

REVIEW UNIT 6

Exercise 1: Choose the word which is pronounced differently from the others.

1.	A. century	B. major	C. arrange	D. village
2.	A. culture	B. nature	C. choose	D. January
3.	A. jump	B. question	C. gigantic	D. danger
4.	A. language	B. miniature	C. mutual	D. picture
5.	A. edging	B. orange	C. joke	D. temperature
6.	A. church	B. nurture	C. gymnastic	D. gesture
7.	A. jeep	B. cherry	C. juice	D. geology
8.	A. bridge	B. match	C. chain	D. fixture
9.	A. jacket	B. badge	C. creature	D. July
10.	A. picture	B. literature	C. cheap	D. college

Exercise 2: Choose the best option to fill in the blank.

1. was built of wood on a single stone post.
A. Khue Van Pavilion B. One Pillar Pagoda
C. Imperial Academy D. World Heritage Site
2. The in Hanoi is the area with busy streets and lots of shops as well as restaurants.
A. Doctors' stone tablets B. Emperor
C. Temple of Literature D. Old Quarter
3. He finally received the that he deserved for his teaching career.
A. recognition B. relic
C. scholar D. site
4. The red rose is a beauty and romantic love.
A. scholar B. doctoral
C. symbol D. tomb
5. Cambridge University was founded in 1209 by a group of from the University of Oxford.
A. Emperor B. scholars
C. relics D. statues

6. When their leader died, they placed his body in a large
A. tomb B. site
C. symbol D. doctorate

7. Staying in a is a great way to be in the fresh air and still be comfortable.
A. locate B. tent
C. compass D. build

8. If you know how to use a, you won't get lost in the forest.
A. blanket B. camera
C. tent D. compass

9. In July 1976, Saigon was officially Ho Chi Minh City.
A. regarded B. renamed
C. built D. grown

10. They a statue in memory of Vo Thi Sau.
A. erected B. surrounded
C. recognized D. considered

11. The old temple was in 1962 on the same site.
A. located B. consisted
C. reconstructed D. surrounded

12. Stacey is as one of the world's best players at the age of 25.
A. grown B. built
C. consisted D. regarded

Exercise 3: Complete the sentences in passive voice.

1. Thomas washes the dishes.
The dishes by Thomas.
2. Frank feeds the dogs.
The dogs by Frank.
3. Maria prepares the food.
The food by Maria.
4. David cleans the kitchen.

The kitchen by David.

5. My father pays the bills.
The bills by my father.

6. The gardener trims the bushes.
The bushes by the gardener.

7. Helen sets the table.
The table by Helen.

8. My mother waters the plants.
The plants by my mother.

9. Arthur does the laundry.
The laundry by Arthur.

10. My uncle drives us to school.
We to school by my uncle.

Exercise 4: Put the verb in brackets in the correct form: passive voice or active voice.

1. Spanish (speak) in many countries.
2. Mr. Jones (watch) films.
3. The cars (repair) by that man.
4. The kitchen (clean) every day.
5. The people (speak) English.
6. Many tools (produce) from plastic
7. He (read) comics.
8. We (play) volleyball.
9. Paper (make) from wood.
10. They (sing) the song.

Exercise 5: Put the verb in brackets in the correct form: passive voice or active voice.

1. I (drive) to school by my mother.
2. I (take) a bath in the evening.
3. She (do) the housework.

4. The cows (feed) every morning.
5. The shop (close) by the manager.
6. The policemen (help) the children.
7. He (write) poems.
8. I (take) to the hospital every week.
9. The presidents (elect) by the people.
10. Mother (water) the flowers

Exercise 6: Read and decide if each statement is true or false or not given.

The Temple of Literature is often cited as one of Hanoi's most picturesque tourist attractions. Originally built as a university in 1070 dedicated to Confucius, the building is extremely well preserved and is a nice example: of traditional-style Vietnamese architecture. This ancient site offers a lake of literature, the Well of Heavenly Clarity, turtle steles, pavilions, courtyards and passageways that were used by royalty. Visiting the Temple of Literature, you will discover historic buildings from the Ly and Tran dynasties in a place that has trained thousands of doctors' graduate. It is now become a memorial to education and literature. Originally the university only accepted royal family members as students before opening its doors to brighter students. Successful graduates had their names engraved on a stone stelae which can be found on top of the stone turtles.

No. Statements	T	F	NG
1. The Temple of Literature is one of Vietnam's most picturesque tourist attractions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. The Temple of Literature worships Confucius.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. The Temple of Literature is a bad Example: of traditional-style Vietnamese architecture.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. The Well of Heavenly Clarity, turtle stelae, pavilions, courtyards and passageways were used by normal family members.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. The Temple of literature used to be a memorial to education and health.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Students of normal families are allowed to study at The Temple of Literature before princes.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

7. There were totally 70 princes who were trained in the Temple of literature.
8. Now visitors are used to touching the stone stelae to get luck.