

**UNIDAD EDUCATIVA PROF. LUIS MERANI**  
**FIRST MID-TERM TEST**  
**3<sup>rd</sup> BGU**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_/10

A. Write T for true or F for false in the following statements. Please justify the false ones.

1. Dynasty is a term given to the Egyptian slaves	T/F
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2. Mummifying is a process that involved the removal of organs and the drying of the corpse	T/F
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3. Scribes were members of the middle class	T/F
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4. Pyramids were built to bury Egyptian pharaohs	T/F
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5. There was only one pyramid in ancient Egypt	T/F
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6. Nile was the most important river for old Egypt	T/F
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7. Back in ancient times, Nile river was used to transport cocaine	T/F
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8. Egyptians developed paper and writing, and built the pyramids	T/F
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9. Polytheistic means to have many gods	T/F
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10. Hatshepsut was a man	T/F
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11. Hatshepsut was an excellent pharaoh	T/F
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12. Tut began the first dynasty of Egypt	T/F

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13. Some pyramids were made of stone T/F

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14. Hieroglyphics were a mixture of symbols and letters T/F

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15. The pharaoh was considered a god and for this reason no one wanted to upset him T/F

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**2. Read the following text and and write T for true, F for false, or NI for non-information**

**NELLIE BLY**

History books are full of the names of famous men who travelled the world, explored distant places and had amazing adventures. Not so many women have become famous in this way, but one woman who did great work and then became a celebrity was Nellie Bly.

After a difficult childhood, Bly became a journalist, and worked in Pittsburgh on stories close to her heart, like the difficult conditions for young women in the 19th century. When she moved to New York, her first job for the New York World newspaper was to report on a hospital for women with mental problems. She wanted to get a closer look at what was happening in the hospital, so she pretended to be crazy and got inside as a patient. She stayed there for ten days and saw the terrible treatment of the patients. When she published her report in the newspaper, it made people pay attention and the result was that conditions in the hospital improved. Some people say she was the first real investigative journalist. She certainly helped make this style of journalism popular, and it is still common today.

She didn't become world famous, though, until 1889. Bly was still working for the New York World, and, inspired by the book Around the World in 80 Days by Jules Verne, she decided to have her own round-the-world journey. She suggested it to the newspaper, but they wanted to send a man to do it, not a woman. She responded by saying, 'If you do that, tell me when he is leaving. I'll do it for another newspaper and I'll win the race!' Her boss agreed to let her go and she eventually did the journey in just 72 days, travelling by ship, train, and many other forms of transport. Her journey was a world record at the time and attracted a lot of attention. Bly stopped reporting when she got married and later she ran her husband's business when he died. However, she went back to journalism, and became one of the very few women reporters in World War I. She was still working as a journalist in 1922 when she died of pneumonia at the age of 58.

1 Nellie Bly was the first woman to become a celebrity.	T / F / NI
2 Her early years were not easy.	T / F / NI
3 She only reported on subjects about women.	T / F / NI
4 She became ill soon after she moved to New York.	T / F / NI
5 Her work helped improve conditions in the hospital.	T / F / NI
6 She wrote a book about her travels.	T / F / NI
7 On her round-the-world trip, she was racing against a man.	T / F / NI
8 Her husband also worked in newspapers.	T / F / NI

*Teacher Pauli*