

Name:

Using Prime Factorization to find the L.C.M.

Read the questions below carefully and answer to the best of your abilities.

1. Find the L.C.M. of 15 and 20 using prime factorization.

15	20

$$\text{L.C.M. of } 15 \text{ and } 20 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

2. Find the L.C.M. of 20 and 25 using prime factorization.

20	25

$$\text{L.C.M. of } 20 \text{ and } 25 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

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3. Find the L.C.M. of 6, 20 and 25 using prime factorization.

	6	20	25

$$\text{L.C.M. of } 6, 20 \text{ and } 25 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

4. Find the L.C.M. of 40, 50 and 60 using prime factorization.

	40	50	60

$$\text{L.C.M. of } 40, 50 \text{ and } 60 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

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5. Find the L.C.M. of 4, 8, 12 and 16 using prime factorization.

<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="8"/>	<input type="text" value="12"/>	<input type="text" value="16"/>

L.C.M. of 4, 8, 12 and 16 = _____ \times _____ \times _____ \times _____ \times _____ = _____