

VOCABULARY EXERCISES

WORD CHART

| NOUN | VERB | ADJECTIVE | ADVERB |
|---|---|--|------------------------|
| - action: một hành động - activity: một hoạt động - actor / actress: nam / nữ diễn viên | act: hành động; diễn xuất | active: hiếu động; năng nổ | actively: hoạt bát |
| - application: đơn xin - applicant: người làm đơn xin | apply (for): làm đơn xin (việc, vào học, ...) | | |
| difference: sự khác nhau | differ (from): khác với | different (from): khác với | differently: khác nhau |
| education: sự giáo dục | educate: giáo dục; dạy dỗ | educational: thuộc về giáo dục coeducational: thuộc về trường cho cả nam lẫn nữ | |
| enrollment: sự ghi danh; sự đăng kí | enroll: ghi danh; đăng kí | | |
| nature: thiên nhiên | | natural: thuộc về thiên nhiên | naturally: tự nhiên |
| organization: một tổ chức | organize: tổ chức | - organized: có tổ chức - unorganized: vô tổ chức | |
| similarity: sự giống nhau | | similar (to): giống nhau | similarly: giống nhau |

EXERCISE 1: Complete the sentence with the correct form of the word in parentheses. (Hoàn thành mỗi câu với hình thức thích hợp của từ trong ngoặc.)

Example: My grandfather is over 80, but he is still very active. (act)

1. Good _____ can help people get rid of poverty. (educate)
2. Are there any youth _____ in your country? (organize)
3. These plants can grow _____ in poor soils. (nature)
4. The teacher asked the students to choose a partner for the next _____. (act)
5. 'When is the _____ in this school?' 'It's the first week of August.' (enroll)
6. 'Who is your favorite _____, Lan?' 'I think it's Tom Hank.' (act)

7. If you want to be a member of the club, please fill out this _____ form.
(apply)

8. Are the scouting programs _____ from one another in each country? (differ)

9. There is some _____ in the way the two groups work. (similar)

10. Are there both single-sex and _____ schools in your country? (educate)

11. The festival was well-_____ ; everybody was pleased with it. (organize)

12. Boys and girls may act _____ in this situation. (differ)

EXERCISE 2: Complete each sentence with a word or phrase in the box. You can use each word or phrase only once. (Hoàn thành mỗi câu bằng một từ hoặc nhóm từ trong ngoặc. Các em dùng mỗi từ hoặc nhóm từ chỉ một lần.)

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| blind (to sth) (adj) | : mù quáng đối với |
| encourage (v) | : khuyến khích; động viên |
| enroll (v) | : ghi danh; đăng ký |
| fitness (n) | : phong độ; sự khỏe mạnh |
| handicapped (adj) | : tàn tật |
| lead to (v) | : dẫn đến |
| outdoor (adj) | : ngoài trời |
| similar to (adj) | : giống với |

1. Eating too much can _____ some health problems.
2. This school is open to all physically _____ children.
3. Do you want to _____ in this computer course?
4. Her teaching style is _____ that of most other teachers.
5. All these _____ activities have made the children very healthy.
6. Rooney is now back to _____ after a series of injuries.
7. Her love for her son made her _____ his faults.
8. Parents should _____ independence in their children.

PRONUNCIATION EXERCISES

EXERCISE 1: Which of the following words in each question is stressed on the second syllable? (Từ nào trong mỗi câu hỏi sau đây được đọc nhấn ở vần thứ hai?)

| | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. number | B. enroll | C. hobby | D. favor |
| 2. A. animal | B. certainly | C. interest | D. assistance |
| 3. A. responding | B. handicapped | C. businessman | D. similar |
| 4. A. voluntary | B. popular | C. encourage | D. national |
| 5. A. vegetables | B. Atlantic | C. character | D. personal |

EXERCISE 2: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each question. (Hãy chọn từ có phần gạch dưới đọc khác với phần gạch dưới của các từ còn lại.)

Example: A. phone B. hold C. come D. told

Đáp án: C: đọc là: [kʌm]

| | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>tidy</u> | B. <u>ready</u> | C. <u>apply</u> | D. <u>healthy</u> |
| 2. A. <u>scouting</u> | B. <u>youth</u> | C. <u>proud</u> | D. <u>loudly</u> |
| 3. A. <u>character</u> | B. <u>children</u> | C. <u>chance</u> | D. <u>church</u> |
| 4. A. <u>resource</u> | B. <u>course</u> | C. <u>cause</u> | D. <u>hour</u> |
| 5. A. <u>blind</u> | B. <u>find</u> | C. <u>windy</u> | D. <u>mind</u> |

PROGRESS TEST 3

(Unit 5 and Unit 6)

I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence. (2.0 pts)

1. Tom is unhappy because he did _____ in the last test.
A. bad B. badly C. good D. well
2. The children behaved very _____ in class today.
A. well B. good C. bad D. nice
3. Miss Mai asked her students _____ all the exercises in Unit 5.
A. finish B. finishing C. finished D. to finish
4. Some people learn new words _____ heart, while others do not.
A. in B. for C. at D. by
5. I like coffee, especially white coffee, but I dislike _____.
A. make B. to make C. making D. to making
6. I don't like cleaning, and I don't like washing up, _____.
A. too B. either C. neither D. same
7. “_____ I borrow your paper a moment?” “Certainly.”
A. Shall B. Will C. Can D. Would
8. You must fill _____ this application form if you want to enroll for the activities.
A. out B. with C. for D. by

II. Complete each sentence with the correct tense or form of the verb given in parentheses. (1.0 pt)

1. Scouting _____ in England in 1907. (begin)
2. I like these summer activities. I _____ for them now. (enroll)
3. The weather is very nice today. What about _____ for walk in the park? (go)
4. Miss Linh asked me _____ her after class. (meet)

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in parentheses. (1.0 pt)

1. He got bad marks in the test because he did no _____ at all. (revise)
2. The _____ of English words cause a lot of difficulties for the learners. (pronounce)
3. The Boy Scouts is a youth _____ that builds character and encourages good citizenship and personal fitness. (organize)
4. You must send your _____ before Friday or it'll be too late. (apply)

IV. Fill in each blank in the paragraph with one word from the box. There is one word that is not needed. (1.0 pt)

| | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|
| <i>customer</i> | <i>watch</i> | <i>librarian</i> | <i>checks</i> | <i>lives</i> |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|

Today, Mike and his mom are going to the library. Mike wants to find a book to read. His mom wants to use a computer there.

When they get to the library, Mike finds a book about detectives. He also finds a book with chapters about a friendly ghost. Finally, he finds a book about a man who (1) _____ in the woods without food or water. He puts the books on the front desk and waits for his mom.

Mike's mom sits at one of the computers in the library. She (2) _____ her email and looks at pictures of flowers on the internet. Then she reads a news article on a website.

Mike's mom leaves the computer and walks over to Mike. "I got a movie for us to (3) _____ tonight," she says. "Are you ready to leave?"

"Sure," Mike says. He puts his books and the movie on the front desk to check out. "How long can we keep them?" he asks.

"Three weeks," says the (4) _____ .

V. Read the passage. Write 'T' if the sentence under it is true; write 'F' if the sentence is NOT true. (2.0 pts)

Cheerleaders

When you go to a college or high school sports event, you see cheerleaders. Cheerleaders are men and women. They dress in the colors of their team. They jump and dance in front of the crowd and shout the name of their team. Their job is to excite the crowd. Everybody makes a lot of noise. They want their team to win the game.

The first cheerleader was a man. In 1898, Johnny Campbell jumped in front of the crowd at the University of Minnesota and shouted for his team. He shouted, "Hoo-rah Minn-e-so-tah!" This was the first organized shout, or "yell". For the next thirty-two years cheerleaders were men only. Women were not cheerleaders until 1930.

Today cheerleaders work in teams. They practice special shouts, dances, and athletic shows. Often the women work separately from the men. But cheerleaders are most exciting when men and women work together. The men throw the women high in the air and catch them. The team members climb on each other's shoulders to make a human pyramid. They yell and dance too. It is like human fireworks.

1. Cheerleaders excite the crowd by jumping, dancing, and shouting for their team.
2. By 1930, cheerleaders were both men and women.
3. Cheerleaders practice special shows like the women throwing the men high in the air and catching them.
4. A human pyramid is the way in which the team members climb on each other's shoulders.

VI. Finish the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one. (2.0 pts)

1. Their living room doesn't have any bookshelves.

There

2. Please, allow me to ask you a question, Mr. Thanh!

May ?

3. Mr. Johnson is a careful driver.

Mr. Johnson always

4. "Can you put the books on the desk?" Susan said to me.

Susan asked me