

DAY 53. CONDITIONALS 3

A. OPEN CLOZE Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

BE HAPPY – LIVE LONGER!

Do happy people live longer? New evidence supports the idea that if you think positively, you are (1) likely to live to a good age than a pessimist coming from a similar social background. (2) is still not clear (3) happiness actually causes longevity. One possible explanation is that people probably (4) better care of themselves if they see life as a positive experience, and, of course, (5) people feel healthy, they are more likely to be happy. Scientists tracked a group of people who had (6) interviewed in 1975 about their attitudes to ageing. They found that if people viewed getting older as a positive experience, they lived, (7) average, seven and a half years (8) than those who were more pessimistic. Ways of reducing risk factors are well known: if you smoke or don't exercise, you cut your life expectancy (9) one to three years, and doctors can advise (10) patients to change their lifestyles accordingly. But what, if (11) , can unhappy people do about improving their attitude? Personality may not (12) something that we can change (13) if we want to, and scientists have (14) to answer the question of how we can make (15) happy.

B. KEY WORD TRANSFORMATIONS Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between three and six words, including the word given.

1. As long as the number of enrolments doesn't go down, the college will stay open. **DECLINE**
The college would only have to close in the number of enrolments.
2. If the weather is bad, the match will take place indoors. **CASE**
The match will take place indoors weather.
3. You can only go out if you promise to be home by midnight. **WORD**
Unless you you will be home by midnight, you can't go out.
4. I could not have achieved so much if you hadn't supported me. **BEEN**
Had , I could not have achieved so much.
5. They stopped manufacturing the product because nobody was buying it any more. **DEMAND**
If there the product, they would still manufacture it.
6. If you complained about your room, you might be moved to a better one. **COMPLAINT**
Were you your room, you might be moved to a better one.
7. They won't offer her the position if she doesn't agree to take a language course. **CONDITION**
She will be offered the position to take a language course.
8. We forgot to fill up the tank so we didn't have enough petrol. **RUN**
We petrol if we had remembered to fill up the tank.