

Unit 2. Leave-taking (Berpisah)

Leave-taking, dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti berpisah, digunakan untuk basa-basi pada waktu berpisah. Berikut ini beberapa cara penggunaan *leave-taking* beserta cara meresponsnya.

Meeting and Greeting	Initiating (mengutarakan maksud)	Response (Jawaban)
	I think I should be going be on my way be getting on my way get going (Saya kira saya harus pergi sekarang)	(now). I should get going too. (Saya juga harus pergi) Well, it's been (really) nice seeing you again. (Menyenangkan telah bertemu Anda lagi)
	I've (really) got to go got to be going got to run get going (Saya [betul-betul] harus pergi sekarang)	I'll see you soon. later. tomorrow. next week. (Saya akan menemuimu nanti/besok/minggu depan) Let's get together soon. keep in touch. stay in touch. (Mari kumpul-kumpul lagi secepatnya/tetap berhubungan.)
	I'd (really) better go now. (Saya sebaiknya pergi sekarang) I (really) have to need to should must go run get going (Saya [betul-betul] harus pergi sekarang)	I'll call you. (Saya akan telpon kamu)
	Sorry I have to rush off like this. (Maaf saya harus buru-buru) I'd love to continue this conversation but ... (Saya ingin terus ngobrol, tapi, ...) Good bye. (selamat tinggal) Bye. (dah ...) Bye-bye. (dadah) See you. (sampai jumpa) Cheerio. (sampai jumpa) Take care. (jaga diri) Take it easy. (hati-hati) So long. (sampai jumpa) Farewell. (selamat tinggal) So long. (sampai bertemu lagi)	Good bye. (selamat tinggal) Bye. (dah ...) Bye-bye. (dadah) See you. (sampai jumpa) Cheerio. (sampai jumpa) Take care. (jaga diri) Take it easy. (hati-hati) So long. (sampai jumpa) Farewell. (selamat tinggal) So long. (sampai bertemu lagi)

Soal-soal kompetensi *Leave-taking*

Choose the best answer.

(Pilihlah jawaban yang paling tepat)

- All of the leave-taking following expressions are correct, EXCEPT _____.
A. I think I must be going now
B. I am afraid. It is time for me to leave
C. We have had a wonderful time
D. I am sorry, I have to leave now
- Titin : "Will you have some more tea, please?"
Mahrum : "No, thank you. Well, it's nearly 10 o'clock. _____. Good night."
A. We have to leave now
B. You have to leave now
C. I think it's time for me to go now
D. I don't think I have to go now
- Jusuf : "I'm afraid I'll have to go now."
Kalla : "Do you have to go so soon?"
Jusuf : "Yes, good night, Kalla."
Kalla : "Good night. See you tomorrow."
The underlined utterance means that Jusuf wanted ____ Kalla.
A. to meet
B. to invite
C. to leave
D. introduce
- Teacher : "Is there anything else you want to know?"
Students : "That's all I want to know."
Teacher : "Alright, then see you tomorrow, class!"
The underlined utterance expresses _____.
A. greeting
B. apologizing
C. congratulation
D. leave taking
- Nazwa is at the railway station to see Shihab off to study in Singapore.
Nazwa : "Well, I'm afraid it's time to say good bye. Have a good journey, Shihab! Don't forget to write me letters."
Shihab : "I won't, _____ Nazwa."
A. well done dear
B. Congratulation
C. see you tomorrow
D. good bye
- Before Seanu goes to bed, he says to his parents:
A. Thank you
B. Good night
C. Good bye
D. So long
- You are sending a friend off at the airport. He is going on a holiday. Just before he boards the plane, you say to him:
A. Drive carefully!
B. Have a good time!
C. Do come again!
D. Have a safe journey!
- It's 9 p.m. Nancy is going to bed, so she says to other members of the family:
A. Bye-bye
B. Good-bye
C. Good night
D. Good evening
- Girl: "I'm afraid it is already late at night."
Boy: "Oh, yes. I _____ now."
Girl: "Take care."
Boy: "I'll call you."
A. really must go
B. don't have to leave
C. return here
D. will keep staying
- Setiawan : "You know, I think I should be getting on my way."
Djuharie : "I should get going too."
Setiawan : "_____"
A. Cheerio
B. Please leave
C. Chase me away
D. Just go