Class ……Name:…… UNIT 6: MORE EXERCISES

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. dinner	B. disappear	C. discover	D. dinosaur
2. A. robot	B. robe	C. rock	D. role
3. A. constant	B. modern	C. obvious	D. robot
4. A. continue	B. finish	C. likely	D. instant
5. A. annual	B. basic	C. average	D. capacity

II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

1. A. importance	B. happiness	C. employment	D. relation
2. A. possible	B. cultural	C. confident	D. supportive
3. A. office	B. nature	C. result	D. farmer
4. A. difficult	B. popular	C. effective	D. national
5. A. answer	B. reply	C. singer	D. future

III. Choose the correct word in the bracket to complete the sentences.

deforestation	*heat-related*	*emissions*	*extinction*	*absorb*
catastrophic	*footprint*	*diversity*	*preserve*	*infectious*

1. Global warming has proved truly _____ for the environment.
2. Having measured the company's carbon _____, they realized that the amount of carbon dioxide (CO) it produced was great.
3. Rainforests have the highest species _____ on the earth.
4. We need to _____ ___ the diversity of wildlife because each species has an important role to play.
5. Scientists have warned about the relationship between climate change and the spread of _____ diseases.
6. The alarming rate of _____ results in damage to the quality of the land.
7. The increase in the earth's temperature can cause _____ illnesses which can be dangerous to people.
8. A large amount of carbon dioxide _____ are released into the atmosphere by burning fossil fuels.
9. Many species are threatened with _____ due to deforestation and loss of habit.
10. More trees should be planted as they _____ carbon dioxide and give off oxygen.

IV. Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form the word that fits in the gap in the same line.

1. Global warming may lead to _____ weather events, including heat waves, floods, and powerful storms, which could affect people's lives. (EXTREMELY)
2. Every one of us can help to protect and sustain our environment by _____ our consumption habits. (CHANGE)
3. Even slight increase in the levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere can cause a _____ rise in temperature. (SIGNIFICANCE)
4. There is a _____ between the recent droughts and climate change. (CONNECT)

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5. Farming contributes more than 30 percent of the total greenhouse gas _____. (EMIT)
6. The overuse of chemical _____ is a serious threat to the environment. (FERTILIZE)
7. Global warming is the increase in the earth's average surface temperature due to the warming _____ of greenhouse gases. (EFFECTIVE)
8. The main cause of _____ warming is the burning of fossil fuels, such as natural gas, oil, and coal. (GLOBE)
9. The _____ of the earth's atmosphere causes sea-level rise. (WARM)
10. Many animal species are in danger of extinction due to the loss of their habitat and inability to _____ to climate change. (ADAPTION)

V. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. Developed countries are responsible for 80% of the ____ carbon dioxide that is already in the atmosphere.
A. man-made B. men-made C. man-making D. man-mades
2. The government must take ____ to cut vehicle emissions.
A. measures B. repeat C. discover D. ban
3. They didn't forget ____ a short vacation in Cuc Phuong National Park last year.
A. being spent B. having been spent C. to spend D. having spent
4. The effects of climate change on humans and nature are ____.
A. catastrophic B. temperature C. global D. risk
5. A layer of greenhouse gases – primarily water vapor, and carbon dioxide - acts as a ____ blanket for the Earth, absorbing heat and warming the surface.
A. heat B. heating C. thermal D. hot
6. We admired the Japanese ____ the city of Fukushima after the disaster.
A. to being rebuilt B. for having rebuilt C. to rebuild D. of having rebuilt
7. We need to preserve the ____ of wildlife because each species has an important role to play.
A. diversity B. various C. population D. type
8. Most climate scientists agree the main cause of the current global warming trend is human expansion of the greenhouse ____.
A. gas B. damage C. cause D. effect
9. ____ trees around the house on the south and west sides, they can save up to about $250 a year on cooling and heating.
A. Having planted B. Being planted C. To plant D. To have planted
10. The increase in the earth's temperature can cause ____illness which can be dangerous to people.
A. heat-related B. heat-relate C. heat-relating D. heated-relate
11. Certain ____ in the atmosphere, such as carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide, block heat from escaping.
A. gases B. layers C. effects D. emissions
12. Having developed green technologies with low-carbon emissions, ____ intends to get rid of coal.
A. that country B. the communities C. the effort D. the possibility
13. Carbon dioxide is one of the primary ____ gases that cause global warming.
A. greenhouse B. house C. plant D. home

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14. Carbon dioxide is released through ____ processes such as respiration and volcano eruptions and through ____ activities such as deforestation, land use change, and burning fossil fuels.

A. man-made B. ordinary-man-made C. human natural D. natural-human

15. Vietnam has been named among the 12 countries most ____ for climate change by the World Bank.

A. at danger B. in risk C. at risk D. ready

VI. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME

We are probably all (1) ____ at some point in our lives of not caring for the environment as much as we should. Perhaps we drop litter without thinking, or cause (2) ____ by using our cars when it's not necessary. However, the real environmental (3) ____ are those big businesses which ignore the law. For many years now, (4) ____ have attempted to protect the environment by making businesses responsible for making sure that the chemical they use don't add to the (5) ____ of the environment. The problem for businesses is that the (6) ____ of the environment costs money, and businesses will always try to (7) ____ their costs if they can. Some of them do this by simply putting chemical into rivers when they have finished with them, leading to the (9) ____ of major problems. Although government (8) ____ may try to catch them doing it, it can be very difficult to get (10) ____ that a particular business is responsible for an environmental problem. It really depends (11) ____ not only the government but also businesses and individuals as well. All people need to contribute to (12) ____ the environment.

1. A. guilty	B. proud	C. sorry	D. tired
2. A. damage	B. pollution	C. accidents	D. trouble
3. A. agents	B. crimes	C. criminals	D. doers
4. A. politicians	B. politics	C. parties	D. residents
5. A. induction	B. construction	C. instruction	D. destruction
6. A. production	B. protection	C. destruction	D. deforestation
7. A. stabilise	B. raise	C. lower	D. save
8. A. creation	B. creativit	C. creator	D. creature
9. A. suspicion	B. suspect	C. inspection	D. inspectors
10. A. improvement	B. proof	C. waterproof	D. prove
11. A. over	B. at	C. on	D. in
12. A. protecting	B. protect	C. protected	D. protection

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The Amazon rainforest is home to more than a third of all the world's species of plants, birds and animals. Twenty per cent of all the birds in the world live in the rainforest. Scientists have discovered thousands of types of plants and animals that can only be found there. There are thousands - probably millions more that we haven't discovered yet. There are at least 2.5 million species of insects there. Imagine what would happen if they all lost their home? It couldn't happen, could it? Unfortunately, it's

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happening right now. Yet, the rainforest is big. But it's getting smaller. The problem is that people are cutting down the trees, mainly to make **room** for cows. These provide meat and make money for their owners. This process of cutting down trees is called 'deforestation'.

The good news is that **it** is slowing down. In 2004, for example, more than 27,000 square kilometres were cut down. That's an area bigger than Wales. In 2006, because of all the campaigns to save rainforest, it dropped to just over 13,000 square kilometres. The bad news is that it's not enough. Scientists predict that by 2030, the rainforest will have become smaller by 40%. It's possible that by the end of the 21st century, the rainforest will have completely disappeared. With deforestation, thousands of the animals, birds, fish and plants that live in the Amazon rainforest lose their home, their natural habitat. Some of them move to other areas, but most of them die. Many species have already become extinct, and many more will if deforestation continues. That will change the balance of life in the rainforest and could cause **enormous** problems to the region's ecosystem.

There's another problem too. Trees and plants are a vital source of oxygen. If we cut them down, we lose that oxygen. But it's worse than just that. With deforestation, the trees and plants are burnt. This sends gases into the Earth's atmosphere, which stops some of the Earth's heat escaping. That then leads to the temperature here on the ground going up. This increase in the world's temperature is called 'global warming', and most scientists believe it's a very serious issue. If they stopped deforestation, it might help prevent global warming.

1. Which title best summarises the main idea of the passage?
   A. Chances for owners of cow ranches B. Threats to Amazon rainforest
   C. Global warming effects D. Habitat destruction
2. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?
   A. A fifth of all the birds in the world live in the rainforest.
   B. 20% of all the animals in the world live in the rainforest.
   C. Nearly two million species of insects are found in the Amazon rainforest.
   D. Nearly half of the world's species of plants grow there.
3. In paragraph 1, the word "**room**" is closest in meaning to ____.
   A. chamber B. flat C. area D. studio
4. In paragraph 2, the word "**it**" refers to ____.
   A. room B. process C. rainforest D. deforestation
5. According the passage, which of the following is TRUE about Amazon rainforest?
   A. It has become smaller by 40%. B. The deforestation is decreasing.
   C. 25% of animal species are extinct now. D. The deforestation is under control.
6. In paragraph 2, the word "**enormous**" is closest in meaning to ____.
   A. serious B. important C. common D. insignificant
7. What might help to restrain global warming?
   A. increasing deforestation B. stabilising deforestation
   C. ceasing cutting down trees D. clearing more trees for farming

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