Gasparillo Hindu School Standard Three Science – End of Term

Answer each question on the line provided. You have one attempt. When you have completed the test click FINISH.

Section One

Read the questions below and select the correct answer.

2mks	 The place where organisms live is called their:
	a) Nest
	b) Tree
	c) Habitat
	d) Swamp
2mks	2. Which of the following is found at the beginning of a food chain?
	a) Carnivore
	b) Omnivore
	c) Producer
	d) Herbivore
2mks	3. A food chain is called a
	a) Plant producer
	b) Food relationship between organisms
	c) Plant consumer
	d) Food Web



2mks	4. Plants make their own food. Is this statement True or False?		
	a) True		
	b) False		
2mks	5. An example of a producer is:		
	a) Decomposer		
	b) Bird		
	c) Grass		
	d) Lion		
	d) Lion		
2mks			
	6. Which of the following is a herbivore?		
	a) Tiger		
	b) Lion		
	c) Goat		
	d) Wolf		
2mks	7. Plants make their own food, thus they are called:		
	a) Consumers		
	b) Decomposers		
	c) Primary Consumers		
	d) Producers		



2mks	8. Which of the following is an example of the food chain?
	a) Plant> duck> fish
	b) Fish> man> duck> plant
	c) Fish> worm> duck> man
	d) Plant> worm> duck> man
2mks	
	9. Plant and animals in a habitat depend on each other for food and protection
	thereby forming a:
	a) Habitat
	b) Ecosystem
	c) Community
	d) Surrounding
2mks	
	10. Which of the following is NOT a feature of pond habitats?
	a) The water is still (not flowing).
	b) The water is fresh.
	c) It is shallow which allows sunlight to reach the bottom.
	d) Pond habitats have flowing water that usually flows in two
	directions.



2mks	11. Which of the following is Human Activity that affects aquatic habitats?
	a) Weather and Climate
	b) Drought and Flooding
	c) Overfishing
	d) Over Population
2mks	
	12. There are three main types of mangrove trees that dominate the Caroni
	Swamp. Select that answer that is NOT a type of mangrove.
	a) Red
	b) Fauna
	c) White
	d) Black

Section Two

Read the questions below. Select true or false.

	13. All plants and animals in a habitat depend on each other. They have
2mks	special ways of adapting to the environment.
	a) True
	b) False



2mks	14. A habitat provides plants and animals with three main things, which are
	shelter, air and water.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	15. The main types of aquatic habitats are rivers, ponds and swamps.
	a) True
	b) False
2 1	16. Rivers and lakes are salt-water habitats. Animals such as caimans and
2mks	
	frogs live there.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	
	17. Algae are the most significant food source in a river.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	18. Wetlands are areas of standing or still water that support aquatic plants.
	a) True
	b) False



2mks	19. Marine habitats contain fresh water while swamps contain salty water.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	20. Two natural factors that have negative effects on habitats are overfishing
	and water pollution.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	21. Flora is the name given to all the plants that grow within a certain area.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	22. Every evening the Scarlet Ibis fly form the Nariva Swamp where they
	have been feeding all day, to rest for the night.
	a) True
	b) False
2mks	23. The Caroni River is the largest river in Trinidad and Tobago, which
	meets the Gulf of Paria.
	a) True
	b) False



	24. Temperature change has resulted in the death of corals that are very fragile. This process is known as Coral Bleaching.a) Trueb) False
2mks	25. Over population is the increase in the number of organisms within a community which results competition for space, light and shelter.a) Trueb) False

