

3. You can't visit the United States unless you get a visa.
 - a. You can visit the United States if you don't get a visa.
 - b. Although you get a visa, you can't visit the United States.
 - c. You can't visit the United States whether you get a visa or not.
 - d. If you don't get a visa, you can't visit the United States.

B. Make all the changes and additions necessary to produce, from the following sets of words and phrases, sentences which together make a complete letter.

Dear Sir,

1. I/ see/ school's advertisement/ *Tuoi Tre* newspaper/ yesterday.

2. I/ interested/ learn/ English/ I/ like/ information/ your school.

3. I/ study/ English/ over four years/ but/ want/ improve/ speaking/ and/ listening/ skill.

4. I/ be/ very grateful/ if/ you/ send/ details/ courses/ fees.

5. I/ look/ forward/ hear/ you/ soon.

Your sincerely,

TEST YOURSELF

I. Choose the word which is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a. <u>meal</u> | b. <u>breakfast</u> | c. <u>read</u> | d. <u>week</u> |
| 2. a. <u>realize</u> | b. <u>organize</u> | c. <u>surprise</u> | d. <u>promise</u> |
| 3. a. <u>practiced</u> | b. <u>studied</u> | c. <u>watched</u> | d. <u>worked</u> |

II. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 4. a. college | b. institute | c. dormitory | d. university |
| 5. a. invite | b. visit | c. improve | d. agree |

III. Choose the most suitable word or phrase.

6. I'll be at home _____ Friday morning. You can phone me then.
 - a. in
 - b. on
 - c. at
 - d. since
7. The children are forced to work _____ 12 hours a day, seven days a week in the factories.
 - a. to
 - b. up to
 - c. till
 - d. during
8. Matthew said he was meeting a friend at the station later _____.
 - a. the day
 - b. this day
 - c. that day
 - d. the previous day
9. You used to live in Los Angeles, _____?
 - a. don't you
 - b. usen't you
 - c. usedn't you
 - d. didn't you
10. She has two children to look after, so she's looking for a _____ job in her neighborhood.
 - a. part-time
 - b. full-time
 - c. skilled
 - d. low-paid

11. Shall we have a picnic tomorrow _____ the weather is good?
a. when b. because c. if d. unless
12. _____ is a large building in a college or university where students live.
a. Academy b. Hall c. Institute d. Dormitory
13. Do you know _____?
a. when comes the bus b. when the bus comes
c. when will the bus come d. when does the bus come
14. You should read as much as possible _____ to learn English well.
a. so that b. in order c. for that d. therefore
15. 'I'm taking my final exam next week.' '_____!'
a. Cheers b. Congratulations c. Good luck d. Come on

IV. Use the correct tense or form of the verb given in brackets.

16. If you _____ (not practice) your English regularly, you _____ (not get) any better.
17. All the students are looking forward to _____ (spend) their summer vacation in the countryside.
18. Justin said he _____ (return) the following day.
19. Both English and French _____ (speak) in Canada.
20. When I _____ (get) home last night, everybody _____ (sleep).

V. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English.

21. She told me to shut the door but don't lock it.
A B C D
22. She wanted to know how long did it take to get there.
A B C D
23. Why don't we sharing the cost of accommodation?
A B C D
24. The scheme allows students from many countries communicate with
A B C
one another.
D
25. Unless we work harder, we will finish on time.
A B C D

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

26. Sue has applied for the job, but she isn't very well-_____ for it. (qualify)
27. It's _____ to speak when you're eating. (polite)
28. I go hill-walking for _____. (relax)
29. The university has a _____ as a center of excellence. (repute)
30. We _____ gathered our things and ran to the bus stop. (hurry)

VII. Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c, or d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Van, a student from Ho Chi Minh City, is an (31)_____ student in the USA. He is now living with the Parker family on a farm 100 kilometers outside Columbus, Ohio. Mr. Parker grows maize on his farm, (32)_____ Mrs Parker

works part-time at a grocery store in a (33)_____ town. They have two children, Peter and Sam. Peter is the same age as Van, and Sam is still in primary school.

Van has been learning a lot about life on a farm (34)_____ his arrival. Every day, after school he often feeds the chicken and (35)_____ their eggs. On weekends, the three boys often help Mr Parker on the farm. Van likes the Parker, and he enjoys (36)_____ a member of their family.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| 31. a. replace | b. substitute | c. change | d. exchange |
| 32. a. when | b. while | c. where | d. which |
| 33. a. near | b. nearly | c. nearby | d. nearside |
| 34. a. since | b. from | c. for | d. on |
| 35. a. picks | b. keeps | c. beats | d. collects |
| 36. a. be | b. to be | c. being | d. of being |

VIII. Read the text carefully, then decide whether the following statements are true or false.

It is not easy for adult students of English to improve their accent. Unlike children, who are flexible, adults often find it hard to change the way they speak. This is why even the top, or smartest adult students have difficulty with pronunciation. There are several things that an international students can do to improve his or her pronunciation.

One method is to sign up for a pronunciation class. Studying pronunciation can help students to understand the rules of English, but in order to practice speaking, students often need to be exposed to English outside the classroom as well. This is why many students say that studying in an English-speaking country greatly affects their English. Living with native speakers can help students to learn new vocabulary as well as improve their accents. International students can also learn important cultural information. This can help to prevent misunderstandings that can occur when people from different cultures live together.

- 37. Adult students of English can hardly change the way they speak.
- 38. The top or smartest adult students usually have difficulty with pronunciation.
- 39. Attending a pronunciation class can help students know how to pronounce English correctly.
- 40. To improve their pronunciation, students also need to practice speaking English regularly.
- 41. Living with native speakers can help to prevent misunderstandings.

IX. Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentences printed before them.

42. 'Can you speak Vietnamese, Maryam?' Nga asked.

Nga asked _____

43. Why don't we go to the countryside this weekend?

Minh suggested _____

44. I would rather watch TV than go to the cinema.

I prefer _____

45. Study hard or you will fail the coming exam.

If you _____