

BAHASA INGGRIS

Storytelling



NAMA :

KELAS :

Disusun oleh:



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LKPD BAHASA INGGRIS REPORT TEXT

KOMPETENSI DASAR

3.9 Membandingkan fungsi social, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan ...

TUJUAN PEMBELAJARAN

1. Membandingkan fungsi social beberapa teks...
2. Membandingkan struktur teks
3. Membandingkan Unsur kebahasaan beberapa teks ..

MATERI

DEFINISI REPORT TEKS

Merupakan sebuah teks yang menghadirkan informasi tentang suatu hal secara apa adanya. Jenis teks ini memang ada kesamaan dengan *descriptive text* yang mana sama-sama memberikan gambaran secara langsung tentang seseorang atau suatu benda. Jika dalam *descriptive text* menggambarkan sesuatu secara spesifik seperti warna, *style* atau nama, *report text* lebih menggambarkan sesuatu secara umum. Seperti: bagian-bagian, kekuatan, fungsi, atau juga sifat umum lainnya dari sesuatu yang ingin dibicarakan. Tata bahasa yang digunakan adalah *simple present tense*. Biasanya, tidak jarang pula penulis menambahkan *simple passive voice* sebagai variasi bentuk kalimat.

BAGIAN REPORT TEKS

Ada beberapa bagian dari report text. Di antaranya adalah:

- *Title*: kamu akan tahu sebuah teks merupakan *report text* dari judulnya, sebab maknanya yang sangat umum.
- *General classification*: Bagian description memberikan gambaran fenomena atau situasi yang terjadi, baik bagian-bagiannya, sifat, kebiasaan ataupun tingkah lakunya. Intinya, bagian ini menjabarkan klasifikasi yang disajikan secara ilmiah. Sehingga, hal yang perlu diingat adalah bahwa *report text* bukan teks berita, tetapi teks faktual ilmiah.

LKPD BAHASA INGGRIS REPORT TEXT

- *Description:* Di paragraf selanjutnya, kamu mulai membahas tentang kertas secara menyeluruh. Mulai dari sejarah hingga cara pembuatan, semuanya ditulis di bagian *description*. Kamu juga bisa menyertakan gambar ataupun data statistik seputar penggunaan kertas sejak zaman dahulu.

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TASK 1

Complete the following text with the correct answer in the box!

Kangaroo is Australian animal. This animal belongs to mammals that have (marsupials). Kangaroo can be throughout Australia main land, especially in the Savanna and eucalypt forests area. Kangaroo eats which is still fresh and green.

found

pouch

grass

LKPD BAHASA INGGRIS REPORT TEXT

TASK 2

Platypus

Platypus is a semiaquatic carnivorous egg-laying mammal of the family Omithorhynchidae. They are endemic animal of Australia which became one of animal icon of Australia besides Kangaroo. They can be found at eastern Australia and Tasmania Island. Their scientific name is Omithorhynchus anatinus.

The body of a platypus can reach the size of 50 cm in length with the body weight of 2,4 kg. Their appearance resemble a combination of some animals. Their body look like the body of a mole and beaver in the same time (flat and hairy). The bill and legs are similar to duck, so they have four webbed feet. Their tail is similar to the tail of a beaver. There are some venomous stingers on the feet of a male platypus that they can use to strike the enemy. The fur around their body and tail is waterproof. It helps to keep them warm when they are in the water. The snout of a platypus is not divided into upper and lower parts like a bird's beak. It is actually a sensory organ that allow them to detect the prey movement in the water. The mouth is located under the bill.

A platypus spend most of their time swimming and foraging for food in a river. They are an excellent swimmer and also a good hunter in the water. They feed on worms, insect larva, and freshwater shrimp. They spend about 12 hours looking for food and the remaining time to rest in their burrow every day. They can live up to 11 years in the wild and around 17 years in captivity.

1. What animal is being describe in the text?
 - A. Kangaroo
 - B. Platypus
 - C. Rhinoceros
 - D. Crocodile
2. How much the platypus weight?
 - A. 2,9 kg
 - B. 2,1 kg
 - C. 2,4 kg
 - D. 3,4 kg

TASK 3

The word "tsunami" comes from the Japanese language meaning Great Waves (Tsu: port and Nami: wave). Adapun agreed definition many people is a tsunami is a natural disaster caused by rising sea waves to the mainland at high speeds due to the earthquake centered under the sea. The quake could have been caused by soil erosion, the plates were shifting, volcanic eruptions and who experienced meteor that crashed in the ocean. This usually happens when the tsunami earthquakes exceeding magnitude 7 on the Richter scale. Tsunami is quite dangerous, especially for those who live in Area beach. With great power, he will sweep everything in its path.

When talking about the tsunami, then we would have to start from the cause, namely the earthquake in the ocean. Tsunami always preceded a powerful movement that we commonly call the earthquake. Although it is known that there are various types of this earthquake, but 90% of the tsunami caused by the movement of the plates in the earth that happened to be located in areas of the oceans. It should be also mentioned, the history of tsunamis ever recorded due to the eruption of Krakatoa.

An earthquake in the bowels of the earth will result in the emergence of pressure to the vertical direction so that the bottom of the sea will rise and fall in a short time span. This will then lead to an imbalance in the ocean water which is then pushed into a large wave that moves reached the mainland.

With great power there in the water waves, naturally if the buildings on the mainland can be washed away easily. The tsunami waves propagate at speeds unimaginable. He could reach 500 to 1000 kilometers per hour at sea. And when it reaches the shore, the speed is reduced to 50 to 30 kilometers per hour. Although reduced rapidly, but the pace was able to cause severe damage to humans.

Answer the questions by choose True or False

1. *Tsunami always preceded a powerful movement that we commonly call the earthquake.*
2. *when it reaches the shore, the speed is reduced to 50 to 30 kilometers per hour*