

PRACTICE TEST 6

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. tolerated B. needed C. blessed D. looked
2. A. dishes B. oranges C. experiences D. chores

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is put differently from that of the rest.

3. A. property B. necessity C. Russian D. lecturer
4. A. Canada B. Chinese C. Malaysia D. Australia

Choose the word(s) that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

5. Fruit and vegetables grew in abundance on the island. The islanders even exported the surplus.
A. excess B. large quantity C. small quantity D. sufficiency
6. Certain courses are compulsory; others are optional.
A. voluntary B. free C. pressure D. mandatory

Choose the word(s) that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

7. Humans depend on species diversity to provide food, clean air and water, and fertile soil for agriculture.
A. destruction B. contamination C. fertilizer D. variety
8. Today's scientists have overcome many of the challenges of the depth by using more sophisticated tools.
A. complicated B. worldly C. experienced D. aware

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Today, in many parts of the world, it is customary for people to shake hands upon meeting as gesture of good will. Originally, however, the practice of shaking hands had a more practical purpose.

Shaking hands originated in medieval times. In those days, when a man came on a stranger, he would often automatically reach for his sword with his right hand, in case he had to use the weapon to defend himself. Sometimes, both parties found themselves circling around each other, weapons in hand, until it was mutually agreed that the weapons could be laid aside. Then, the two parties extended their right hands to show they had no weapons, and clasped them. This was the beginning of the handshake. [*clasp: xiết chặt*]

The custom of shaking hands is not a universal one. In the Orient, people have, for centuries, clasped their own hands in front of them upon meeting to show that they held no weapons. In France, a custom developed in which people who met would kiss each other on both cheeks. The natives of some South-sea islands greet by rubbing noses..

9. At first, the purpose of shaking hands was _____.
A. to show a good relationship with each other
B. to show that there were no weapons in hands.
C. to show that both parties were ready for a fight.
D. a gesture of good will
10. To show that one has no intention to fight, _____.
A. shaking hands has been practiced all over the world
B. the oriental people kiss each other's hand.
C. people laid aside their weapons.
D. there have been various ways depending on different cultures
11. According to the passage, the practice of shaking hands _____.
A. was used to extend greetings
B. used to be popular, but now it is out of date.
C. is replaced by other customs in some countries.
D. is considered not to be very polite.
12. The word "came on" in the second paragraph can best be replaced by _____.
A. waited for B. visited C. attacked D. happened to meet
13. Which of the following is NOT true about the handshake ?
A. It happened for the first time very long times ago

- B. It is a gesture of good will.
 C. It is very popular all over the world.
 D. It is one of the social customs.

Choose the correct answer to complete the following sentences.

14. My favorite month is always February ____ we celebrate Valentine's Day
 A. on which B. that C. in when D. in which
15. If you are _____ for a particular job, someone asks you questions about yourself to find out if you suitable for it.
 A. paid B. chosen C. interviewed D. recommended
16. If he ____ well on the training courses last year, he _____ offered the promotion now
 A. did / would be B. had done / would have been
 C. had done / would be. D. did / were
17. I _____ well recently. I _____ to see my doctor yesterday. He said that I _____ some rest.
 A. have not slept / went / needed B. did not sleep / go / will need
 C. had not slept / went / had needed D. do not sleep / went / would need
18.at home now, I would enjoy my favorite show.
 A. Were I B. Suppose I am C. If were I D. Unless were I
19. _____ gets the highest grade will be awarded a scholarship.
 Any student when
 A. Any student B. Student C. Any student who D.
20. I _____ to the shops, but I _____ anything because I _____ my wallet.
 A. go / cannot buy / will lose B. went / could not buy / had lost
 C. am going / am not buying / will lose D. was going / did not buy / have lost
21. _____ by the boys' behavior, she complained to the head teacher.
 A. Annoying B. She annoyed C. She was annoyed D. Annoyed
22. Most _____ students in _____ UK prepare carefully for A-level exams
 A. the / Ø B. Ø / an C. Ø / the D. the / an
23. Students who need _____ extra money can find _____ part time job.
 A. the / Ø B. an / the C. Ø / a D. a / the
24. Minh : " My first English test was not as good as I expected "
 Thomas : " _____ ."
 A. Good Heavens! B. Never mind, better job next time!
 C. That's brilliant enough! D. It's okay. Don't worry
25. I can't recall ----- that old movie, but maybe I did many years ago.
 A. having seen B. to have seen C. to see D. having been seen
26. _____ the end of the course, the students have to take an exam on four basic skills of the target language.
 A. On B. For C. In D. At
27. There is a wide _____ of computers in that shop for you to choose.
 A. vary B. various C. variety D. variously
28. She looked _____ to see who was going _____ her.
 A. for / with B. round / after C. at / to D. up / off
29. "Would you rather have coffee or orange juice?" – " _____ "
 A. I like both B. I have either C. Either, please D. I'd rather to have coffee
30. "I saw you studying at the library last night." " You....., I wasn't there."
 A. Wouldn't have B. couldn't have C. might have D. have
31. With what my parents prepare for me in terms of education, I am _____ about my future.
 A. confide B. confident C. confidence D. confidential
- Choose the underlined word or phrase (A,B,C,D) that needs correcting and correct it**
32. We all know that we have to work hardly to earn a living ourselves and support the family.
 A B C D
33. Joyce thanked us inviting them to dinner and said that they wanted to

A B C
have us over for dinner next week.

D
34. An university is an institution of higher education and research, which grants
A B C
academic degrees; including Bachelor's degrees, Master's degrees and doctorates in a
D
variety of subjects.

35. Meal time is a great time for family members to talk about that is going on in their lives.
A B C D

36. In the early days women were seen as wives who were intended to cook, clean, and
A B C
take care of the kids.
D

Choose the sentence that has closest meaning to the original one.

37. He asked me "Why didn't she take the final exam?"

- A. He asked me why she hadn't taken the final exam.
- B. He asked me why she took the final exam.
- C. He asked me why hadn't she taken the final exam.
- D. He asked me why did she take the final exam.

38. I have not seen Tom for ages.

- A. It has been a long time since I last saw Tom.
- B. Tom and I do not look the same age.
- C. Tom and I are friends for a long time.
- D. I often met Tom ages ago.

39. Vinh had his brother fix the ball yesterday .

- A. Vinh had the ball to fix yesterday by his brother
- B. Vinh had the ball to be fixed by his brother yesterday
- C. Vinh got the ball fixed yesterday by his brother
- D. The ball was fixed by Vinh had his brother yesterday.

40. Thanks to her high grades at university, she is offered the position.

- A. If she had not got high grades at university, she would not be offered the position.
- B. It was her high grades at university which offer her the position.
- C. If she had not got high grades at university, she would not have been offered the position.
- D. Without her high grades at university, she is not offered the position.