

Test 25

I. Choose the best answer to complete the sentence.

1. Despite playing under strength, the village team _____ beat the rivals.
A. could B. were able to C. couldn't D. weren't able to
2. I suggest Andrea _____ in touch with the organisers.
A. get B. to get C. getting D. gets
3. The traffic lights _____ green and I pulled away.
A. became B. turned C. got D. went
4. _____ during the storm.
A. They were collapsed B. The fence was collapsed
C. They collapsed the fence D. The fence collapsed
5. The suspect confessed _____.
A. his crime B. the police his crime C. his crime to the police D. his crime with the police
6. _____ thinks that Judith should be given the job.
A. Some of us B. The majority of my colleagues C. Practically everyone D. A number of people
7. We had _____ holiday in Spain.
A. a two week's B. two weeks C. two-week D. a two-week
8. The company owns _____ in the city centre.
A. a cars park B. several car parks C. car park D. several cars parks
9. The government has introduced _____.
A. a children's clothes tax B. a tax on children clothes
C. a children clothes tax D. a tax on children's clothes
10. I'll be with you in _____.
A. one quarter of an hour B. a quarter of an hour C. a quarter of one hour D. a quarter of hour
11. _____ my friends knew I was getting married.
A. Not much of B. not many of C. Not much D. Not many
12. _____ the children _____ awake.
A. None of...was B. Not any of...were C. No was D. None ...were
13. The party was excellent, and I'd like to thank all the _____.
A. concerned people B. responsible people C. people that concerned D. people concerned
14. I asked Francis to clean the car, and he did _____.
A. a well job B. the job good C. a good job D. a job well
15. _____, they slept soundly.
A. Hot though was the night air B. Hot though the night air was
C. Hot the night air as was D. Hot although the night air was
16. John was the first person I saw _____ hospital.
A. by leaving B. on leaving C. in leaving D. on to leave
17. _____ that Marie was able to retire at the age of 50.
A. So successful her business was, B. So successful was her business,
C. Her business was successful D. So was her successful business,
18. "Will it rain on the day of our departure?" - " _____"
A. I hope not. B. I don't hope so C. I hope not so. D. I hope it wouldn't.
19. "Remember to return the newspaper to my father." - " _____"
A. I will B. Why not C. I won't D. Of course.
20. "Will you have time to help us?" - " _____ . I'm very busy at the moment"
A. I'm afraid not B. I think so. C. I don't expect so. D. I hope not.

II. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

21. A. south B. southern C. scout D. drought
22. A. dome B. comb C. home D. tomb

III. Pick out the word whose stressed syllable is different from that of the others.

23. A. literature B. preventive C. measurement D. temperature

24. A. example B. continue C. sensible D. contestant
25. A. constant B. magnetic C. sensitive D. atmosphere

IV. Read the passage and the questions or unfinished sentences, then choose the best answer for each.

A solar eclipse occurs when the Moon moves in front of the Sun and hides at least some part of the Sun from the earth. In a partial eclipse, the Moon covers part of the Sun; in an annual eclipse, the Moon covers the center of the Sun, leaving a bright **ring** of light around the Moon; in a total eclipse, the Sun is completely covered by the Moon.

It seems rather improbable that a **celestial body** size of the Moon could completely **block out** the tremendously immense Sun, as happens during a total eclipse, but this is exactly what happens. Although the Moon is considerably smaller in size than the Sun, the Moon is able to cover the Sun because of their **relative** distances from Earth. A total eclipse can last up to 7 minutes, during which time the Moon's shadow moves across Earth at a rate of about 6 kilometers per second.

26. This passage mainly _____.
- a. describes how long an eclipse will last. B. gives facts about the Moon.
c. explains how the Sun is able to obscure the Moon. D. informs the reader about solar eclipses
27. In which type of eclipse is the Sun obscured in its entirety?
- a. A partial eclipse b. An annual eclipse c. A total eclipse d. A celestial eclipse
28. The word **ring** in line 3 could be best replaced by _____.
- a. piece of gold b. circle c. jewel d. bell
29. A **celestial body** in line 5 is most probably one that is found _____.
- a. somewhere in the sky b. within the Moon's shadow
c. on the surface of the Sun d. inside Earth's atmosphere
30. What is the meaning of **block out** in line 5?
- a. Square b. Cover c. Evaporate d. Shrink
31. According to the passage, how can the Moon hide the Sun during a total eclipse?
- a. The fact that the Moon is closer to Earth than the Sun makes up for the Moon's smaller size.
b. The Moon can only obscure the Sun because of the Moon's great distance from the Earth.
c. Because the Sun is relatively close to Earth, the Sun can be eclipsed by the Moon.
d. The moon hides the Sun because of the Moon's considerable size.
32. The word **relative** in line 8 could best be replaced by _____.
- a. familial b. infinite c. comparative d. paternal
33. The passage states that which of the following happens during an eclipse?
- a. The Moon hides from the Sun.
b. The Moon is obscured by the Sun.
c. The Moon begins moving at a speed of 6 kilometers per second.
d. The Moon's shadow crosses Earth
34. The word **rate** in line 9 is closest in meaning to _____.
- a. form b. speed c. distance d. rotation
35. Where in the passage does the author mention the rate of a total eclipse?
- a. Lines 1- 2 b. Lines 2- 4 c. Lines 5-6 d. Lines 8-9

V. Read the text below and choose the word that best fits the space.

EXAM ADVICE

In Part Three of the Speaking Section you work with a partner. You have to do a (36) _____ task which usually (37) _____ about 3 minutes. One possible task is "problem (38) _____", which means you have to look at some (39) _____ information and then (40) _____ the problem with your partner. You may be shown photos, drawings, diagrams, maps, plans, advertisements or computer graphics and it is (41) _____ that you study them carefully. If necessary, check you know exactly what to do by polite asking the examiner to (42) _____ the instructions or make them clearer.

While you are doing the task, the examiner will probably say very (43) _____ and you should ask your partner questions and make (44) _____ if he or she is not saying much. If either of you have

any real difficulties the examiner may decide to step in and (45) _____. Normally, however, you will find plenty to say, which helps the (46)_____ to give you a fair mark. This mark depends on your success in doing the task by (47) _____ with your partner, which includes taking (48)_____ in giving opinions and replying appropriately, although in the end it may be possible to “agree to disagree”.

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| 36. A. single | B. lonely | C. unique | D. once |
| 37. A. exists | B. lasts | C. stays | D. maintains |
| 38. A. solving | B. working | C. making | D. finding |
| 39. A. optical | B. obvious | C. noticeable | D. visual |
| 40. A. argue | B. discuss | C. talk | D. have |
| 41. A. essential | B. needed | C. helpful | D. successful |
| 42. A. insist | B. copy | C. tell | D. repeat |
| 43. A. little | B. much | C. few | D. many |
| 44. A. ideas | B. statements | C. speeches | D. suggestions |
| 45. A. complain | B. help | C. suggest | D. fail |
| 46. A. judge | B. referee | C. assessor | D. observer |
| 47. A. competing | B. struggling | C. opposing | D. co-operating |
| 48. A. changes | B. sides | C. turns | D. sentences |

VI. Find the underlined part that needs correcting.

49. The first (A) national park in world (B), Yellowstone National Park, was (C) established in (D) 1872.
50. Animation is a technique (A) for creativity (B) the illusion of life (C) in inanimate things. (D)
51. Scientists at universities (A) are often more involved (B) in theoretical research than (C) in practically (D) research .
52. Benjamin Franklin’s ability (A) to learn from observation and experience contributed greatly (B) to him (C) success in (D) public life.
53. The surface of the (A) tongue covered (B) with tiny (C) taste buds (D).

VII. Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in italics.

54. You’re not to blame for what happened.
 A. You’re not accused of what happened. B. What happened is not your fault.
 C. You’re responsible for what happened. D. We blame you for what happened.
55. The concert wasn’t as good as we had expected.
 A. The concert wasn’t so good as we had seen. B. We expected the concert to be worse.
 C. We thought the concert would be much better. D. The concert was thought to be as good.
56. She broke down the moment she heard the news.
 A. She was broken for a moment when she heard the news.
 B. She broke her leg when hearing the news. C. On hearing the news, she broke down.
 D. When she heard the news, she was sick. 57. Strong as he is, he still can’t lift that box.
 A. The box was too heavy for him to lift.
 B. He’s very strong, but he still can’t lift that box.
 C. He still can’t lift that box because he’s not as strong.
 D. However he is strong, he still can’t lift that box.
58. Your eyes should be tested a long time ago.
 A. You haven’t had your eyes tested though it’s necessary.
 B. It’s a long time ago since you had your eyes tested.
 C. You had your eyes tested a long time ago.
 D. You should have had your eyes tested a long time ago.