Sunshine

MULTIPLE CHOICE PRACTICE TEST 5

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. How _____ do you work? About 50 miles.
   A. fast B. often C. long D. far from here
2. The last thing _____ you should do is to call the police.
   A. which B. and C. that D. for
3. What has happened to my car? The police have _____ it away.
   A. drawn B. pulled C. dragged D. towed
4. - Oop! I 'm so sorry for stepping on your foot.
   - _____!
   A. You don't mind B. That's fine
   C. Never mind D. You're welcome
5. Animals prefer living in their _____ to anywhere else, though they may find a lot of food in preserves or zoos.
   A. habitat B. natural C. protection D. safaris
6. The flood eventually _____ in the last week of the month.
   A. preceded B. invaded C. receded D. pervaded
7. Hardly _____ him the letter when I got a phone call from him.
   A. I had sent B. had I sent C. I sent D. have I sent
8. The last candidate _____ you interviewed used to be a promising student in Brisbane University.
   A. whom B. who C. that D. whose

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9. What the singer earns is out of all _____ to his ability.
   A. focus B. reach C. range D. proportion

10. You can use the facilities _____ your pleasure.
   A. with B. in C. to D. at

11. He introduced ten winners, each _____ a bunch of flowers.
   A. held B. holding C. to hold D. holds

12. _____ increases in population in underdeveloped countries, a lot of problems arise including health care and social evils.
   A. In spite of B. Due to C. Instead of D. With a view to

13. - _____ returns!
   - Thank you very much.
   A. What a long time B. Good luck C. Many happy D. So long

14. Turn left at the traffic light and go straight until you see the cinema on your right. The post office is opposite the cinema. _____.
   A. You will surely find it B. You can't miss it
   C. It is easy D. It is certainly there

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

15. Though we will take a two-day trip, Maria has prepared <u>provisions</u> which are enough for two weeks.
   A. energy B. tools C. food D. weapons

16. You would look <u>ridiculous</u> in such a tiny dress.
   A. smart B. silly C. humorous D. fun

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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. She expressed her <u>disgust</u> at the programme introduced by the organization.
    A. dislike B. approval C. doubt D. embarrassment

18. I do not want to pretend to be <u>honest</u> to friends.
    A. disloyal B. unfriendly C. unkind D. unfrank

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

19. A. sw<u>ee</u>t B. tr<u>ea</u>t C. repeat D. pleasant

20. A. <u>e</u>ver B. f<u>e</u>ver C. s<u>e</u>ver D. d<u>e</u>vil

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

21. A. geology B. philosophy C. biography D. history

22. A. altogether B. magazine C. interesting D. introduce

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

23. However <u>cheap it is</u> (A), the <u>poor quality</u> (B) products cannot <u>appeal to</u> (C) our <u>customers</u> (D).

24. <u>Having punished</u> (A) twice <u>this</u> (B) week, Kate feels <u>ashamed of</u> (C) her bad <u>behavior</u> (D).

25. Don't give Jack <u>a call</u> (A) at this time <u>the</u> (B) day; he <u>is working</u> (C) at <u>his</u> (D) office.

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Read the following passages and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

A green I – 538 form is used by international students in order to obtain permission from the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) to transfer from one college or university to another college or university in the U.S. If you are planning to transfer, remember that you must obtain permission before leaving the university where you are currently studying. You must complete the form I-538, have it signed by the foreign student advisor or a designated official of the college, and submit it to the District Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service together with the form I-20 from your new school and the small, white form I-94 that was **affixed** to your passport when you entered the country.

Submitting the signed I-538 and other documents does not automatically ensure permission to transfer. Only an official of immigration can decide, and each request is reviewed on a case by case basis. Students who have not completed one term of study at the school that issued them their first I-20 are not advised to file for permission to transfer until they have completed one term **there** since most such requests are denied.

It is generally not necessary to make an appointment since the written documentation usually provides all the necessary information; however, some cases require a personal interview. Should you need to see an INS officer, you will be notified.

26. What is the passage mainly about?

A. The Immigration and Naturalization Service

B. How to get a passport

C. How to obtain permission to transfer from one university to another

D. Studying in the U.S.

27. Who must sign the transfer form?

A. The foreign student advisor at the new school

B. The foreign student advisor at the current school

C. The student

D. The Immigration officer

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28. The phrase 'affixed to' could be best replaced by _____.

A. guaranteed for B. fastened on C. verified by D. misplaced from

29. In order for you to transfer, permission must be granted by an official at the _____.

A. foreign student advisor's office B. new university

C. Immigration office D. Passport office

30. Under which circumstances should students wait to transfer?

A. When they are in their first term of study at a school.

B. When the permission to transfer is not ensured.

C. When they do not have a valid passport.

D. When they do not have an Immigration official to decide the case.

31. The word 'there' refers to _____.

A. the school where the student wants to transfer

B. the school that issued the I-20

C. the local INS office

D. the Immigration Office that issued the original permission

32. If you want to transfer, what should you do?

A. Travel to the new university immediately so that the foreign student advisor can help you.

B. Study at the university where you have permission until you receive a new permission from Immigration.

C. Sing an I-538 form and leave it at your current university before traveling to the new university.

D. Leave the country so that you can enter on another I-20 from the new university.

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One of the oldest of all court games, real tennis is also known by a host of other names including court tennis and royal tennis. The game is thought to have been **devised** by French monks in the 11th century. In the Middle Ages it was played by the nobility and even by royalty. Among the most famous players was Henry VIII of England, who had a real tennis court built at Hampton Court Palace near London in 1530.

The heyday of real tennis was during the 17th and 18th centuries, but it was played by a few, just as it is now. However, from this noble game evolved many more popular court sports, such as lawn tennis. Real tennis lovers have long maintained that their sport is the greatest of all court games, but they have been the lucky ones who have had the chance to play. Real tennis remains exclusive – most courts are in England but there are a few in the U.S., Australia and France. The premier governing body of the game is the Tennis and rackets Association, which was formed as recently as 1907. The major **trophy** to be won in the international real tennis competition is the world championship. Games can be between individuals or pairs; both men and women play and frequently pair up to form mixed double teams. The object of the game is to win points by hitting a ball over a net into the opponent's part of the court. But that is where the simplicity ends – of all games, including cricket and baseball, none is more complicated than real tennis.

33. Why is real tennis sometimes known as royal or court tennis?

A. It was invented by the French nobility

B. It was the favorite sport of Henry VIII

C. It was played by the monarchs

D. It was popular with monks

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34. During the 17th and 18th centuries, real tennis was played by _____.

A. about the same proportion of the population as today

B. fewer people than in the Middle Ages

C. a large number of ordinary people than nowadays

D. more monks than nobles

35. What do real tennis lovers say about the game?

A. It is a better sport than other court games.

B. It is played only by nobles.

C. Luck plays a bigger part in it than in other court games.

D. It should remain an exclusive sport.

36. Which statement is not true?

A. There are fewer tennis courts in England than in Australia.

B. Tennis can be played between individuals or pairs.

C. Tennis and Racket Association was founded in 1907.

D. The game is played with a ball and a net.

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37. The word **'devised'** is closest in meaning to _____.

A. invented B. contemplated C. considered D. prepared

38. What do we learn about the rules of real tennis?

A. Cricket and baseball are more complicated.

B. Real tennis is the least complicated game.

C. There should be two people in each team.

D. The rules appear very simple at first.

39. To be good at real tennis, players must be _____.

A. able to hit the ball really hard

B. good at playing chess

C. very strong to cope with the heavy ball

D. skilled at placing the ball

40. The word 'trophy' is closest in meaning to _____.

A. condition B. rule C. obstacle D. award

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Shakira Isabel Mebarak Ripoll was born on February 2, 1977 in the northern Columbian town of Barranquilla to a Catalan and Italian mother and an American father of Lebanese descent. Shakira began her musical career at the (41)_____ age of 8, when she wrote her first heart-wrenching song "Tus Gafas Oscuras" in (42)_____ of her brother who had lost his life in a car accident. At 10 years of age, Shakira applied to be in the school of choir, but she was (43)_____ on the grounds that her voice was too strong and sounded like the bleating of a goat.

Instead of giving up, Shakira kept her focus on music and participated in a televised singing competition for children, after (44)_____ she started being invited to various events in Barranquilla and became a local celebrity. When she turned 13, she (45)_____ the eye of theatre producer Monica Ariza, who took her under her wing and made her name known outside Barranquilla. On a flight from her hometown to Columbian capital of Bogota, Ariza happened to sit next to Sony executive Ciro Vargas, who agreed to hold an audition for Shakira a few weeks later inside a hotel lobby.

41. A. tender	B. mild	C. gentle	D. fresh
42. A. memory	B. remembrance	C. pain	D. relief
43. A. put off	B. turned down	C. made up	D. come against
44. A. that	B. then	C. this	D. which
45. A. got	B. missed	C. caught	D. attracted

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