



For the majority of (1) **homeowners / houseowners**, the purchase of their property is financed by a **mortgage**. The bank or building society which lends the money to buy a property is called a mortgage (2) **lender / giver** or **mortgagee**. The person who borrows money in the form of a mortgage is called a mortgage (3) **borrower / taker** or **mortgagor**.

There are several different types of mortgage (4) **in / on** the market. Probably the most common is a **repayment mortgage**, in which the (5) **capital sum / capital price** and the interest are paid in (6) **instalments / pieces** over a long period (for example 25 years).

An alternative is an **interest-only** mortgage, in which the interest is paid, and the capital sum is (7) **repaid / paid** in another way, for example in an endowment assurance policy. This type of mortgage is known as **endowment mortgage**.

With an **offset mortgage**, the mortgage borrower's (8) **daily / current** account is combined with her/his mortgage. Provided the current account is usually (9) **in / with** credit, this can reduce the interest repayments (10) **on / for** the mortgage.