



<https://youtu.be/IwdUwfefcsM>

Petroleum origin, refinery and distillation.

Many of the _____ we **use** everyday **are made** *out of* _____. *As a matter of fact (De hecho)* 90% of the **products** we **use** today _____ some type of **plastic**. **Think** about how many items (artículos) in your **home** **are made** from **plastic**. Do you **know** where **plastic** _____ **from**?



Plastic is made **from** **oil**. _____ (fuentes) of **oil** **were** **formed** **between** _____ million and _____ million **years** ago when the _____ (restos) of **plants** and **animals**, *such as* _____, **be composed** on **ancient** **sea floors** and **lake** bottoms



and **under** **intense** _____ and **high** _____ **within** (dentro de) the **Earth** **were transformed** into **natural** **gas**, _____ (carbón) and _____ (petróleo).



That's why **they are called** _____ (combustibles sólidos). Let's **explore** how two different types of **plastic are made** **from** _____ or _____, **extract** it **from** the **Earth**.



When a _____ (fuente) of **oil** **beneath** (debajo de) the **earth has been identified**, _____ (agujeros) **are dug** (excavados) **into the ground** and the **oil is pumped** out (bombeado).



Oil drilling (la extracción de petróleo) **can** also **take** place **under** the **ocean**. _____ **are built** to **support** **drilling** (taladrado) **operations** and _____ (petroleros) **are needed** to **transport** the **oil to shore** (a la costa).



Then the **crude** (/krud/) _____ (petróleo crudo) **has to be** **changed** in form (de forma) **before** it **can be used to make** **petroleum**-



<p>based _____, like plastic. The crude (/krud/) oil was transported to a large processing facility called the _____.</p>	
<p>A _____ breaks down (descompone) the crude (/krud/) oil <u>into</u> a variety of components with different sizes, weights and boiling (ebullición) _____.</p>	
<p>The liquid crude (/krud/) oil is pumped (bombeado) <u>through</u> hot furnaces (hornos) and distillation _____ (torres de destilación) where the lightest (más ligeros) _____ rise (suben) to the top and the heaviest (más pesados) settle (se depositan) at the bottom (base) of the tower.</p>	
<p>Look at the _____ (vapor) being released (lanzado) at the _____. In addition to oil the production of plastic requires the use of other natural _____ (recursos) such as _____ and _____.</p>	

Drag and drop to answer the questions:

SUBJECT	VERB	OBJECT
A production facility	mainly used	selective boiling and condensation.
The process of separating the substances from a liquid mixture	where are converted	as a fuel.
A thick liquid	by using	raw material <u>into</u> products of value.

	SUBJECT	VERB	OBJECT
¿What's crude oil?			
¿What's a refinery?			
¿What's a distillation?			