

SAMPLE MID- SECOND TERM TEST – GRADE 12.
(N06)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1:** A. healthy B. ahead C. bread D. seatbelt
Question 2: A. proofs B. regions C. lifts D. rocks

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3:** A. implant B. absorb C. exstinct D. habitat
Question 4: A. activate B. survival C. vulnerable D. candidiate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

- Question 5:** Paul is going to get (A) his transcripts (B) send(C) to the (D) university.
Question 6: Miss Stevens, along with (A) her cousins (B) from New Mexico, are (C) planning to attend (D) the festivities.
Question 7: My father said (A) that the taxi was coming (B) now (C) and asked if (D) everyone was ready.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 8:** The _____ of new technology transformed our lives.
A. interaction B. advent C. emergency D. identity
Question 9: The old astronomer patiently made his _____ and wrote down what he saw.
A. observation B. observatory C. observe D. observer
Question 10: Peter is disappointed at not getting the job, but he will _____ it soon.
A. take on B. get over C. go through D. come over
Question 11: Jim didn't break the vase on _____, but he was still punished for his carelessness.
A. occasion B. chance C. intention D. purpose
Question 12: I had all the information at my _____ before attending the meeting.
A. fingertips B. thumbs C. hands D. fingers
Question 13: His responsibility as the team leader is to _____ other workers to give their best.
A. motivate B. force C. advance D. insist
Question 14: The best thing that you can do to extend the life of your car is to have your car _____ on a routine basis.
A. to service B. to be serviced C. service D. serviced
Question 15: It gets _____ when the winter is coming.
A. cold and cold B. cold and colder C. more and more cold D. colder and colder

- Question 16:** The _____ the inflation gets, the _____ the life is.
A. higher/ more difficult B. more high/ more difficult C. higher/ difficulter D. highest/ most difficult

Question 17: At this time next summer, the Smiths on a beach in Indonesia.

- A. will lye B. will be lying C. will have been lying D. are going to lye

Question 18: List down only your work experiences that are to the job description of the position you are applying for.

- A. relating B. relative C. relate D. relevant

Question 19: If we don't protect these rare species, they _____ by 2050s.

- A. disappear B. will disappear C. have disappeared D. will have disappeared

Question 20: 2.I finally..... the teacher to change his mind about my essay score.

- A. made B. got C. have D. let

Question 21: John asked me _____ in English.

- A. what does this word mean _____ B. what that word means
C. what did this word mean _____ D. what that word meant

Question 22: John asked me _____ that film the night before.

- A. that I saw B. had I seen C. if I had seen D. if had I seen

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 23: If the candidates can perform well and impress the interviewers during the interview, they can be recruited.

- A. taken on B. dismissed C. employed D. chosen

Question 24: Don't tell Jane anything about the surprise party for Jack. She has got a big mouth.

- A.** can't eat a lot **B.** hates parties **C.** talks too much **D.** can keep secrets

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **CLOSEST** in meaning to the underline word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 26: The most irritating people are those who always disturb others by asking really stupid questions.

- A. annoying B. exciting C. cheerful D. humorous

Question 20: She is always **diplomatic** when she deals with angry students.

- A. outspoken B. firm C. tactful D. strict

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 27: John : "Do you think that we should use public transportation to protect our environment?"

Laura : ""

- A. Of course not, you bet!
B. Well, that's very surprising
C. There is no doubt about it
D. Yes, it's an absorb idea.

Question 28: Nam: "Would you like to join us for dinner after work?" - Lan: " . . ."

- A. Thanks. You can cook dinner.
B. I'd love to, but I have to finish my presentation for tomorrow.
C. Thanks for your help, but I can cook dinner myself.
D. What's wrong with you?

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

Question 29: These students may be excellent. They will not get used to dealing with practical situations.

- A. Excellent as may be these students, they will get used to dealing with practical situations.
B. These students may be too excellent to get used to dealing with practical situations.
C. These students will get used to dealing with practical situations although they are excellent.
D. Excellent as they may be, these students will not get used to dealing with practical situations.

Question 30: People use pesticides and fertilizers. They want to increase crop production.

- A. People want to increase crop production, so they use pesticides and fertilizers.
B. Unless people want to increase crop production, they use pesticides and fertilizers.
C. People want to increase crop production because they use pesticides and fertilizers.
D. People want to increase crop production, for they use pesticides and fertilizers.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 31: “I will come back early. I really will!”. She said.

- A. She promised to come back early.
B. She reminded me to come back early.
C. She refused to come back early.
D. She offered to come back early.

Question 32: I thought he was the right person for the position, yet it turned out that he was quite useless.

- A. Because I was expecting him to be incompetent, I was shocked to see him perform rather well.
B. I was mistaken about his suitability for the position since he proved rather incompetent.
C. Contrary to my initial impression, he was not totally unsuitable for the position.

D. I was right in thinking that he was totally useless for the job.

Question 33: The last time I saw David was when I ran into him at the station on my way to New York.

A. I haven't seen David since a chance meeting with him at the station when I was setting off for New York.

B. When I last went to New York, I happened to meet David at the station.

C. When I last saw David at the station in New York, I ran after him.

D. I finally saw David at the station when I was on my way to New York.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in danger. Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become (34)_____ if we do not make an effort to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are hunted for their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, (35)_____ as parrots are caught alive and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat - the place where they live - is disappearing. More (36)_____ is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open spaces than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better crops, but these chemicals pollute (37)_____ environment and harm wildlife. The most successful animal on earth - human beings - will soon be the only ones left, (38)_____ we can solve this problem.

Question 34: A. extinct B. lost C. empty D. disappeared

Question 35: A. such B. where C. like D. or

Question 36: A. area B. earth C. land D. soil

Question 37: A. the B. that C. an D. a

Question 38: A. because B. however C. if D. unless

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

Upon the creation of the United States, one of the core concepts on which the hopes for the new democracy were pinned was the ideal that its citizens would be **enlightened individuals** with clearly articulated rights and the opportunity for individual achievement and education. It was believed that in a free nation where the power belongs to the people, the commitment to education defines the progress of that democracy and is the catalyst for future progress. This core value has not only stood the test of time but has also grown in importance. In this new information era and international economy, education is an increasingly vital commodity, a precursor of potential success and a driving force of change. It is important to recognize, however, that we approach education today differently than in the past, partly because the kinds of jobs people had didn't require the kind of basic education and specialized training that is often required in the workforce today. In the 1950s, for instance, only 20 percent of American jobs were classified as professional, 20 percent as skilled, and 60 percent as unskilled.

Today, our world has changed. The proportion of unskilled jobs has fallen to 20 percent, while skilled jobs now account for at least 60 percent of the workforce. Even more important, almost every job today increasingly requires a combination of academic knowledge and practical skills that require learning throughout a lifetime.

Question 39: Education is defined in this passage as a driving force of change because _____.

A. without education, no changes could have happened in American society so far

B. the government of the United States want to drive social changes in their own ways

C. education has helped to bring about and orient most changes in the American workforce

D. any American citizen who wants to change his driving licence must be very well-educated

Question 40: The word "its" refers to _____.

A. the United States

B. the new democracy

C. the concept

D. the opportunity

Question 41: The phrase "**enlightened individuals**" in the first sentence most likely means "people who _____"

A. always appear brilliant-looking in public

B. have often been well-exposed to light

C. have acquired an adequate level of education

D. bring light to anywhere they go

Question 42: In order to become a good American citizen today, in the author's point of view, any individual must _____.

- A. know well all his/ her rights and be ready to grasp his/ her opportunity of success in life
- B. study carefully the history of American educational and vocational systems even since their creation
- C. understand thoroughly the combination of academic knowledge and practical skills
- D. move actively forward in the new Information Era and international economy with a prestigious diploma

Question 43: Which of the following titles would be best for the passage?

- A. Education and Jobs in the Past and at Present in the United States
- B. The Significant Role of Education in American Citizens' Careers
- C. Academic Knowledge and Practical Skills in American Professions
- D. Recent Changes of Educational and Vocational Systems in America

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

While you prepare for your departure, make sure your paperwork is organized. You'll want to check the dates on your visa and passport. Having an important document expired before or during your trip is the last thing you want to happen. Be sure to get an international driver's license if you plan to drive while you are abroad. Also, do some research on the local currency. Some countries - like Jamaica - use more than one currency. It's best to know how and when to use each.

If you need to take medication along, keep it in its original container. If you are carrying prescription drugs, bring a letter from your doctor in case customs officials question you at your destination. Also, make sure that you travel with proper medical insurance so that if you are sick or injured while traveling, you will be able to get treatment.

As a tourist, you'll probably stand out on the street. Unlike local people, you'll carry guide books, refer to maps, take photos, and look up at buildings. Because of this, you may appear **vulnerable**. Stay safe by keeping one eye on the amazing sights and the other on your personal items.

When you get into a taxi, make sure there is a meter and that it is turned on. If there is no meter, agree on a price before starting out. Tour guides recommend protecting your luggage in busy transportation areas by always keeping it in front of you or between your legs. Also, if you are going anywhere that requires purchasing tickets, be sure to buy them at an authorized location. Never purchase tickets on the street, as these are often **overpriced**, fake, or expired.

It's always a good idea to buy a guidebook and a map, and read about the local culture of the country you will be visiting. For example, it's important to know that in India you should use the right hand to eat, or to give and accept things. In Thailand, it's rude to point with your feet at someone or something. Also, try to learn a few basic words and phrases of the local language. Don't assume that everyone will speak your language or that they will understand English. If you have trouble communicating, look for students and young people who might speak a foreign language. And remember to smile. It's the friendliest and most sincere form of communication, and is understood everywhere in the world!

Question 44: What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Advice on safe travel
- B. How to have a relaxed holiday
- C. How to save money on travelling
- D. Customs in some countries tourists need to know

Question 45: The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. medicine
- B. money
- C. passport
- D. insurance

Question 46: What advice is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A. check your paperwork
- B. have insurance cover
- C. keep an eye on your belongings
- D. use English when travelling

Question 47: Why can locals spot you as tourists in the street?

- A. You have a passport
- B. You look up at buildings
- C. You smile a lot
- D. You take medication along

Question 48: The word "**vulnerable**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. secure
- B. strange
- C. easily hurt
- D. outstanding

Question 49: Why shouldn't you buy tickets on the street?

- A. Because they can no longer be valid.

- B. Because they are not authorized
- C. Because you may not have the correct currency.
- D. Because you may not need them afterwards.

Question 50: What should you do when travelling regarding language?

- A. Ask a student or a young person when having trouble in language
- B. Use English to communicate with local people
- C. Speak your language
- D. Bring a dictionary with you