

Unit 2 Review

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My parents _____ in China.

A are born B were born C was born

- 1 I _____ my wallet when I was on holiday last year.
A lost B 've been losing C 've lost
- 2 He _____ a lot of money when his grandfather died.
A 's inherited B been inheriting C inherited
- 3 She _____ had a bank account for five years now.
A had B has C have
- 4 I've been playing football _____ I was six years old.
A when B since C for
- 5 Have you _____ been to South America?
A ever B yet C before
- 6 Have you _____? There's blue paint in your hair!
A been painting B painting C painted
- 7 It's 11.00 a.m. and I _____ half an hour of work this morning!
A did B 've been doing C 've done
- 8 A Can I speak to Peter, please?
B Sorry, he's _____ gone out.
A just B ever C yet
- 9 You look tired. What _____?
A you have been doing B have you doing C have you been doing
- 10 Why is he asking for money again? I _____ him £50 two days ago!
A 've lent B lent C lend
- 11 I haven't finished my exams _____. I've got two more next week.
A already B yet C soon
- 12 How long have they _____ going out together?
A been B already C be
- 13 Alan _____ a lot of money when he was a student.
A borrowed B has borrowed C has been borrowing
- 14 A When _____ on holiday to Thailand?
B Two years ago.
A did you go B have you gone C you went
- 15 She _____ saved enough money for a car. She needs another 500 euros.
A hadn't B hasn't C has
- 16 We _____ far too much on our holiday last year.
A 've spent B been spending C spent
- 17 How much money _____ you earn last month?
A did B have C do
- 18 I haven't seen her _____ last summer. How is she?
A since B for C until
- 19 We've been living in this house _____ four years now.
A from B since C for
- 20 A Would you like a cup of tea?
B No, thanks. I've _____ one.
A just have B had just C just had

Unit 2 Review

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with money words.

Example: Could I _____ £10 until tomorrow, please?

A lend B borrow C give

- 1 My parents have just finished paying the _____ on their house.
A bill B salary C mortgage
- 2 I want to _____ some money, so I'm looking for a high interest account.
A invest B raise C earn
- 3 Here's the money you _____ me last week – thank you.
A lent B borrowed C owed
- 4 This ring isn't _____ a lot of money, but I love it!
A cost B afford C worth
- 5 I bought this book yesterday. It _____ £20.
A spent B cost C charged
- 6 We can't afford the _____ for private education.
A costs B fees C charges
- 7 We managed to get a _____ to buy a new car.
A loan B mortgage C cheque

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

Example: She spent €500 _____ new shoes yesterday.

A from B up C on

- 8 I hate shopping _____ clothes.
A to B by C for
- 9 My brother borrowed £10 _____ me last month.
A from B by C to
- 10 It isn't a good idea to get _____ debt.
A for B into C on
- 11 He paid for dinner _____ cash.
A in B for C by
- 12 The hotel charged me €25 _____ a two-minute phone call!
A for B of C from
- 13 Tina still hasn't paid me _____ the money I lent her!
A with B back C up

c Tick (✓) the synonym of the adjectives.

Example: very small

A tiny B terrified C enormous

- 14 very dirty
A furious B filthy C hilarious
- 15 very angry
A positive B starving C furious
- 16 very pleased
A delighted B amazed C delicious
- 17 very hungry
A terrified B starving C boiling
- 18 very big
A boiling B awful C enormous
- 19 very funny
A positive B hilarious C delighted