

Section 7 --- PART TWO

Choose whether each group of numbers is in **ASCENDING** or **DESCENDING** order.

1. 3 029, 3 019, 3 009, 2 999 (ascending descending)
2. 5 104, 5 114, 5 124, 5 134 (ascending descending)
3. 9 099, 9 109, 9 119, 9 990 (ascending descending)
4. 7 474, 7 447, 7 417, 7 407 (ascending descending)

Section 8

Type in the numbers needed to complete each sequence.

1. 121, 127, 133, ___, 145
2. 47, 49, 53, 59, ___, 77
3. 607, 627, ___, 667, 687
4. 12, 17, 20, 25, 28, 33, ___

Section 9

Complete the **PROFIT** and **LOSS** table that follows.

COST PRICE	SELLING PRICE	PROFIT or LOSS	AMOUNT OF PROFIT or LOSS
Eg. \$ 450	\$ 350	LOSS	\$100
\$ 725	\$ 875		
\$ 1 145	\$ 1 005		
\$ 2 357	\$ 3 417		
\$ 7 899	\$ 7 509		

Section 10

Insert the missing numbers to complete the solution to the problems below. The question marks indicate the number that is missing.

1. $78 + ? = 112$

? = _____ - _____

? = _____

2. $? - 46 = 84$

? = _____ + _____

? = _____

3. $53 + ? + 28 = 164$

$81 + ? = 164$

? = _____ - _____

? = _____

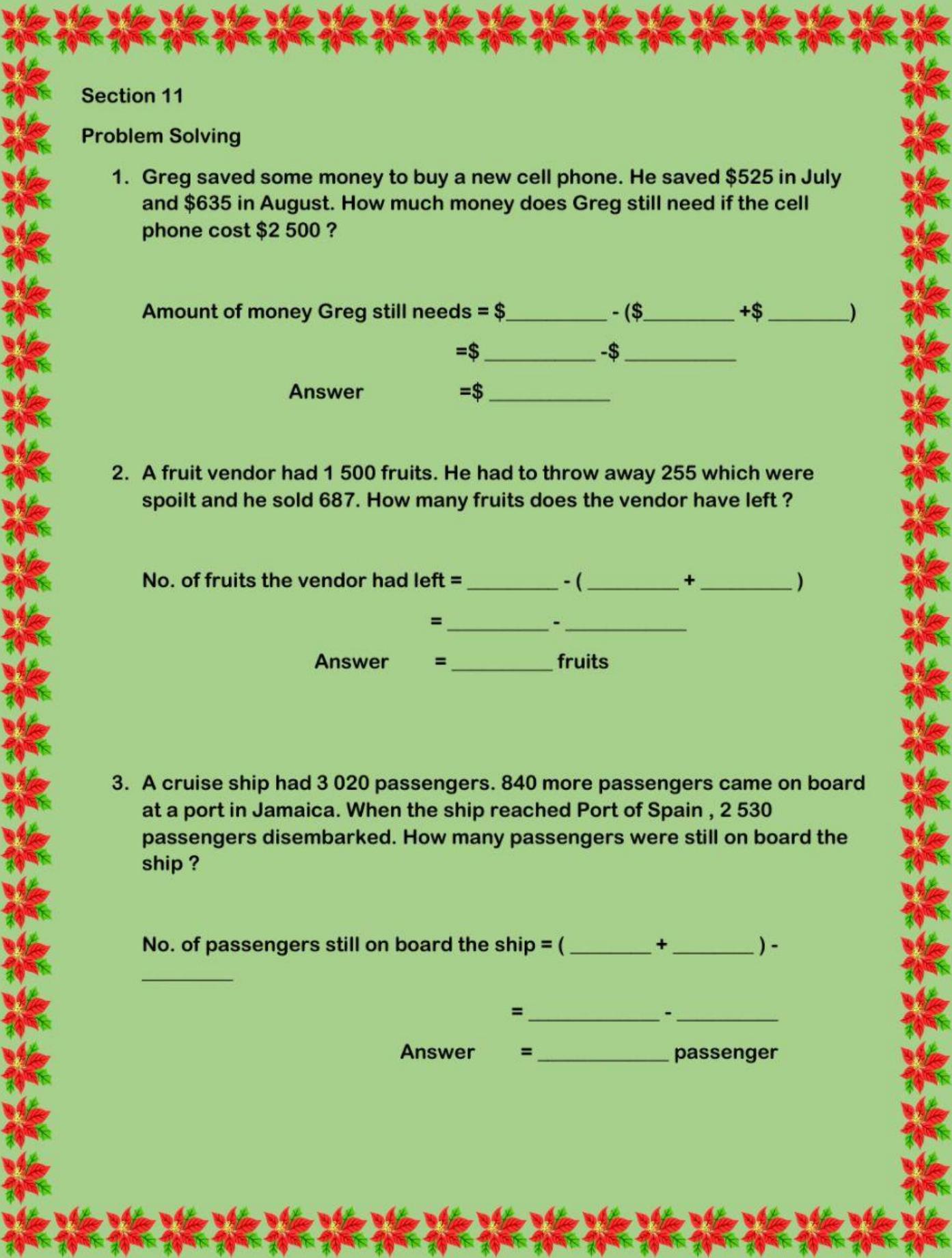
4. $308 - ? = 186$

? = _____ - _____

? = _____

What's missing?





Section 11

Problem Solving

1. Greg saved some money to buy a new cell phone. He saved \$525 in July and \$635 in August. How much money does Greg still need if the cell phone cost \$2 500 ?

Amount of money Greg still needs = \$ _____ - (\$ _____ + \$ _____)
= \$ _____ - \$ _____

Answer = \$ _____

2. A fruit vendor had 1 500 fruits. He had to throw away 255 which were spoilt and he sold 687. How many fruits does the vendor have left ?

No. of fruits the vendor had left = _____ - (_____ + _____)
= _____ - _____

Answer = _____ fruits

3. A cruise ship had 3 020 passengers. 840 more passengers came on board at a port in Jamaica. When the ship reached Port of Spain , 2 530 passengers disembarked. How many passengers were still on board the ship ?

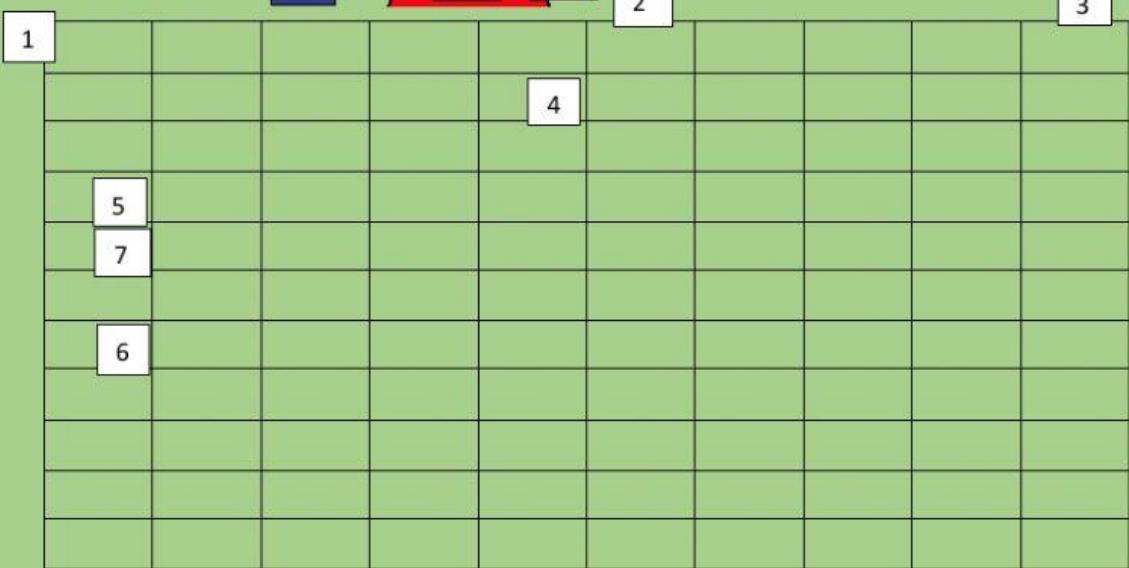
No. of passengers still on board the ship = (_____ + _____) -

= _____ - _____

Answer = _____ passenger



Section 12



Use these clues to complete the puzzle above.

ACROSS

1. The smaller number in subtraction.
4. Another word for total.
5. The larger number in subtraction.
6. When selling price is more than cost price, we make a _____.
7. Each number in an addition is called an _____.

DOWN

- When numbers go from the smallest up to the biggest, they are put in order.
- When numbers go from the largest down to the smallest , they are put in order .