

# GERUND AND INFINITIVE

## I. FUNCTIONS OF GERUND (chức năng của Gerund):

### 1. Subject for a verb : (làm chủ ngữ của động từ ).

EX: Swimming is good for your health.

Smoking is not good for your health.

### 2. Object for some verbs (làm tân ngữ cho động từ) :

admit, advise, anticipate, appreciate, avoid, complete, consider, delay, deny, discuss, dislike, enjoy, finish, can't help, can't bear, can't stand, keep, mention, mind, miss, postpone, practice, quit, recall, recommend, resent, suggest, hate, love, like, start, begin, forget, remember, stop, regret, continue, acknowledge, endure(cam chịu), imagine, justify, resist(chống lại), feel like, forgive, risk, tolerate.

S + V+ GERUND (V-ING) + O.

Ex: I like playing football. She admited stealing a bike. Nam can't stand living alone.

### 3. Object for preposition (làm tân ngữ cho giới từ):

tobe interested in: thích, quan tâm

tobe fond of: thích

tobe bored with: buồn chán

tobe fed up with: thích

tobe afraid of: sợ

tobe surprised at: ngạc nhiên

tobe worried about: lo lắng

tobe amused at: thích

tobe amazed at: ngạc nhiên

tobe famous for: nổi tiếng

tobe different from: khác với

tobe good/ bad at: giỏi/ tệ về...

tobe excited at/ about: thích thú

tobe frightened of: sợ hãi

tobe keen on: thích

tobe pleased with: hài lòng với

tobe exhausted at: mệt

tobe busy with: bận rộn với

tobe absent from: vắng mặt

to rely on: phụ thuộc vào

tobe present at: có mặt

tobe tired of: mệt mỏi

tobe terrified of: khiếp sợ

tobe nervous of: lo lắng

tobe successful in: thành công ...

to be used to: quen với

to get used to: quen với

to think of/ about: suy nghĩ về

to give up: từ bỏ

to depend on: phụ thuộc vào

to insist on: khăng khăng

tobe relaxed with: thư giãn

S + cụm giới từ + VING + O.

EX: I am interested in playing football.

Gerund

They are fond of watching films.

Gerund

## 4. Object for some phrases and expressions

look forward to, It's no use, It's no good, It's worth, have difficulty + gerund.

EX: I am looking forward to seeing you again.

It's no use/ It's no good asking him for help.

It's worth buying that book.

I have difficulty finding a job in this city.

## 5. Một số động từ + to V / Ving vẫn không thay đổi nghĩa:

begin, start, hate, prefer, continue, like, intend, attempt.

EX: I hate to see you = I hate seeing you.

## 6. Một số động từ + to V / Ving vẫn thay đổi nghĩa: stop , remember, forget, regret, try.

a. Stop + to Vo: dừng việc đang làm để làm việc khác.

Stop + Ving : dừng hẳn việc đang làm

EX: My father stopped to help me with the housework.

My father stopped smoking 3 years ago.

b. Remember + to Vo: nhớ việc chưa làm

Remember + Ving: nhớ việc đã làm trong quá khứ.

EX: We always remember to turn off the lights before going out.

I remember meeting you somewhere already.

c. Forget + to Vo : quên không làm việc gì.

Forget + Ving : quên việc đã làm.

Ex: Oh, I forgot to send your letter. I am sorry.

I forgot lending you my dictionary yesterday.

d. Regret + to Vo: thông báo tin không vui.

Regret + Ving: hối tiếc việc đã làm trong quá khứ

EX: I regret to tell you that you have failed the exams.

I regret lending him some money. He will never pay me back.

e. Try + to Vo : cố gắng

Try + Ving: thử

EX: I try to study hard to pass the exams.

He tried eating the food I cooked. It was terrible.

## 7. S + allow, advise, forbid, permit, recommend + O + TOVo

S + allow, advise, forbid, permit, recommend + VING

**S + be allowed, advise, forbidden, permitted, recommended + TOVo**

EX: Sorry, we don't allow smoking in this room.

I wouldn't advise taking the car.

## II. INFINITIVE WITH TO:

### 1. Làm chủ ngữ:

Eg: **To love** is to give.

**To find** my house is easy.

**To save** money now is necessary.

### 2. Bổ ngữ:

Eg: Our duty is **to study** harder.

### 3. làm tân ngữ S + V + to Vo ...

afford, agree, appear, attempt, arrange, ask, beg, care, claim, decide, demand, expect, fail, hesitate, hope, learn, manage, need, offer, plan, prepare, pretend, promise, refuse, seem, struggle, threaten, volunteer, wait, want, wish.

EX: I agreed to help him. He threatened to call the police.

### 4. Verbs followed by a pro(noun) + an infinitive:

advise, allow, ask, arrange, beg, cause, challenge, convince, dare, encourage, expect, forbid, force, hire, invite, need, order, permit, persuade, remind, require, tell, urge, want, warn, teach, instruct (hướng dẫn), get, would like, would prefer

\*: S + V + O + to Vo ...

EX: I advised me to study hard. He allowed his son to go out.

### 5. Sau các tính từ:

unable, afraid, amused, annoyed, anxious, astonished, certain, delighted, determined, eager, easy, good, glad, grateful, happy, hard, fortunate, pleased, prepared, ready, safe, surprised, wonderful, worry...

Eg: I'm glad to see you again.

We are unable to solve the problem.

### 6. Chæm muiç nhich:

EX: We study hard **to pass** the exam.

We go to school **to widen** our knowledge.

## III. INFINITIVE WITHOUT TO:

### 1. Sau động từ khiêm khuyết: can, may, must, will, shall, could, should, might, ought to, would...

Eg: He **can** speak 3 languages.

### 2. sau động từ chỉ giác quan: feel, hear, see, watch, let, perceive = notice, mark, observe, behold, hard at...

Eg: I saw him unlock the door.

He made me study hard.

She let the ball fall onto the floor.

### \* **Feel, hear, see, watch** O+ V-ING khi hành động còn tiếp diễn

Eg: I hear someone knocking at the front door.

I saw the man walking down the street.

### 3. Sau had better, would rather, have to, used to.

Eg: We would rather wait till tomorrow.

You had better put your money in the bank.

### 4. NEED (cần), NEEDN'T (không cần)

S + người + need + to Vo

S + vật + need + VING/ TO BE VED/ V3

S + NEEDN'T + Vo

EX: Mai needs to buy some salt and sugar.

She needn't walk to work, she has a bike.

This car needs repairing/ to be repaired.

### 5. Sau: make, help, let + O + V

#### a. make

**S + MAKE/MADE + O + Vo** . (câu chủ động)

**S + BE + MADE + TO Vo + BY O** . (câu bị động)

EX: What makes you laugh? She made me cry. I was made to study hard.

She is made to be

sad.

#### b. HELP: S + HELP + O + Vo

EX: Please help me carry this heavy bag.

#### C. LET:

**S + LET + O + Vo** (chủ động)

**S + BE + LET + Vo** (bị động)

**LETS + Vo** ... (chúng ta hãy...)

EX: We let him go. He lets me sit down.

Let's go out for a walk.

**EXAMPLE**

1. Would you mind ..... the phone number ? I didn't hear properly.  
A. to repeat      B. repeat      C. repeating      D. for repeating
2. What would you like ..... for your breakfast ?  
A. eating      B. to be eaten      C. to eat      D. to have eaten
3. ..... in the country is something he loves.  
A. Travelling      B. Travel      C. The travelling      D. To travelling
4. I was reading my books, but I stopped ..... a programme on TV.  
A. reading to watch      B. to read to watch      C. to read for watching      D. reading watching

**\* Choose the best answer:**

1. I have difficulty ..... and ..... English.  
A. speaking – writing      B. speak – writing      C. to speak – to write      D. speak - write
2. They offered ..... her but she refused.  
A. to help      B. helping      C. help      D. being helped
3. I don't mind ..... you ..... the washing up.  
A. help – do      B. helping – doing      C. helping – do      D. to help- to do
4. I'd like ..... when I am sixty years old.  
A. to rest      B. to stop      C. to retire      D. to relax
5. We hope the students themselves will enjoy taking ..... in outdoor activities.  
A. part      B. note      C. notice      D. advantage
6. The children are looking forward to ..... on holiday.  
A. go      B. going      C. be going      D. have gone
7. You must try not to ..... so many mistakes again.  
A. make      B. do      C. say      D. tell
8. Her advice made him ..... his mind.  
A. change      B. to change      C. changing      D. changed
9. Ms. Lan enjoys ..... because she loves working with children.  
A. to teach      B. to be taught      C. teaching      D. teach
10. My father doesn't allow me ..... in his room.  
A. to smoke      B. smoking      C. smoke      D. not smoke
11. It's very ..... me with money.  
A. kind for you to help      B. kind to you helping  
C. kind of you helping      D. kind of you to help
12. It's better to avoid ..... during the rush hour.  
A. travelling      B. to travel      C. travel      D. travelled
13. It was a nice day, so we decided ..... for a walk.  
A. to go      B. going      C. go      D. gone

A. to have      B. to go      C. going      D. having

14. Would you ..... looking after my children for a while?  
A. mind      B. agree      C. stand      D. care

15. Students should encourage ..... questions in class.  
A. raise      B. raising      C. to raise      D. being raised

16. It is compulsory for students in schools ..... uniforms.  
A. to wear      B. wear      C. wearing      D. worn

17. This class needs ..... It's very dirty.  
A. clean      B. cleaning      C. to clean      D. cleaned

18. At school, students usually take part in ..... money for charity.  
A. raised      B. to raise      C. raising      D. raise

19. May I ..... in?  
A. to come      B. coming      C. came      D. come

20. Let's ..... for a walk.  
A. go      B. to go      C. going      D. went

21. Do you enjoy ..... cartoon?  
A. watching      B. to watch      C. watch      D. watched

22. They want ..... by air because it is much faster than other means of transport.  
A. travel      B. travelling      C. travelled      D. to travel

23. Why don't you consider ..... me? I really look forward to ..... you.  
A. visiting – see      B. to visit – to see      C. to be visited – saw      D. visit – see

24. It's impolite ..... people about their salary.  
A. asked      B. to ask      C. asking      D. ask

25. Don't ..... in class, students!  
A. talking      B. to talk      C. talk      D. talked

26. Who ..... you English?  
A. do teach      B. teaches      C. teach      D. does teach

27. You had better ..... harder.  
A. to work      B. working      C. worked      D. work

28. ..... is my hobby.  
A. Playing      B. Play      C. Played      D. To play

29. We should read different kinds of books ..... our general knowledge.  
A. to widen      B. widen      C. widened      D. widening

30. It's not good to avoid ..... the teacher's questions in class.

A. answer      B. answering      C. answered      D. to answer

31. Students are interested in ..... a party.

A. to have      B. have      C. having      D. had

32. ..... the exams, students have to learn hard.

A. To pass      B. Passed      C. Pass      D. Passing

33. The girl denied ..... the news.

A. tell      B. told      C. to tell      D. telling

34. I can't bear people ..... at me.

A. shout      B. shouting      C. shouted      D. to shout

35. Would you like ..... your holiday with my family in Brazil?

A. spend      B. to spend      C. spending      D. spent

36. My father is very keen ..... classical music.

A. to listen      B. to listen to      C. on listening to      D. on listening

37. I remember ..... next door to you when we were in Australia.

A. to live      B. living      C. live      D. have lived

38. My sister is good at ..... tennis.

A. play      B. playing      C. to play      D. staying

39. Do you hope ..... your father again this weekend?

A. meet      B. meeting      C. met      D. to meet

40. Never let children ..... alone in the street.

A. play      B. to play      C. playing      D. played

41. Have you promised ..... with me ?

A. to go      B. going      C. went      D. gone

42. I am bored with ..... computer games now.

A. playing      B. to play      C. played      D. plays

43. Susan is looking for something .....

A. eating      B. eat      C. to eat      D. to eating

44. My parents are interested in ..... football matches on TV.

A. watch      B. watching      C. to watch      D. watched

45. She used ..... as a typist.

A. to working      B. work      C. working      D. to work

46. ..... stamps is my hobby.

A. collecting      B. collect      C. collected      D. collection.

47. I remember ..... you about this before.

48. He let the letter ..... on to the floor.  
A. tell B. to tell C. telling D. told

49. I can't stand ..... on underground when it is busy.  
A. travel B. travelling C. to travel D. to travelling

50. She hates ..... housework at weekends.  
A. doing B. do C. to be doing D. being done

51. I had a headache, and the doctor asked me ..... some aspirin.  
A. took B. to taken C. take D. to take

52. She is keen on ..... with a doll.  
A. plays B. to play C. player D. playing

53. Every day I spend two hours ..... English .  
A. practise B. to practise C. practising D. practised

54. I don't mind ..... if you are tired .  
A. driving B. to be driven C. to drive D. drive

55. I don't remember ..... the front door when I left home.  
A. to lock B. lock C. locked D. locking

56. Children enjoy ..... to ghost stories on Halloween night.  
A. telling and listening B. tell and listen  
C. to tell and listen D. to tell and to listen

57. Have you finished ..... the table ?  
A. set B. setting C. to set D. to be set

58. Mr Smith decided ..... a new TV.  
A. to buy B. buying C. bought D. to be bough

59. I can't help ..... him in spite of his faults.  
A. admire B. admired C. to admire D. admiring

60. Don't forget ..... home as soon as you arrive at your destination.  
A. to call B. calling C. having called D. to be called

61. Jack made me ..... him next week .  
A. to promise to call B. to promise calling C. promise to call D. promise calling

62. If we want to get to the station on time, we'd better avoid ..... the highway.  
A. having taken B. take C. to take D. taking

63. Tommy admitted ..... the rock through the window.

A. throwing      B. being throwing      C. to throw      D. to be thrown

64. He suggested ..... a double railway tunnel.

A. to build      B. built      C. building      D. that building

65. What makes you ..... so ?

A. think      B. to think      C. thinking      D. having thought

66. Some people are used to ..... in crowded buses and don't mind it at all.

A. ride      B. ridden      C. to ride      D. riding

67. If you see Nisson, ..... you mind ..... him to get in touch with me ?

A. will-reminding      B. will- to remind      C. would- to remind      D. would- reminding

68. Please let me ..... when you can come .

A. to know      B. knowing      C. know      D. have known

69. I regret ..... you that I am unable to come tomorrow.

A. to tell      B. telling      C. tell      D. told

70. Workers began ..... a number of wooden boxes .

A. unloading      B. unload      C. to unloading      D. unloaded