TEST YOURSELF 2

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1.	**A.**extended	**B.**entertain	**C.**picturesque	**D.**elevated
2.	**A.**thatched	**B.**spectacular	**C.**snack	**D.**rickshaw
3.	**A.**complex	**B.**noticeable	**C.**cooperative	**D.**counterpart

II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

4.	**A.**underpass	**B.**astonished	**C.**contestant	**D.**occasion
5.	**A.**illiterate	**B.**spectacular	**C.**significant	**D.**noticeable

III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

6. Wooden clogs have been the simple_____of Vietnamese women for ages.
   A.sign **B.**signal **C.**symbol **D.**mark
7. Rickshaw looks_____in each of Viet Nam: Ha Noi's rickshaw is wider and low, Hue's is a bit narrower but longer, Saigon's rickshaw is tall and long.
   A.different - area **B.**the same - part **C.**different - region **D.**differently - region
8. Survey findings_____that the current family remains an important production unit ofsociety.
   A.explain **B.**record **C.**express **D.**show
9. Before 1975 in South Viet Nam, there_____3 state universities built in cities of Hue, Saigon, Can Tho.
   A.was **B.**were **C.**would be **D.**used to be
10. Many workers wish that they_____labour contracts with the companies.
    A.sign **B.**signed **C.**were signed **D.**were signing
11. We wish that smart boards_____in our school.
    A.install **B.**had installed **C.**were installed **D.**was installed
12. The photos by a British diplomat capture the_____of old bicycles, crowded electric trams, the queue to buy goods and lines of barrels waiting to collect water in the 1980s.
    A.ideas **B.**images **C.**minds **D.**thinking
13. After people had asked for scholars' handwriting, they_____them up during the Tet festival.
    A.hang **B.**hung **C.**hanged **D.**had hung
14. The life at that time was very difficult_____every family tried to buy a branch of peach blossoms to display on the Lunar New Year Festival.
    A.but **B.**so **C.**despite **D.**although
15. We suggest that the authorities_____street children from following foreign tourists inthe downtown.
    A.will stop **B.**stopped **C.**would stop **D.**should stop

IV. Fill in each blank in the passage with the correct word from the box. There are some extra words.

powers	*strength*	*attraction*	*families*
space	*impressions*	*fun*	*generations*

Traditional Folk Games of the Vietnamese

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As a result of the modern life, after school time, children in cities don't have enough (16)_____, and friends to play together. While parents are busy with their business, the children are kept inside 4 concrete walls and entertain themselves with watching television, playing with their toys or playing video games.

However, the traditional folk games still have very strong and magical (17)_____ to every child. They might not play it very often as the older (18)_____did, but the stories about these folk games will still be told in every family.

The most favourite folk games must be listed are: the game of Dragon and Snake, the game of Cat and Mouse, Marble game in the Vietnamese style. Mandarin's Square, hide and seek... More than (19)_, these folk games improve the smartness and (20)_____ of observation in children.

V. Here are Cham towers listed as the National Heritage in Binh Dinh. Write sentences about them, using the imperative passive with the verbs given in brackets.

21. Hung Thanh Tower (also known as Thap Doi) in Quy Nhon was built during Khmer occupations in Champa in the 13th century. (think)

_____

_____

22. The edges of the roofs Canh Tien lower were built of sandstone. (say)

_____

_____

23. Binh Lam Tower was built between the end of the 10th century with the spectacular and powerful architecture style. (believe)

_____

_____

24. Symmetrical style motifs were carved directly into Cham bricks in Binh Lam Tower. (claim)

_____

_____

25. Silver Tower (also known as Banh It Lower) was built between the end of 11th and the beginning of the 12th century on a hill of Tuy Phuoc District. (consider)

_____

_____

VI. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Subsidy economy from 1976 to 1986 means all (26)___ of goods and raw materials are in the (27)__ ___of the central government. The government coordinated all steps of economy from planning, collecting, and distributing to (28)_____. Each person (29)___with standard distributions which depended (30)_____ working level, age, rank and position in government or professional.

(31)_____essential supplies had many problems, for example, four people shared a pair of bicycle tires, or even a blanket. Sometimes one pig was shared among 20 households, everyone wanted to take the good (32)___ ___and very difficult to divide fairly. Moreover, because of bad storage and complicated delivery, many supplied foods were in bad condition, such as broken, rotten or even poisonous. Each family got (33)_____ own rice booklet shown date and number kilos of rice. During that time, the Vietnamese had a famous saying, "Your face (34)_____sad like (35)_____the rice booklet".

26. **A.**sources **B.**resources **C.**causes **D.**places

27. **A.**help **B.**supplies **C.**hands **D.**palms

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28. **A.**passengers	**B.**consumers	**C.**clients	**D.**employees
29. **A.**delivered	**B.**were delivered	**C.**was delivered	**D.**has delivered
30. **A.**to	**B.**at	**C.**in	**D.**on
31. **A.**Shares	**B.**Sharing	**C.**Cutting	**D.**Exchanging
32. **A.**parts	**B.**elements	**C.**features	**D.**factors
33. **A.**its	**B.**his	**C.**her	**D.**their
34. **A.**looks	**B.**looks like	**C.**looks at	**D.**looks as
35. **A.**lose	**B.**to lose	**C.**losing	**D.**being lost

VII. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Education System of Viet Nam in the Past

Because of 1,000 years under the control of China, there were no records which indicated a formal education system in Viet Nam. In 939, Emperor Ngo Quyen expelled the Chinese invaders and declared Vietnamese independence. But the first two dynasties Ngo and Dinh did not last so long, and were busy with the national defense, so the education was just in pagodas. Ly Cong Uan, the founder king of the Ly dynasty had been educated in a pagoda.

To the Ly dvnasty, the fundamental educational system was officially improved, King Ly Thanh Ton established the Temple of Literature at the ancient Capital of Thang Long to encourage people to appreciate the education. In 1075, the first exam was done by the order of King Ly Nhan Ton to select scholars for the office and the later year, 1076, the Imperial Academy, the first university in Viet Nam's history, was set up for the education of sons of royally and other high-ranking officials.

There were also many private classes taught by prominent scholars such as Chu Van An, Le Quy Don, Nguyen Binh Khiem,Phung Khac Khoan,Vo Truong Toan... The students would only study literature and ancient history of China, of Viet Nam for entirety of their schooling. Later on, the Public Administration curriculum was finally added to the programme. When the Ho Royal family ruled the country, students were taught simple mathematics.

From 1918 to 1945, Viet Nam's education programme adopted the western education system with three levels: elementary, high school, and college. At all levels, from 1945 the Vietnamese national language is officially used. Students have the opportunity to learn literature, history, philosophy, law, science, math, medicine and other languages.

36. In the 10^{th} century, parents_____.

A.could let their children have a formal education

B.were too busy to send their children to school

C. could send their children to pagodas to have some schooling

D.didn't want their children go to school under the control of China

37. All of the following were done during the Ly dynasty EXCEPT that_____.

A.all good students could go to the Imperial Academy

B.King Ly Thanh Ton established the Temple of Literature

C. the Imperial Academy was established in 1076

D. King Ly Nhan Ton ordered to hold the first exam to select scholars

38. In the past, students mostly learned_____.

A. public administration **B.** science subjects and mathematics

C. the ways to rule the country **D.** literature and ancient history

39. We can infer from the passage that_____.

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A.the private classes replaced the Imperial Academy

B.education was highly appreciated during the dynasties

C.mathematics was highly developed during the Ho dynasty

D.the prominent scholars such as Le Quy Don couldn't teach at the Imperial Academy

40. From 1918 to 1945, Viet Nam's education system_____.

A.officially used the Vietnamese national language

B.was divided into three levels

C. was the same as the western education system

D.had a wide range of subjects at college

VIII. Complete the conversation about the Vietnam Biogas Programme, using the responses (A-G) given. There are two extra ones.

A. And, you do not get smoke in your eyes the whole time you are cooking.

B.In the past nine years, the project has supported the building of more than 114,000 biogas systems.

C. Local people cover the plants with it regularly.

D.They only give the money gifts to families after they inspect the biogas system.

E.But the good work of the Viet Nam Biogas Programme will not stop.

F.First, it encourages and teaches rural community members about biogas systems.

G.The biogas system produces not only biogas but also slurry.

Duong: In the past my grandparents cooked meals with wood collected around the house.

Phuc: But now the situation in the countryside has changed. Have you ever heard of the Viet Nam Biogas Programme?

Duong: No. What is it for?

Phuc: It does three things. (41) _____

Second, it trains local builders to build thesystems. Third, the biogas programme encourages families to buy biogas systems.

Duong: I think some families are too poor to buy those.

Phuc: Don't worry. The managers of the programme can do this by offering money grants. (42)_____

_____

The biogas programme wants to be sure the biogassystems are safe and work correctly.

Duong: So people can save a lot of money on energy.

Phuc: Sure. It is free energy! Besides that, it is so much quicker to cook a meal for the family. (43)_____

_____

Duong: And I think it is so much cleaner in the house and out.

Phuc: Of course. (44) _____

Duong: Slurry? Is it of any benefit?

Phuc: Yes. The slurry is very good for the plants. (45) _____

Duong: So my aunts and uncles in my home village can rely on a free and clean source of energy.

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IX. Write complete sentences about Po Klong Garai in Ninh Thuan province, using the words/ phrases given in their correct forms. You can add some more necessary words, but you have to use all the words given.

46. Po Klong Garai Tower/ located/ about seven kilometres/ west/ Phan Rang city.



_____

_____

47. It/ complex/ three towers/ Main Tower/ Fire Tower/ Gate Tower.

_____

48. It/ considered/ most beautiful, majestic Cham towers/ that/ remain/ Viet Nam today.

_____

_____

49. King Po Klong Garai/ honoured/ great contributor/ build/ irrigation system/ agricultural activities.

_____

_____

50. At/ end/ every October/ Cham people/ Ninh Thuan province/ often go/ tower/ celebrate their traditional Kate festival.

_____

_____

The top joke in Northern Ireland

A doctor says to his patient,"I have bad news and worse news." "Oh, dear, what's the bad news?" asks the patient. The doctor replies, "You only have twenty-four hours to live." "That's terrible." says the patient. "How can the news possibly worse?" The doctor replies, "I've been trying to contact you since yesterday."

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