

I. Change the relative clauses to phrases.

1. Do you know the woman who is coming toward us?

2. The road that joins the two villages is very narrow.

3. Most of the goods that are made in this factory are exported.

4. My grandmother, who is old and sick, never goes out of the house.

5. Kuala Lumpur, which is the capital city of Malaysia, is a major trade center in Southeast Asia.

6. The woman who lived here before us is a romantic novelist.

7. The scientists who are researching the causes of cancer are making progress.

8. Our solar system is in a galaxy that is called the Milky Way.

9. All students who don't hand in their papers will fail in the exam.

10. Simon Bolivar, who was a great South American general, led the fight for independence early in the 19th century.

11. Some of the people who have been invited to the party can't come.

12. Ann is the woman who is responsible for the error.

13. Mr. Jackson, who has been working in the company for over ten years, was nominated as the new director.

14. English has an alphabet that consists of 26 letters.

15. We noticed a pile of stones which had been left in the road.

II. Change the relative clauses to phrases, using to-infinitive or infinitive phrases (for + 0 + to-infinitive).

1. We used to have a room in which we could play music.

2. The child will be happier if he has someone that he can play with.

3. David was the only person who offered his help.

4. We had to sit on the ground because we hadn't anything that we could sit on.

5. She didn't have anyone to whom she could send cards.

6. There is a big yard that your children can play in.

7. Emma Thompson is the most famous actress who will appear on stage here.

8. We have some picture books that children can read.

9. He was the second man who was killed in this way.

10. Here are some novels that she should read.
