

Join the sentence halves and write the complete sentences:

- | | |
|--|--|
| a) The Industrial Revolution was a series of... | ... in factories instead of by hand. |
| b) Products could be made... | ... in the second half of the 19 th century. |
| c) Industry expanded and became... | ... economic and technological changes that began in the 18 th century. |
| d) The Industrial Revolution happened... | ... more slowly in Spain than in other European countries. |
| e) The Spanish railway network expanded rapidly... | ... more important than agriculture |

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

Circle the odd one out and say why:

a) civil servants lawyers factory workers doctors merchants

b) textile factories mining steel industry steam engine
agriculture

c) taxes clergy landowners nobility privileged

d) proletariat estates bourgeoisie class-based upper



Choose the correct option:

A.- Before the Industrial Revolution

B.- After the Industrial Revolution

- a) The middle class included civil servants, lawyers, doctors, merchants and small landowners.
- b) The clergy and the nobility owned most of the land.
- c) No class was given special privileges officially.
- d) Society was divided into three groups called estates.
- e) The proletariat was the poorest of the three classes.
- f) Ordinary people paid taxes and didn't have special privileges.



Put into chronological order (1 – 8).

- ___ General Martínez Campos led a military coup ending the republic.
- ___ King Amadeo I faced a lot of opposition and he abdicated.
- ___ Isabel II was forced to leave Spain.
- ___ Spain enjoyed a long period of stability.
- ___ There were frequent changes of government and military coups.
- ___ The First Republic was proclaimed.
- ___ The Restoration began with Alfonso XII's return to Spain.
- ___ Amadeo of Savoy, an Italian prince, became king of Spain.



Find the errors and rewrite the sentences so that they are true:

a) In 1871, Amadeo of Savoy, a Spanish prince, became king of Spain.

b) Antonio Cánovas del Castillo organised a political system based on two political parties: the Republicans and the Liberals.

c) The two politicians took turns in government and manipulated election results.

d) In Romanticism, artists and writers explored the reality of everyday life.

e) Goya is inspired by nature and religion.

Choose the correct artistic movement:

A.-Romanticism B.-Realism C.-Modernism

1. Gaudí
2. Goya
3. Martí i Alsina
4. La Sagrada Familia
5. A reaction to the Industrial Revolution
6. A reaction against Romanticism
7. Nature, religion, emotions, revolution and beauty
8. It emerged in Cataluña
9. Often focused on the working classes

