

Simple Present - Test 1

A - Put in the correct verb forms.

- 1) Andy _____ the family car.
a) wash
b) washes
c) washs
- 2) Every morning my mother _____ at 6 o'clock.
a) get up
b) get ups
c) gets up
- 3) Mr. Black _____ e-mails in the evenings.
a) write
b) writes
c) writs
- 4) The girls _____ the shopping.
a) dos
b) does
c) do
- 5) Mandy and Susan _____ films every weekend.
a) watches
b) watch
c) watchs
- 6) His friend _____ to school.
a) gos
b) go
c) goes
- 7) Do you _____ milk in your tea?
a) like
b) likes
c) likes
- 8) _____ I correct?
a) Are
b) Be
c) Am
d) Is
- 9) It _____ a beautiful day today.
a) am
b) are
c) be
d) is
- 10) John often _____ handball.
a) play
b) plays
c) playes

B - Which sentences/questions are correct?

1) Which sentence is in the Simple Present?

- a) He can a bike ride.
- b) He can ride a bike.
- c) He can rides a bike.
- d) He cans ride a bike.

2) Which sentence is in the Simple Present?

- a) He has read a book.
- b) He is reading a book.
- c) He read a book.
- d) He reads a book.
- e) He will read a book.

3) Which negative sentence is in the Simple Present?

- a) He do not reads a book.
- b) He does not read a book.
- c) He is not reading a book.
- d) He not read a book.

4) Which negative sentence is in the Simple Present?

- a) We do'nt work in a bank.
- b) We does not work in a bank.
- c) We don't work in a bank.

5) Which question is in the Simple Present?

- a) Do she work in an office?
- b) Do she works in an office?
- c) Does she work in an office?
- d) Work she in an office?
- e) Works she in an office?

6) Which question is in the Simple Present?

- a) From where do you come?
- b) Where do you come from?
- c) Where does you come from?
- d) Where dos you come from?

7) In which sentence is the Simple Present used correctly?

- a) Carol clean the bathroom.
- b) Carol cleans the bathroom.

8) In which sentence is the Simple Present used correctly?

- a) Andrew wash the dishes.
- b) Andrew washes the dishes.
- c) Andrew washs the dishes.

C - Form questions in the Simple Present.

- 1) Frank / to read / comics
- 2) what / they / to eat / for breakfast
- 3) when / his mum / to come / home
- 4) to be / Peter / from Austria
- 5) Marie and Joe / to like / homework
- 6) you / to walk / to school
- 7) where / she / to live
- 8) why / you / to ride / your bike
- 9) how / Linda / to go / to the park
- 10) can / Ron / to speak / English

D - Negate the sentences.

- 1) Kevin plays basketball.
- 2) Steve can make breakfast.
- 3) I run to school.
- 4) The kite flies into the air.
- 5) He is from Spain.
- 6) Mr Smith teaches French.
- 7) Sandy washes her hair.
- 8) The children know the answer.
- 9) She sits on a chair.
- 10) Anne and Sue carry a box.

E - Put in the verbs in brackets into the gaps.

- 1) Jill _____ two children. (*to have*)
- 2) The pupils _____ songs in the classroom. (*to sing*)
- 3) Andy's brother _____ in an office. (*to work*)
- 4) She _____ my sister. (*to be*)
- 5) _____ you _____ English? (*to speak*)
- 6) The boys _____ computer games. (*not/to play*)
- 7) I often _____ to the cinema. (*to go*)
- 8) _____ she _____ stamps? (*to collect*)
- 9) Peter _____ e-mails. (*not/to write*)
- 10) She _____ to Menorca every summer. (*to fly*)

F - Which answers are correct?

1) Which verb forms are used in the Simple Present?

- a) Infinitiv
- b) Infinitiv + -ed
- c) Infinitiv + -ing
- d) Infinitiv + s
- e) have + Infinitiv + -ed

2) Which verb forms are correct?

- a) she are
- b) she has
- c) she hase
- d) she is
- e) she plays
- f) she plaies

3) Which verb forms are correct?

- a) he flies
- b) he flys
- c) he lives
- d) he livees
- e) he workes
- f) he works

4) Which sentences/questions are in the Simple Present?

- a) He's 15.
- b) Do you speak Spanish?
- c) I'm in room 201.
- d) She didn't help her mother.
- e) She doesn't like milk.
- f) We are reading a book.
- g) She drives a car.

5) What are typical signal words for the Simple Present?

- a) always
- b) at the moment
- c) every day
- d) now
- e) often
- f) sometimes
- g) yesterday

6) Which verbs/auxiliaries can be negated by adding >not<?

- a) am
- b) read
- c) can
- d) is
- e) play
- f) are
- g) speak