



I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others'.

1. A. <u>leave</u>	B. <u>break</u>	C. <u>repeat</u>	D. <u>peaceful</u>
2. A. <u>cinema</u>	B. <u>city</u>	C. <u>central</u>	D. <u>cathedral</u>
3. A. <u>great</u>	B. <u>clean</u>	C. <u>treat</u>	D. <u>beach</u>
4. A. <u>writes</u>	B. <u>makes</u>	C. <u>takes</u>	D. <u>drives</u>
5. A. <u>cupboard</u>	B. <u>boarding</u>	C. <u>biscuit</u>	D. <u>climbing</u>

II. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.



11. We need _____ to fix this vase.

A. many glues B. some glues C. a glue D. some glue

12. I don't know _____ about the world's geography.

A. some B. much C. many D. any

13. – _____ do you play table tennis?
– Once a week.

A. How much B. How often C. How far D. How long

14. Trung wants to become a musician. He thinks it is _____ than anything else.

A. interesting B. more interesting
C. less interesting D. as interesting

15. There are _____ buildings in this city. There aren't enough parks for children.

A. many B. much C. a D. any

16. – _____
– First turn right, then turn left. It's on your right.

A. I don't know any bakery near here.
B. Can you tell me the way to the nearest bakery?
C. Do you know there's a bakery near here?
D. I want to go to a bakery in your neighbourhood.



17. Duong _____ piano lessons every Saturday.
A. plays B. goes C. studies D. has

18. Her _____ very curly.
A. hair is B. hairs are C. hair are D. hairs is

19. Could you pass me _____, please?
A. a salt B. some salt C. some salts D. salts

20. There is _____ cheese in the fridge.
A. any B. few C. some D. a

III. Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

1. Forest is being cleared to make way for new fanning land.
A. Plant B. Animal C. River D. Wood

2. The cold weather has made it necessary to protect the crops.
A. popular B. essential C. incredible D. unbelievable

IV. Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

1. Food in this country is getting very expensive.
A. fresh B. rare C. overpriced D. cheap

2. My computer is noticeably slower than before.
A. faster B. lower C. shorter D. higher

V. Choose the underlined part that needs correcting in each sentence below.

1. My Dad often going to work very early every morning.
A B C D

2. Please be quiet! The baby will sleep.
A B C D

3. My older brother gets married next month.
A B C D

4. There aren't a park in this village.
A B C D

5. Nam often makes judo after school at 5 pm.
A B C D



VI. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

narrow	cold	important	dangerous	fast
--------	------	-----------	-----------	------

1. It's in the north of Viet Nam than in the south.
2. Is a snake than a dog?
3. Doing homework is than playing video games.
4. The streets in my neighbourhood are than in your neighbourhood.
5. Travelling by air is than travelling by bus.

VII. Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, or C for each blank.

Trang An in Ninh Binh is a charming and (1) site in Viet Nam. The whole picture of Trang An has limestone mountains, forests and golden rice fields. The valleys here are amazingly beautiful like colourful carpets. There are (2) running along these valleys, reflecting the blue sky above. Making boat trips is a perfect way to fully enjoy the (3) here. There are also tens of wonderful natural caves that you should (4) on foot. Many world (5) call Trang An "Ha Long Bay on the land".

1. A. fantastic	B. active	C. smart
2. A. lakes	B. seas	C. rivers
3. A. scenery	B. surrounding	C. neighbourhood
4. A. enjoy	B. explore	C. look
5. A. goers	B. tours	C. travellers



VIII. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D.

Do you sometimes have problems with your neighbours such as noise or littering? Well, the people of Pilton in Somerset, England have such problems every summer. For three or four days every year, the village is full of people of all ages who come here for the annual Glastonbury pop music festival. They usually stay in tents, caravans and motorhomes. They leave drink cans and papers all over the streets. The music plays until the early hours of the morning, and you can hear people talking and singing all night. The quiet country village becomes a nightmare to live in and some villagers are even thinking of moving to another village. A villager said last year: "I don't want to stop the Glastonbury Festival. I just want the fans to enjoy the festival without disturbing normal village life."

1. What happens in Pilton, Somerset every summer?
A. The neighbours are noisy. B. There is a pop music festival.
C. The villagers litter the streets. D. There are many villagers.
2. Visitors litter the streets with _____.
A. tents B. motorhomes C. cans and papers D. caravans
3. How long is the pop music festival every year?
A. The whole year. B. One night
C. Three or four days. D. The whole summer.
4. What is Pilton like during the rest of the year?
A. A music concert. B. A nightmare.
C. A noisy place. D. A quiet village.
5. The villagers just want to _____.
A. have a normal life as usual
C. move far away B. stop the fans enjoying the festival
D. put an end to the festival



IX. Write sentences, using the comparative form of the adjectives.

1. Mai / intelligent / Kien.

2. My brother / strong / my sister.

3. My school / big / my brother's school.

4. Living in the city / exciting / living in the countryside.

5. Peter's exam results / bad / Nick's exam results.

X. Rewrite the following sentences, use the words given or the beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

1. There are some chairs and a table in the kitchen.

→ We have

2. Quang is lazier than Ha. (HARD-WORKING)

→

3. It is wrong of us to throw rubbish.

→ We mustn't

4. A city is noisier than a village. (PEACEFUL)

→

5. It is necessary for us to be present at the class discussion on Saturday.

→ We must.....