ĐỀ SỐ 4	ĐỀ KHỞI ĐỘNG
(Đề thi có 05 trang)	Môn: Tiếng Anh
Đề có lời giải	Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. blood **B.** pool **C.** food **D.** tool

Question 2: A. decided **B.** looked **C.** started **D.** coincided

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. command **B.** secure **C.** pretend **D.** leisure

Question 4: A. wonderful **B.** impressive **C.** confident **D.** regular

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: What is your _____? - I'm Vietnamese.

A. nation **B.** nationally **C.** nationality **D.** national

Question 6: "If you are not satisfied _____ your purchase, we will give you a full refund."

A. at **B.** of **C.** for **D.** with

Question 7: Opposite our house is a nice park _____ there are trees and flowers.

A. which **B.** where **C.** whose **D.** that

Question 8: I'm really looking forward _____ to university.

A. to going **B.** go **C.** to go **D.** going

Question 9: Students will not be allowed into the exam room if they _____ their student cards.

A. didn't produce **B.** don't produce **C.** produced **D.** hadn't produced

Question 10: My sister is _____ person in our family.

A. the shortest **B.** the shorter **C.** shortest **D.** shorter

Question 11: You have the latest album of this band, _____?

A. do you **B.** don't you **C.** have you **D.** haven't you

Question 12: I am reading a novel. By the time you come back from work I _____ it.

A. finish **B.** will finish **C.** will have finished **D.** have finished

Question 13: Jack said he _____ his homework since 7 o'clock.

A. does **B.** did **C.** has done **D.** had done

Question 14: They live on a busy road. _____ a lot of noise from traffic.

A. There must be **B.** It must be **C.** It must have been **D.** There must have

Question 15: The recent heavy rains have helped to ease the water _____.

A. plenty **B.** poverty **C.** shortage **D.** abundance

Question 16: It was very difficult for the inspector to _____ what recommendations he should take.

A. realize **B.** settle **C.** solve **D.** decide

Question 17: What university will you take an _____ examination into?

A. entrance **B.** attendance **C.** entry **D.** admission

Question 18: It's only a small flat but it _____ my needs perfectly.

A. meets **B.** supplies **C.** settles **D.** fills

Question 19: Mary Smith decided to give up her job for the _____ of her children.

A. care **B.** sake **C.** advantage **D.** concern

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

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Question 20: She is always **diplomatic** when she deals with angry students.

A. strict **B.** outspoken **C.** tactful **D.** firm

Question 21: Her husband **passed away** last Friday. We are all shocked by the news.

A. got married **B.** divorced **C.** died **D.** was on business

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: The US troops are using more **sophisticated** weapons in the Far East.

A. simple and easy to use **B.** complicated

C. expensive **D.** difficult to operate

Question 23: Sorry, I can't come to your party. I am **snowed under with** work at the moment.

A. busy with **B.** relaxed about **C.** free from **D.** fond of

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Emma is at a clothes shop.

- Emma: "Do you have this jacket in a larger size?"
- Shop assistant: "_____. They're all sold out."

A. Yes **B.** That's alright

C. I'm afraid not **D.** I'm afraid I can't

Question 25: Alice is talking to her friend about fast food.

- Alice: "People are eating fast food as their main meal. Do you think it's a good thing?"
- Alice's friend: "_____. Fast food is very poor in nutrients."

A. It's a good thing actually **B.** I don't think so

C. I think so **D.** You're perfectly right

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Many parents believe that their children **(26)** _____ be taught to read right after they have learnt to walk. This is fine if the child shows a real interest **(27)** _____ forcing a child could be counter-productive if she or he isn't ready. Wise parents will have a relaxed **(28)** _____ and take the lead from their child. What they should provide is a selection of **(29)** _____ toys, books and other activities. Nowadays there is plenty of good amusement available for young children, and of course, seeing plenty of books in use about the house will also encourage them to read.

Of course, books are no longer the only source of stories and information. There is also a huge range of videos, **(30)** _____ can reinforce and extend the pleasure a child finds in books. Television gets a bad press as far as children are concerned, mainly because too many spend too much time watching programmes not intended for their age group.

Question 26: A. should	**B.** could not	**C.** had to	**D.** must not
Question 27: A. so	**B.** or	**C.** and	**D.** but
Question 28: A. pastime	**B.** decision	**C.** attitude	**D.** competition
Question 29: A. stimulate	**B.** stimulation	**C.** stimulus	**D.** stimulating
Question 30: A. that	**B.** who	**C.** what	**D.** which

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Smallpox was the first widespread disease to be eliminated by human intervention. In May, 1966, the World Health Organization (WHO), an agency of the United Nations was authorized to initiate a global campaign to eradicate smallpox. The goal was to eliminate the disease in one decade. At the time, the disease posed a serious threat to people in more than thirty nations. Because similar projects for malaria and yellow fever had failed, few believed that smallpox could actually be eradicated but eleven years after the initial organization of the campaign, no cases were reported in the field.

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The strategy was not only to provide mass vaccinations but also to isolate patients with active smallpox in order to contain the spread of the disease and to break the chain of human transmission. Rewards for reporting smallpox assisted in motivating so that patients are removed from contact with others and treated. At the same time, the entire village where the victim had lived was vaccinated.

By April of 1978 WHO officials announced that **they** had **isolated** the last known case of the disease but health workers continued to search for new cases for additional years to be completely sure. In May, 1980, a formal statement was made to the global community. Today smallpox is no longer a threat to humanity. Routine vaccinations have been stopped worldwide.

Question 31: Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

A. The World Health Organization **B.** Smallpox Vaccinations

C. The Eradication of Smallpox **D.** Infectious Disease

Question 32: According to the passage, what was the strategy used to eliminate the spread of smallpox?

A. Vaccinations of entire villages **B.** Treatments of individual victims

C. Isolation of victims and mass vaccinations **D.** Extensive reporting of outbreak

Question 33: How was the public motivated to help health workers?

A. By educating them **B.** By rewarding them for reporting cases

C. By isolating them from others **D.** By giving them vaccination

Question 34: The word **"they"** in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

A. officials **B.** health workers **C.** victims **D.** cases

Question 35: The word **"isolated"** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. separated **B.** restored **C.** attended **D.** located

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Chuseok is one of the most important festivals in the Korean calendar. It takes place in the eighth month of the lunar calendar (in either September or October), on the night of the full moon. Chuseok is a time for family reunions and for people to **honour** and give thanks to their ancestors. **It** is also meant to celebrate nature and the large harvest that it has given them.

Nowadays, many people in Korea live and work in big cities like Seoul. During Chuseok, people who have moved away return to their hometowns in the countryside to celebrate together. The government gives everyone a day off from work before and after Chuseok. Many people spend those days traveling, so the roads are very busy during this period. A two-hour journey can easily turn into six hours!

At the family home, the day before Chuseok is spent cleaning the home and preparing food for ceremonies and family dinners. Women make songpyeon - moon-shaped rice cakes with a sweet **filling** - using new rice from the recent harvest. It is said that the woman who makes the most beautiful songpyeon will find a good-looking husband or give birth to a beautiful daughter. The songpyeon can take days to make, but now people can buy them easily in stores. The next day is Chuseok. People make an effort to dress nicely and wear traditional costume like the hanbok, although this is more common

among the older women. In the morning, food is placed on a special table dedicated to their ancestors, and families pay a visit to their graves. Later, traditional games like yut nori (a game of throwing sticks) and hwa-tu (a card game) are played. At night, the whole family goes outdoors under the full moon, and everyone eats and drinks until late. The third day is usually spent traveling back home and preparing to return to work or school. Like Thanksgiving and Lunar New Year, Chuseok is a time for families to reconnect with past traditions, as well as spend time with each other.

Question 36: What is the passage mainly about?

A. How Chuseok has changed over the years **B.** Chuseok festival in Korea

C. The Korean's ways to celebrate **D.** The most popular Korean celebrations

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Question 37: The word **"honour"** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. show respect **B.** take responsibility **C.** pay money **D.** give presents

Question 38: The word **"it"** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. lunar calendar **B.** nature **C.** Chuseok **D.** harvest

Question 39: What do people do on the day before Chuseok?

A. wear hanbok **B.** play games **C.** visit graves **D.** clean the house

Question 40: The word **"filling"** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. the food inside **B.** covering **C.** soft material **D.** taste

Question 41: According to the passage, in what way has Chuseok changed?

A. No young women wear hanbok during Chuseok.

B. People now eat songpyeon during Chuseok.

C. Women are the people who make songpyeon.

D. People can now buy songpyeon in stores.

Question 42: Which of the following is NOT part of the Chuseok celebrations?

A. making moon-shaped rice cakes **B.** dressing in nice clothes

C. going outdoors under the moon **D.** giving presents to family members

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: They are planning on attending the convention next month, and so I am.

A **B** **C** **D**

Question 44: Miss Stevens, along with her cousins from New Mexico, are planning to attend the festivities.

A **B** **C** **D**

Question 45: This job suits students whom want to work during holidays.

A **B** **C** **D**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: I wish I hadn't accepted the invitation to her birthday party.

A. I insisted on having been invited to her birthday party.

B. I regret accepting the invitation to her birthday party.

C. If only I had come to her birthday party.

D. I was very glad to accept the invitation to her birthday party.

Question 47: The man in that painting reminds me of my uncle.

A. Whenever my uncle sees the man in that painting, he misses me.

B. Whenever I see the man in that painting, I remember to meet my uncle.

C. Memories of my uncle come back whenever I see the man in that painting.

D. I am recalling my uncle whenever I look at the man in that painting.

Question 48: "Stop smoking or you'll be ill," the doctor told me.

A. The doctor advised me to give up smoking to avoid illness.

B. The doctor suggested smoking to treat illness.

C. I was warned against smoking a lot of cigarettes.

D. I was ordered not to smoke to recover from illness.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: The man is very old. He can't take such a long trip.

A. The old man has refused to take such a long trip.

B. The trip is not too long for the man to take.

C. The man is young enough to take such a long trip.

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D. The man is too old to take such a long trip.

Question 50: My mother is very busy with her work at the office. She still takes good care of us.

A. In spite of being very busy with her work at the office, my mother takes good care of us.

B. Because my mother is very busy with her work at the office, she takes good care of us.

C. My mother is so busy with her work at the office that she cannot take good care of us.

D. My mother is too busy with her work at the office to take good care of us.

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