A Bug's Sleep

Every **mammal** needs sleep, as do birds and **reptiles**, such as snakes. But what about **insects**? Do they need sleep? Scientists have been trying to discover the truth about insect sleep **behavior** for years. Scientists first thought insects did not need sleep. According to them, the insect brain was not complex enough to need it. Scientists said that some kinds of brain activity, like dreaming, were sleep behaviors. Insects do not dream, so scientists said that they did not sleep. They believed that insects rested, instead.

However, new studies have shown that some insects may actually sleep. There are four types of behavior during sleep. First, sleeping people and animals don't move much. Also, they have a **position** for sleeping; for example, they lie down. Additionally, they don't wake up easily when hearing noises or seeing light. Lastly, they are able to come out of sleep quickly in response to some intense **stimulant**.



Scientists have now seen similar behaviors in **fruit flies**. For example, fruit flies become **still** every night for about seven hours. At these times, they sit in a different way, let their **antennae** drop, and do not respond to quiet noises. The flies do begin to move around when louder noises are made. Scientists think that some insects may have their own unique kind of sleep.

Complete the following statements:

1. The word "it" in line 5 refers to _____.
2. The word "_____" in para.1 is closed in meaning to the word "to relax".
3. The word "_____" In para.2 is closed in meaning to the word "strong".
4. The word "drop" in line 17 means _____:
   A. to fall down
   B. to make sth lower
   C. to stop so that sb can get out of a car
   D. to stop doing/ discussing sth

LIVEWORKSHEETS