about a new culture, too. Students have been particularly surprised about the French attitude towards food. "They won't leave anything on their plate, " says Vanessa Athol. "They aren't wasteful at all. " Vanessa has **vowed** to be more careful with waste when returning to the United States.

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The group's chaperone, Mrs. Smith, has been pleased with the students' **acquisition** of language. "Even the most timid are trying their best to speak. The students are learning a lot. I'm very impressed, " she said. Mrs. Smith added that she thinks living with a French family makes a difference because students are forced to speak French. "We are all very grateful to the French families who are hosting us. "

The French families are happy to have the students, as **they** are getting to learn about American culture. Both groups will be celebrating the exchange at a large potluck dinner at the end of the stay. There will be a slide show of memories and the students will speak about their experiences. Currently, the American students are periodically posting pictures and student essays on the Walling School website. "Living in France is an experience I'll never forget, " writes student Tina Davis. "I know I'll want to eat these croissants and this Camembert for the rest of my life!" Tran Truong Thanh (Zalo 00369904425)

31. Which title would be the most suitable for this article?

A. French Families Love America
B. Student Tina Davis Lives in France
C. Walling School Website Posts Student Essays
D. Walling School Students Stay Abroad in France

32. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

A. Students from Walling School are now staying in the USA.
B. These students are immigrants from the USA.
C. Walling School students are now staying with French families.
D. Walling School students are applying for jobs in France.

33. What can be implied about the culture in France?

A. It scares the students.
B. It requires fluency in French.
C. It can be learned from a book.
D. It's different from the culture in America.

34. In paragraph 2, the word **vowed** is closest in meaning to ____.

A. promised B. saved C. received D. changed

35. The word **they** in the last paragraph refers to ____.

A. American students B. French families C. groups D. experiences

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Scientists have identified two ways in which species disappear. The first is through ordinary or "background" extinctions, where species that fail to adapt are slowly replaced by more adaptable life forms. The second is when large numbers of species go to the wall in relatively short periods of biological time. There have been five such extinctions, each provoked by cataclysmic evolutionary events caused by some geological eruption, climate shift, or space junk slamming into the Earth. Scientists now believe that another mass extinction of species is currently under way – and this time human fingerprints are on the trigger.

How are we are doing it? Simply by demanding more and more space for ourselves. In our **assault**on the ecosystems around us we have used a number of tools, from spear and gun to bulldozer and chainsaw. Certain especially rich ecosystems have proved the most vulnerable. In Hawaii more than half of the native birds are now gone – some 50 species. Such carnage has taken place all across the island communities of the Pacific and Indian oceans. While many species were hunted to extinction, others simply succumbed to the ‚introduced predators' that humans brought with **them**: the cat, the dog, the pig, and the rat.

Today the tempo of extinction is picking up speed. Hunting is no longer the major culprit, although rare birds and animals continue to be **butchered**for their skin, feathers, tusks, and internal organs, or taken as savage pets. Today the main threat comes from the destruction of the habitat of wild plants, animals, and insects need to survive. The draining and damming of wetland and river courses threatens the aquatic food chain and our own seafood industry. Overfishing and the destruction of fragile coral reefs destroy ocean biodiversity. Deforestation is taking a staggering toll, particularly in the tropics where the most global biodiversity is at risk. The shinking rainforest cover of the Congo and Amazon river basins and such place as Borneo and Madagascar have a wealth of species per hectare existing nowhere else. As those precious hectares are drowned or turned into arid pasture and cropland, such species disappear forever.

(Source: Final Countdown Practice Tests by DF Piniaris, Heinle Cengage Learning, 2010)

36. What does the passage mainly discuss? Tran Truong Thanh (Zalo 00369904425)

A. Human activity and its impact on a mass extinction of species
B. The two ways in which species disappear

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C. The tempo of extinction of species today
D. Deforestation as a major cause of mass extinctions of species

37. The word **assaultin** paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. development B. attack C. effort D. influence

38. All of the following are mentioned as a form of habitat destruction EXCEPT _____.
A. destroying coral reefs B. cutting down forests
C. damming wetlands and rivers D. hunting rare birds and animals

39. What was the main threat to biodiversity in Hawaii and other islands in the Pacific and Indian oceans until recently?
A. tools used by human beings B. human assault on ecosystems
C. vulnerable rich ecosystems D. hunters and introduced predators

40. The word "**them**"in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
A. species B. oceans C. predators D. humans

41. The word **butchered** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. raised B. traded C. cooked D. killed

42. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
A. the current mass extinction is different from the other five in that it is caused by humans
B. hunting is the major contributing factor that speeds up the extinction of species
C. habitat destruction makes a minor contribution to the current mass extinction of species
D. it's impossible for scientists to identify the causes of mass extinctions of species

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

43. Last year, the story of The Three Little Pigs is adapted from different sourcesto print
A B C
in books for children.
D

44. The examination will test your ability to understand spoken English and his knowledge
A B C
of English speaking cultures.
D

45. It is said that these good life skills will make young people become more confidential.
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

46. The last time I went to the museum was a year ago.
A. I have not been to the museum for a year.
B. A year ago, I often went to the museum.
C. My going to the museum lasted a year.
D. At last I went to the museum after a year.

47. Tom said: "I have already had breakfast, so I can work for long hours. "
A. Tom refused to work for long hours
B. Tom agreed to work for long hours
C. Tom was required to work for long hours
D. Tom was asked to work for long hours

48. Maybe my parents will shout at me when I come home late.
A. I must be shouted by my parents when I come home late.
B. I shouldn't be shouted by my parents when I come home late.
C. I may be shouted by my parents when I come home late.
D. I can't be shouted by my parents when I come home late.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

49. The children are noisy. She can't concentrate on working.

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A. She wishes the children are not noisy and she can concentrate on working.
B. In case the children are not noisy, she can concentrate on working.
C. If the children were not noisy, she can concentrate on working.
D. If only the children were not noisy and she could concentrate on working.

50. She went to live in France. She realized how much she loved England.
A. Only when she went to live in France, did she realize how much she loved England.
B. Were she to go to live in France, she would realize how much she loved England.
C. Had she gone to live in France, she would have realized how much she loved England.
D. Not until she had realized how much she loved England did she go to live in France.

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