

Name: .....

## [NGUYEN TRI PHUONG ENTRANCE EXAM CLASS] - [PRACTICE TEST 1]

### I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the other.

1. A. relatives	B. potatoes	C. accidents	D. series
2. A. <u>s</u> omewhere	B. <u>t</u> omb	C. <u>m</u> other	D. <u>an</u> other
3. A. <u>laugh</u> ed	B. <u>stepp</u> ed	C. <u>view</u> ed	D. <u>push</u> ed

Find the word which has different stress pattern from the others.

4. A. depend	B. advise	C. affect	D. listen
5. A. pollution	B. picture	C. village	D. factory

### II. Select and Choose A, B, C or D.

6. Would you like to go swimming? \_\_\_\_\_

A. No, I don't.      B. No, of course not.  
C. I'd love to, but I'm busy.      D. Thanks, I can manage.

7. The room is not \_\_\_\_\_ but very comfortable.

A. small      B. spacious      C. smart      D. tidy

8. Children \_\_\_\_\_ spend so much time in front of the TV.

A. should      B. shouldn't      C. can      D. must

9. In the future, holidays to the Moon \_\_\_\_\_ more popular.

A. is      B. becomes      C. will be      D. is becoming

10. In Western countries children often get presents \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas and \_\_\_\_\_ their birthday.

A. on / on      B. at / in      C. on / at      D. at / on

11. \_\_\_\_\_ do you think you can live without TV?

A. How often      B. How many      C. Which      D. How long

12. It's a fantastic \_\_\_\_\_ to experience the Grand Canyon by taking a flight over the area.

A. adventurous      B. adventure      C. dangerous      D. danger

13. Hoa and Lan \_\_\_\_\_ two days visiting Da Nang last weekend.

A. spend      B. spent      C. have      D. took

14. They have visited many \_\_\_\_\_ places in Mexico City.

A. excite      B. excited      C. exciting      D. excitement

15. Brown's family \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach in Sydney many times.

A. went      B. gone      C. has been      D. was

16. Right now, Jim \_\_\_\_\_ the newspaper and Kathy \_\_\_\_\_ dinner. Last night at this time, they \_\_\_\_\_ the same thing.

A. is reading / is making / were doing      C. reads / makes / had done  
B. has read / has made / are doing D. will read / will make / did

17. The phone \_\_\_\_\_ suddenly while Joe was vacuuming the carpet.

A. rang      B. was ringing      C. had rung      D. is ringing

18. I enjoy my life here. I have \_\_\_\_\_ friends and we meet quite often.

A. a few      B. few      C. little      D. a little

19. I tried \_\_\_\_\_ the bus, but I missed it.

A. to catch      B. catching      C. catch      D. to catching

20. We stayed \_\_\_\_\_ a very nice hotel when we were \_\_\_\_\_ Paris.

A. at / on      B. at / in      C. on / in      D. at / at

### III. Reading comprehension. Read the following passage and choose the best answer.

People all over the world today are beginning to hear and learn more and more about the problem of pollution. Pollution is caused either by man's release of new and often artificial substances into the environment, or by releasing increased amounts of a natural substance, such as oil from oil tankers into the sea. Whatever its underlying reasons, there is no doubt that much of the pollution caused could be controlled if only governments, companies, and individuals would make more efforts. In the home, there is an obvious need to control litter and waste. Foods wrapped up three or four times in packages all have to be disposed of; drinks are increasingly sold in bottles or tins which cannot be reused. This not only causes a litter problem, but also is a great waste of resources, in terms of glass, metal and paper. Advertising has helped this process by persuading many of us not only to buy things we don't need, but also to throw away much of what we have bought. Pollution and waste combine to be a problem everyone can help to solve by cutting out unnecessary buying, excess use and careless disposal of the products we use in our daily lives.

21. The main cause of pollution mentioned in the passage is

A. the release of artificial or natural substances into the environment  
B. the production of new industrial goods  
C. increased amounts of a natural substance  
D. increasing population and their needs to buy more products

22. Much of the pollution could be controlled if only

A. people would pay more attention to their waste  
B. governments would take effective measures  
C. all sides concerned would make more efforts  
D. farmers would use less natural resources

23. Food packages, bottles and tins for drinks can cause

A. more and more air and water pollution  
B. both a litter problem and a waste of resources  
C. the price of the products to rise greatly  
D. the advertising industry to make more profit

24. What does the phrase "disposal of" in the last sentence probably mean?

A. using up      B. cutting out      C. finding a solution to      D. getting rid of

25. Which of the following cannot help solving the problem of pollution?

A. Cutting out unnecessary buying      B. Eating and drinking less  
C. Reducing excess use      D. Controlling litter and waste

## Save Our Environment Club

### What's the problem?

There are fewer trees in the forest and in our street now than there were a few years ago. People have cut them down to build houses. This is very dangerous for our environment and our health. If you want to help, please join the Save Our Environment Club.

### What are we going to do?

We've decided to go to Westfield Forest to plant new trees. We've got a map of the forest to see where we're going. We've got lots of trees to plant. If you have some free time, why not come and help us?

### What can you do if you're interested?

There's a piece of paper on the door outside the geography classroom. If you are interested, write your name there and then meet us in the classroom on Saturday 23<sup>rd</sup> March at 9.30 a.m.

#### A. Are these statements true, false or not given? Write:

**T (True)**      *if it agrees with the information*  
**F (False)**      *if it contradicts the information*  
**NG (Not Given)**      *if there is no information on this in the passage*

26. There aren't any trees in the street. \_\_\_\_\_

27. People in the club are going to cut down old trees. \_\_\_\_\_

28. There are a lot of trees for people to plant. \_\_\_\_\_

29. Anyone who's interested should go to the geography lesson. \_\_\_\_\_

30. They're meeting at Westfield Forest. \_\_\_\_\_

#### IV. Choose one sentence that has the closest meaning to the given one.

##### 31. She could read an English book at the age of six.

- A. When she were six years old, she could read an English book.
- B. She is six years old and she can read an English book.
- C. When she was six years old, she could read an English book.
- D. None is correct.

##### 32. There will be a smart TV in our house next month.

- A. We have a smart TV in our house next month.
- B. We will have a smart TV in our house next month.
- C. There is a smart TV in our house next month.
- D. B & C are correct.

##### 33. I have never met a more generous person than Jason.

- A. Jason is the more generous person I have ever met.
- B. Jason is the generouest person I have never met.
- C. Jason is the most generous person I have ever met.
- D. Jason is more generous person I have never met.

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**34. Tet holidays always excite me.**

- A. I am always exciting of Tet holidays.
- B. I am always excited about Tet holidays.
- C. I always exciting about Tet holidays.
- D. I'm always excited to Tet holidays.

**35. Why don't we play badminton right now?**

- A. Let's play badminton right now.
- B. How about play badminton right now?
- C. Shall we to play badminton right now?
- D. All are correct.

**36. Mr. Long's garden is not as large as Mr. Nam's.**

- A. Mr. Long's garden is smaller than Mr. Nam's.
- B. Mr. Long's garden is not as small as Mr. Nam's.
- C. Mr. Nam's garden is not as large as Mr. Long's.
- D. Mr. Nam's garden is not so large as Mr. Long's.

**37. We will make a Sa Pa tour that lasts five days.**

- A. We will make a five-days Sa Pa tour.
- B. We will make a five-day Sa Pa tour.
- C. We will make a Sa Pa tour with five days.
- D. We will make a Sa Pa tour of five day.

**38. Teenagers prefer pop music to traditional music.**

- A. Teenagers like pop music than traditional music.
- B. Teenagers like pop music better than traditional music.
- C. Teenagers don't like traditional music more than pop music.
- D. Teenagers don't like traditional music better than pop music.

**39. Young children like comics very much.**

- A. Young children are interested comics very much.
- B. Young children very like comics.
- C. Young children love for comics very much.
- D. Young children are very interested in comics.

**40. Hoa rarely goes to the movies because she doesn't have spare time.**

- A. Hoa hardly go to the movies because she doesn't have spare time.
- B. Hoa sometimes goes to the movies because she doesn't have spare time.
- C. Hoa has little spare time, so she hardly goes to the movies.
- D. Hoa has a little spare time, so she hardly goes to the movies.