

## UNIT 10. LIFELONG LEARNING

### TEST YOURSELF

#### I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. <u>genius</u>	B. <u>e</u> -learning	C. <u>email</u>	D. <u>employable</u>
2. A. <u>send</u>	B. <u>these</u>	C. <u>compete</u>	D. <u>complete</u>
3. A. <u>choice</u>	B. <u>charge</u>	C. <u>chase</u>	D. <u>chaos</u>
4. A. <u>down</u>	B. <u>throw</u>	C. <u>nowadays</u>	D. <u>how</u>
5. A. <u>facilitate</u>	B. <u>education</u>	C. <u>voluntary</u>	D. <u>motivated</u>
6. A. <u>legal</u>	B. <u>level</u>	C. <u>league</u>	D. <u>leader</u>
7. A. <u>plants</u>	B. <u>fields</u>	C. <u>trees</u>	D. <u>newspapers</u>

#### II. Choose the words that has the different stress from the others.

1. A. battery	B. conference	C. oversleep	D. barrier
2. A. landline	B. touchscreen	C. cyber	D. replace
3. A. visible	B. discussion	C. digital	D. seperate
4. A. adequate	B. ultimate	C. convenience	D. genius
5. A. flexibility	B. voluntarily	C. hospitality	D. technological
6. A. initiative	B. interaction	C. self-directed	D. overwhelming

#### III. Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence or replace the underlined word.

1. \_\_\_\_ the afternoon, mum feeds the chickens.  
A. Over      B. On      C. In      D. For
2. She was ill, \_\_\_\_ , she offered to help.  
A. although      B. because      C. therefore      D. however
3. Viet Nam, \_\_\_\_ is in the south-east Asia, exports rice.  
A. who      B. which      C. that      D. whose
4. We have English \_\_\_\_ Monday.  
A. in      B. on      C. at      D. for
5. I first met him a long time \_\_\_\_ .  
A. after      B. before      C. ago      D. already
6. Wisdom is not a product of schooling but of the lifelong \_\_\_\_ to acquire it.  
A. manage      B. hope      C. attempt      D. try
7. Asking the \_\_\_\_ questions can be more important than having the answers.  
A. actual      B. sure      C. true      D. right

8. Lifelong learning is really important to \_\_\_\_ the successful life and career you want and deserve.

A. invent      B. inventing      C. create      D. creating

9. \_\_\_\_ anyone call, would you please ask them to call back later?

A. If      B. Should      C. When      D. Unless

10. I wish I \_\_\_\_ Bob the money; he spent it all gambling.

A. didn't lend      B. wouldn't lend      C. hadn't lent      D. weren't lending

11. Teachers have to be very \_\_\_\_ when working with students who have varying needs.

A. flexible      B. reliable      C. applicable      D. capable

12. The plane would have landed easily \_\_\_\_ the thick fog.

A. unless      B. but for      C. because of      D. due to

13. Lifelong learners are \_\_\_\_ to learn and develop because they want to: it is a deliberate and voluntary act.

A. interested      B. motivated      C. stimulated      D. affected

14. Through reading you will never stop \_\_\_\_ and being amazed by the incredible creativity, and intelligence.

A. to understand      B. understanding      C. to learn      D. learning

15. Curiosity and lack of fear of \_\_\_\_ is what distinguishes bright people.

A. question      B. realism      C. comment      D. criticism

16. \_\_\_\_ you known he was a liar, would you have agreed to support him?

A. If      B. Since      C. Had      D. Did

17. If there \_\_\_\_ , the rice fields could have been more productive.

A. would be enough water      B. had had enough water  
C. had been enough water      D. were enough water

18. Without the traffic jam on the high way this morning, I \_\_\_\_ late for the meeting.

A. would be      B. would have been      C. hadn't been      D. wouldn't have been

19. The whole of life is learning, therefore, education can have no \_\_\_\_.

A. stops      B. lasts      C. endings      D. finals

20. If I had listened to my parents, I \_\_\_\_ at this job now.

A. wouldn't be working      B. wouldn't have worked  
C. don't have to work      D. am not working

21. "I have a headache." - "\_\_\_\_ you take an aspirin?"

A. Why don't      B. Why should      C. What should      D. What must

22. Without \_\_\_\_ it, he hindered us instead of \_\_\_\_ us.

A. realize - help      B. realizing - helping      C. to realize - to help      D. realizing - to help

23. Lifelong learning can enhance our understanding of the world around us, provide us with more and better \_\_\_\_\_ and improve our quality of life.

A. events      B. occasions      C. opportunities      D. incidents

24. If you \_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you wouldn't be in this mess right now.

A. had listened      B. will listen      C. listen      D. listened

25. Having read the passage three times, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. it was difficulty for me to understand      B. I still couldn't understand its main idea  
C. the main idea of it was not clear to me      D. it made me confused about its main idea

26. There was no one else at the post office. I \_\_\_\_\_ in a queue.

A. didn't need to wait      B. mustn't wait      C. needn't have waited      D. needn't wait

**IV. Give the correct form of the word to complete the following sentences.**

1. Read about ..... in the world, read about what others are doing. INNOVATE

2. Health experts say that regular stretching improves one's ..... and reduces injuries. FLEXIBLE

3. Medical students generally have an ..... amount of homework to do. OVERWHELM

4. The new computer-controlled traffic system should facilitate ..... into the suburbs during rush hour. MOVE

5. The ..... goal of this course is to make you fluent in English. ULTIMATED

6. Doing volunteer work offers you the ..... to get valuable work experience. OPPORTUNATE

7. ..... we are responsible for our own learning. ULTIMATE

8. She took advantage of our ..... and stayed a whole month without paying us anything. HOSPITAL

9. Adults who are ..... enough will overcome the barriers of lifelong learning. MOTIVATIVE

10. The young worker showed a lot of ..... in making an important decision that was required while his boss was unavailable. INITIATE

**V. Give the right tense or form of these following verbs.**

1. Would your children mind (keep) ..... quiet for a moment. I'm trying (fill) ..... in a form.

2. Many people still refuse to believe that smoking is (harm) .....

3. I don't like that film. It is very (bore) .....

4. Picture books are very (help) ..... in developing children's habit of reading.

5. His (behave) ..... has not improved much.
6. The (pure) ..... of water will be tested.
7. Sleeping all, eating too much and never going out is (health) .....
8. To drive fast at an intersection is (danger) .....
9. Magnets will (attractive) ..... most metals.
10. She is a (collect) ..... of theater programmers.

**VI. Choose the underlined words which need correcting then correct the mistake.**

1. She asked me if I live in Hanoi.

A      B      C      D

2. If you work hard, you would get good marks.

A      B      C      D

3. A meeting will held next week by the committee.

A      B      C      D

4. Mrs. Lien, whom sings very well, is my teacher of English.

A      B      C      D

5. The boys are playing soccer over there are from class 9A.

A      B      C      D

6. I really wish we can make a trip around the world.

A      B      C      D

7. Don't ask me. If I knew the answer, I will tell you right now.

A      B      C      D

8. If today was Sunday, we could spend a day out in the country.

A      B      C      D

9. Listen to the weather forecast. It says that it would rain tonight.

A      B      C      D

10. The man whom was televised last night is the principle of our school.

A      B      C      D

**VII. Fill in the blank with a suitable word in the box.**

Education plays a vital (1) \_\_\_\_ in the development of humanity and society. It directly influences a nation's prosperity, awareness of the world, and ability to change. (2) \_\_\_\_ the tradition of academic excellence in Vietnam and respecting the national education and progressive ideas of the ancestors, President Ho Chi Minh said: "For the sake of ten years, plant trees, for the sake of 100 years, cultivate people".

President Ho Chi Minh's education philosophy (3) \_\_\_\_ his own (4) \_\_\_\_ concepts. He said, "Learning is a lifelong ambition. No one can claim to know enough or know all". President Ho Chi Minh was an example of the spirit of lifelong learning: "I am now 71 years old, but I still keep learning every day".

UNESCO (5) \_\_\_\_ a new slogan of "lifelong learning" in 1996. However, President Ho Chi Minh introduced this idea of "lifelong learning" 35 years earlier. The purpose of this comparison highlights the fact that many aspects of Ho Chi Minh's educational philosophy have (6) \_\_\_\_ unchanged because they are so visionary.

In 1996, UNESCO proposed four pillars of education for the twenty-first century, which are: "learn to have knowledge, learn to work, learn to live together, and learn to (7) \_\_\_\_ personality". These four pillars can be (8) \_\_\_\_ as the truth and philosophy of education around the world in the modern era. In fact, these principles were also proposed by President Ho Chi Minh in September of 1949, on the front page of The Yellow Book, when he (9) \_\_\_\_ Nguyen Ai Quoc National School: "Learn to work, learn to humans, and to be cadres. Learn to serve the masses and all classes of people, for the fatherland and mankind." Such a statement reveals the incredible insight of Ho Chi Minh's philosophy and its (10) \_\_\_\_ in the face of global change and national renewal.

1. A. learner	B. keeper	C. user	D. role
2. A. Acknowledging	B. Taking	C. Processing	D. Reciting
3. A. found	B. realized	C. offered	D. made
4. A. live	B. lively	C. livable	D. visionary
5. A. recognized	B. proposed	C. remembered	D. foretold
6. A. determined	B. provided	C. remained	D. pulled
7. A. shape	B. promote	C. encourage	D. teach
8. A. voluntary	B. improved	C. directed	D. seen
9. A. approved	B. visited	C. believed	D. taken
10. A. access	B. availability	C. persistence	D. responsibility

### **VIII. Choose the best answer to complete the text.**

heightens	reminded	motivated	alive	preparation
seeker	absorbing	drive	accepted	cradle

Becoming a (1) ..... of lifelong learning is critical in today's fast-changing world. Learning is not only a matter of (2) ..... information but a process of developing many other internal skills, like curiosity, perseverance, and the ability to tackle tough challenges.

Thanks to research in neuroscience and human development, scientists can now explain how learning happens from (3) ..... to grave. It turns out that lifelong learning is a natural part of being (4) ..... When we think of scholars like Socrates, Einstein, or Aristotle, we are (5) ..... of great learners and their eternal quest for knowledge. But how do we develop the quest for lifelong learning in

children and teens - the internal (6) ..... that propels them to embrace the practice of learning throughout a lifetime?

As children develop toward adolescence, changes occur in the brain that (7) ..... their abilities to learn. Teens become capable of thinking more critically, solving more complex problems, and weighing difficult decisions. But in order to utilize these new abilities for lifelong learning teens must be internally (8) ..... They must learn because it feels good, not just because they want to get (9) ..... at a good college. The (10) ..... for lifelong learning starts at a young age.

**IX. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 8.**

If parents bring up a child with the sole aim of turning the child into a genius, they will cause a disaster. According to several leading educational psychologists, this is one of the biggest mistakes which ambitious parents make. Generally, the child will be only too aware of what his parents expect, and will fail. Unrealistic parental expectations can cause great damage to children.

However, if parents are not too unrealistic about what they expect their children to do, but are ambitious in a sensible way, the child may succeed in doing very well - especially if the parents are very supportive of their child.

Michael Collins is very lucky. He is **crazy about** music, and his parents help him a lot by taking him to concerts and arranging private piano and violin lessons for him. **They** even drive him 50 kilometers twice a week for violin lessons. Michael's mother knows very little about music, but his father plays the trumpet in a large orchestra. However, he never makes Michael enter music competitions if he is unwilling.

Winston Smith, Michael's friend, however, is not so lucky. Both his parents are successful musicians, and they set too high a standard for Winston. They want their son to be as successful as they are and so they enter him for every piano competition held. They are very unhappy when he does not win. Winston is always afraid that he will disappoint his parents and now he always seems quiet and unhappy.

1. One of the serious mistakes parents can make is to \_\_\_\_.

A. push their child into trying too much.	B. help their child to become a genius.
C. make their child become a musician.	D. neglect their child's education.

2. Who have criticized the methods of some ambitious parents?

A. Successful musicians.	B. Unrealistic parents.
C. Their children.	D. Educational psychologists.

3 Michael Collins is fortunate in that \_\_\_\_.

A. his father is a musician.	B. his parents are quite rich.
C. his parents help him in a sensible way.	D. his mother knows little about music.

4 The phrase "**crazy about**" in the paragraph 3 mostly means \_\_\_\_.

A. surprised at	B. extremely interested in
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**X. Read the following passage and choose among A, B, C or D the correct answer to each of the questions.**

In my experience, freshmen today are different from those I knew when I started as a counselor and professor 25 years ago. College has always been demanding both academically and socially. But students now are less mature and often not ready for the responsibility of being in college.

It is really too easy to point the finger at parents who protect their children from life's obstacle. Parents, who handle every difficulty and every other responsibility for their children writing admission essays to picking college courses, certainly may contribute to their children's lack of coping strategies. But we can look even more broadly to the social trends of today.

How many people do you know who are **on medication** to prevent anxiety or depression? The number of students who arrive at college already medicated for unwanted emotions has increased dramatically in the past 10 years. We, as a society, don't want to "feel" anything unpleasant and we certainly don't want our children to "suffer".

The resulting problem is that by not experiencing negative emotions, one does not learn the necessary skills to tolerate and negotiate adversity. As a psychologist, I am well aware of the fact that some individuals suffer from depression and anxiety and can benefit from treatment, but I question the growing number of medicated adolescents today.

Our world is more stressful in general because of the current economic and political realities, but I don't believe that the college experience itself is more intense today than that of the past 10 years. What I do think is that many students are often not prepared to be young "adults" with all the responsibilities of life.

What does this mean for college faculty and staff? We are required to assist in the basic parenting of these students - the student who complains that the professor didn't remind her of the due date for an assignment that was clearly listed on the syllabus and the student who cheats on an assignment in spite of careful

instructions about plagiarism.

As college professors, we have to explain what it means to be an independent college student before we can even begin to teach. As parents and teachers we should expect young people to meet challenges. To encourage them in this direction, we have to step back and let them fail and pick themselves up and move forward. This approach needs to begin at an early age so that college can actually be a passage to independent adulthood.

1. According to the writer, students today are different from those she knew in that they are \_\_\_\_.  
A. too ready for college      B. not as mature  
C. not so academic      D. responsible for their work
2. The word "**handle**" in paragraph 2 mostly means \_\_\_\_.  
A. deal with      B. gain benefits from      C. lend a hand to      D. point at
3. According to the writer, students' difficulties to cope with college life are partly due to \_\_\_\_.  
A. the absence of parents' protection      B. the lack of parental support  
C. the over-parenting from parents      D. the lack of financial support
4. The phrase "**on medication**" in paragraph 3 is similar in meaning to \_\_\_\_.  
A. studying medicine at college      B. doing medical research  
C. receiving medical treatment      D. suffering anxiety from depression
5. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?  
A. College faculty and staff are required to help in the parenting of problematic students.  
B. The college experience itself is more intense today than that of the past 10 years.  
C. Our world is more stressful because of the current economic and political situation.  
D. Our society certainly doesn't want our children to experience unpleasant things.
6. Students who are not well-prepared to be young "adults" with all the responsibilities of life will need \_\_\_\_.  
A. to be assigned more housework from adults      B. to be given more social responsibilities  
C. to be encouraged to meet challenges      D. daily coaching from their teachers
7. According to the writer, failure in life and less support from parents will \_\_\_\_.  
A. help students to learn to stand on their own feet  
B. allow students to learn the first lesson in their lives  
C. defeat students from the very beginning  
D. discourage students and let them down forever
8. What is probably the writer's attitude in the passage?  
A. Praising      B. Indifferent      C. Humorous      D. Critical

