LANGUAGE FOCUS

Unit 14: Recreation



NAME: PHẠM THỊ HỒNG YẾN -18DH711956

CLASS NAME: BA1804

- PRONUNCIATION: /TS / - /DZ / - /TΣT / - /D3D /
- GRAMMAR:

1. CONJUNCTIONS: BOTH .... AND, NOT ONLY ... BUT ALSO, EITHER…. OR, NEITHER….NOR
2. CLEFT SENTENCES IN THE PASSIVE

Pronunciation

- *Listen and repeat.*

/ts/	/dz/	/tʃt/	/dʒd/
Sits	Reads	Marched	Bridged
Eats	Friends	Watched	Ranged
Meets	Kids	reached	Managed

- *Practise reading aloud these sentences.*

1. He usually sits at the back of the class.
2. She has lots of friends.
3. When he was young, he watched television three hours a day.
4. We managed to get three tickets for the match.
5. They bridged the river, then pitched their tent on the bank.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

LANGUAGE FOCUS

Unit 14: Recreation



Grammar

Exercise 1. Combine the sentences using ***both … and, either … or,*** or ***neither … nor.***

Examples: Tom was late. So was Ann

- ***Both*** Tom ***and*** Ann were late.
  She didn't write and she didn't phone.
- She ***neither*** wrote ***nor*** phoned.

1. Jim is on holiday and so is Carol.
   Both _____.
2. George doesn't smoke and he doesn't drink.
   George neither _____.
3. Jim hasn't got a car. Carol hasn't got a car, either.
   Neither Jim _____.
4. It was a very boring film. It was very long, too.
   The film _____.
5. Is that man's name Richard? Or is it Robert? It's one of the two.
   That man's name _____.
6. I haven't got time to go on holiday. And I haven't got the money.
   I've got _____.
7. We can leave today or we can leave tomorrow – whichever you prefer.
   We _____.
8. Helen lost her passport at the airport. She also lost her wallet there.
   Helen lost _____
   at the airport.
9. There are good reasons for using bicycles in big cities: they are clean. They are also easy to park.
   There are good reasons for using bicycles in big cities: they are
   _____.
10. On Friday evening, sometimes I go to the cinema, sometimes I stay home and watch TV.
    On Friday evening I either _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

LANGUAGE FOCUS

Unit 14: Recreation



Grammar

Exercise 2. Change the sentences into cleft sentences in the passive.

Example:

The boy hit the dog in the garden.

It was the dog that was hit in the garden.

1. Fans gave Christina lots of flowers.

   _____

2. The pedestrian asked the policeman for direction to the post office.

   _____

3. People talked a lot about his house.

   _____

4. His father bought him a bicycle for his birthday.

   _____

5. He described his hometown in his novel.

   _____

6. She frightened the children.

   _____

7. Her younger sister broke her glass.

   _____

8. The Prince kissed my younger sister at the party.

   _____

9. My father gave me this story book as a birthday present.

   _____

10. Vietnamese people celebrate Tet as greatest occasion in a year.

    _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS