

**SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2020 - 2021  
ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 8- MÃ ĐỀ A8201**

**Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề và nghe.)**

**Đề kiểm tra gồm 04 trang. Học sinh làm bài trên giấy trả lời.**

**A. LISTENING (1.5 ms)**

**Part 1. Listen to a talk about living in the countryside. Fill each of the gaps with no more than TWO words. You will listen TWICE. (1m)**

1. When you live in the countryside, you can enjoy the \_\_\_\_\_ surroundings.
2. The city lacks space for \_\_\_\_\_ activities.
3. In the city you may not know your \_\_\_\_\_ neighbour's name.
4. The living standard is not \_\_\_\_\_ in the countryside.
5. The low crime rate is \_\_\_\_\_ for families with small children.

**Part 2. Listen to the conversation between David and Son about David's trip to Sa Pa. Decide whether the sentences are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F. You will listen TWICE. (0.5m)**

	STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
6.	David likes Sa Pa very much.	T	F
7.	Ham Rong Mountain has a charming landscape.	T	F
8.	Son hasn't come to Cat Cat village.	T	F
9.	Cat Cat villagers make great handicrafts.	T	F
10.	David regretted trekking in the valleys.	T	F

**B. PHONETICS, VOCABULARY and GRAMMAR. (3ms)**

**Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.**

11. A. sculpture      B. mask      C. school      D. costume
12. A. attention      B. majority      C. ancestor      D. tradition

**Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.**

13. A. magician      B. carnival      C. harmony      D. architect
14. A. significant      B. optimistic      C. hospitable      D. convenient

15. Linh fancies \_\_\_\_\_ but she hates \_\_\_\_\_

- A. cook - washing up      B. to cook - wash up
- C. cooking - washed up      D. cooking - washing up



### C. READING. (2ms)

#### I. Read the passage, and then choose the word (A, B, c, or D) that best fits each of the blank spaces. (1m)

Ooc-Om-Bok Festival is a religious festival that worships the moon deity of the Khmer minority group and prays for good luck, happiness, good weather and bumper crops. The festival is usually held (26) \_\_\_\_\_ the dry season begins and rice is ripening on the fields.

The Moon-worshipping ceremony (27) \_\_\_\_\_ on the 14<sup>th</sup> evening of tenth lunar month before the moon goes to the top. The ceremony is held in the yards of the pagoda or of residents' houses. People erect bamboo poles with a crossbar on which they (28) \_\_\_\_\_ with flowers and leaves. Below is a table of offerings that include green rice flakes, potatoes, bananas, coconuts, grapefruits, oranges and cakes. People sit (29) \_\_\_\_\_ the ground with crossed legs, clasp their hands before the altar and look up the moon. An old master of ceremonies says his prayers, asks the moon deity to receive the offerings and bless people with the best.

At the pagodas of the Khmer, locals hold paper-lanterns releasing into the sky and putting on the rivers. The custom of realizing flying lights is believed to sweep away the darkness, impure and sadness from the village. Many (30) \_\_\_\_\_ activities of the Khmer are organized on the 14<sup>th</sup> evening.

26. A. when                      B. if                              C. although                      D. while
27. A. took place                B. takes place                C. take place                      D. has taken place
28. A. have                        B. make                        C. paint                        D. decorate
29. A. by                            B. in                            C. under                        D. on
30. A. tradition                B. traditions                C. traditional                D. traditionally

#### II. Read the following passage and choose the items (A, B, c, or D) that best answers each of the questions about it. (1m)

The Tay is the largest minority in Viet Nam with a population of about 1.7 million people. They live mainly in Northern provinces such as Cao Bang, Lang Son, Bac Can, Thai Nguyen, etc. Their language belongs to the Tay-Thai group. Tay farmers are very experienced in wet rice cultivation. Tay men sometimes hunt or cut wood in the forests; Tay women raise cattle and poultry. Their specialities include five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs. Tay villages are usually at the feet of mountains. Each village comprises 15 to 20 households. The Tay live in stilt houses or earthen houses with different rooms for men and women.

Tay traditional costume is well-known for being the simplest among 54 ethnic groups in Vietnam. There is usually not much embroidery or other decorations. The Tay weave cloth for

their own use and dye all cloth dark indigo for both men and women. Tay women wear skirts or trousers with short blouses inside and long ones outside. They also put on some ornaments such as silver necklaces and bracelets. Tay men prefer to wear the Kinh's clothes daily but their own costume at **significant** festivals. The Tay worship three generations of their ancestors and the gods of nature. Their famous festival is “Lồng tồng” or “Going down the paddy fields”, which is held after Lunar New Year to pray for good crops.

**31. What is the Tay's special food?**

- A. It is five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- B. It is five-colour sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- C. It is five-colours sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- D. It five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.

**32. Which house do the Tay live in, stilt or earthen one?**

- A. stilt house only.
- B. Both of them.
- C. stilt house not earthen house.
- D. earthen house only.

**33. Which of the following is NOT true?**

- A. Tay villages are sometimes at the feet of mountains
- B. Tay farmers are very good at growing wet rice.
- C. Tay traditional costume is the simplest among 54 ethnic groups in Vietnam.
- D. “Lồng tồng” famous festival is held after Lunar New Year.

**34. The Tay worship \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. The gods of nature and two generations of their ancestors
- B. The gods of nature or two generations of their ancestors.
- C. Three generations of their ancestors and the gods of nature.
- D. Three generations of their ancestors or the gods of nature.

**35. The word “significant” in paragraph 2 is closet meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. ineffective
- B. unimportant
- C. effective
- D. important

#### D. COMMUNICATION. (0,5m)

Rearrange the sentences to make a complete conversation by writing the correct number (38- 42) in each blank. The conversation starts with number 36 & 37.

\_\_\_\_\_ A. **Jack:** The X-factor. It's an action film.

\_\_\_\_\_ B. **Jack:** Sounds great! But Nick and I are going to the cinema at 6.30. Perhaps you want to come with us ...

\_\_\_\_\_ C. **Daisy:** Hmm... not my cup of tea. Action films are a bit tiring for me ... So I'll see you for badminton only.

\_\_37\_\_ D. **Jack:** Certainly. I love badminton. What time are you meeting?

\_\_\_\_\_ E. **Daisy:** What film are you watching?

\_\_\_\_\_ F. **Daisy:** Three. We're doing it in the schoolyard. After that we're going swimming.

\_\_36\_\_ G. **Daisy:** Hi Jack. Do you want to join us for badminton this Saturday?

#### E. WRITING

##### Part 1.

Choose the correct sentence among A, B, C, D which has the same meaning as the given one. (0.5m)

**43. Duong was very busy; however, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.**

A. Although Duong was very busy, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

B. Although Duong was very busy, but he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

C. Duong was very busy although he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

D. Duong was very busy, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

**44. My Japanese is now better than in the past**

A. In the past, my Japanese is worse than now.

B. In the past, my Japanese was worse than now.

C. In the past, my Japanese was better than now.

D. In the past, my Japanese is better than now.

**45. Jane hates to make crafts.**

- A. Jane is fond of making crafts.
- B. Jane isn't fond making crafts.
- C. Jane isn't fond of make crafts.
- D. Jane isn't fond of making crafts.

**46. Choose the correct question among A, B, C, D which matches with the answer given.**

*After retiring, my grandmother took up gardening as her hobby.*

- A. When did your grandmother take up gardening?
- B. When do your grandmother take up gardening?
- C. When did your grandmother took up gardening?
- D. When does your grandmother take up gardening?

**47. Choose the correct sentence among A, B, C, D which matches with the cues given.**

*There/ tradition of/ not empty/ rubbish/ during/first 3 days of Tet.*

- A. There a tradition of not emptying rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.
- B. There's a tradition of not empty rubbish during first 3 days of Tet.
- C. There's a tradition of not empty rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.
- D. There's a tradition of not emptying rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.

**Part 2. Paragraph writing.**

Write a short paragraph (60 - 80 words) to give your opinion about the following topic:

**Is playing computer games a good leisure activity for teenager?**

**Note:**

The paragraph includes:

- one sentence to introduce the topic
- one sentence to conclude it
- connectors to organize your ideas

—THE END—