

Test 1 (Developing 2) – Part 2

E3. Reading Comprehension:

Alexander Graham Bell was born in Edinburgh, Scotland in the nineteenth century, and later came to the United States. Several members of his family did a great deal to encourage him in the field of science. His father helped him a lot by supervising his work with the deaf. When he worked with the deaf and investigated the science of acoustics, his studies eventually led to the invention of multiple telegraph and his greatest invention – the telephone. He dedicated the last quarter century of his life to advances in aviation.

- 1. What was Alexander Graham Bell's greatest invention?**
 - a. multiple telegraph
 - b. telephone
 - c. aviation
 - d. acoustics
- 2. To what did he dedicate the last years of his life?**
 - a. acoustics science
 - b. adventure
 - c. aviation
 - d. architecture
- 3. How many years did he dedicate to aviation?**
 - a. 100
 - b. 50
 - c. 35
 - d. 25
- 4. What can we conclude about him?**
 - a. He worked very hard, but never succeeded.
 - b. He spent so many years working in aviation because he wanted to be a pilot.
 - c. He dedicated his life to science and the well-being of mankind.
 - d. He worked with the deaf so that he could invent the telephone.
- 5. Which of the following statements is NOT true?**
 - a. Bell was born in the 18th century.
 - b. Bell worked with the deaf.
 - c. Bell experimented with the science of acoustics
 - d. Bell invented a multiple telegraph.

E4. Multiple Choice:

1. After a month, Lisa got used to in her new school.

- a. study
- b. studying
- c. studied
- d. is studying

2. Last Tuesday, her son was absent from school of his illness.

- a. because
- b. instead
- c. though
- d. but

3. The children to go at once.

- a. will
- b. had better
- c. must
- d. have

4. My brother feels again after his operation.

- a. strongly
- b. strength
- c. strong
- d. enough

5. He has a very quiet andlife in that big, empty house.

- a. by himself
- b. alone
- c. only
- d. lonely