

INVERTEBRATES



Most animals are invertebrates and they live almost everywhere. They are called invertebrates because they don't _____

The most common invertebrates groups are:

1) _____

2) _____

3) _____

4) _____

5) _____

6) _____. This group is divided into:

a) _____

b) _____

c) _____

d) _____

MOLLUSCS



They have a soft _____.

Sometimes, they are protected by a _____.

Some live on _____, for example _____

Most live in _____, for example _____ and

JELLYFISH



They live _____.

They have a soft body called the _____ and often have long
_____.

There is a _____ under their umbrella that is both a mouth and an
_____.

SPONGES



They live _____.

They have _____ bodies covered with small _____.

They stay on the _____

They take in _____ and _____ through the _____



ECHINODERMS

They live in _____

They are protected from _____ by hard _____ or _____

They are often brightly _____.

An example of echinoderm is _____. They can have from 5 arms up to _____!



ANNELIDS

Some live in _____

They have a _____ body divided into _____

A very important annelid is the _____. It helps to get _____ and _____ into the soil.



ARTHROPODS

They live _____, _____, _____
and _____

They have a _____, a _____ and _____,
jointed _____ and a hard protective _____.

The main groups are:

- a) _____. Example: _____
- b) _____. Example: _____
- c) _____. Example: _____
- d) _____. Example: _____