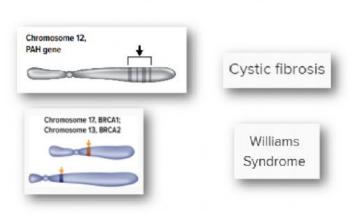
Genetic disorders

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Genetic disorders		
Defective gene or chromosome	Disorder	Description
Chromosome 7, CFTR gene		
	Breast cancer and ovarian cancer	People with defective BRCA1 and/or BRCA2 genes have an increased risk of developing breast cancer and ovarian cancer.
Chromosome 7, elastin gene		
	Phenylketonuria (PKU).	People with defective PAH genes cannot break down the ami acid phenylalanine. If phenylalanine builds up in the blood, it poisons nerve cells.



People with Williams Syndrome are missing part of chromosome 7, including the elastin gene. The protein made from the elastin gene makes blood vessels strong and stretchy.

with defective CFTR genes, salt cannot move in and out of cells normally. Mucus builds up outside cells. The mucus can block airways in lungs and affect digestion.



Questions **Answers** What causes cystic fibrosis? harmful because nerve damage can result if the disorder isn't treated. Why do some women get tested to find out if they have a a mutation in the PAH gene mutation in the BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes? a mutation in the CFTR gene An individual cannot break down phenylalanine. What mutation does the person have? Women with a mutation in BCRA1 or BCRA2 have a greater chance of developing breast and/or ovarian cancer than other women. Some women want to know if they have the increased risk and may choose to take preventative measures if they do. Is this mutation beneficial, neutral, or harmful, and why? **BLIVEWORKSHEETS**