

REVISION FOR MID-EXAM I- Grade 7

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. wanted B. played C. stayed D. opened
2. A. part B. market C. scare D. card
3. A. website B. violent C. access D. internet

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. sickness B. castle C. Europe D. donate
2. A. blanket B. unique C. people D. homeless

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. She have been to the cinema three times this week.
A B C D
2. He has a toothache, and he still eats a lot of sweet things.
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. What has she _____ for that orphanage?
A. do B. doing C. does D. done
2. She studied very hard, _____ she passed all the exams.
A. so B. but C. because D. and
3. Laughing is good _____ your health.
A. for B. of C. at D. to
4. You can help your young children learn better by _____ them how to do homework after school.
A. teaching B. doing C. offering D. helping
5. When you have a fever, you should drink more water, stay in bed and relax _____.
A. much B. more C. most D. less
6. How many novels _____ Charles Dickens _____?
A. does – write B. did – write C. did written D. have – written
7. The health _____ from that diet expert is that you should eat less junk food and count your calories if you are becoming fat.
A. tip B. tips C. advices D. ideas
8. Volunteering is special _____ me because i can help others.
A. to B. with C. for D. at
9. Let's collect and _____ warm clothes to homeless children in our city.
A. give away B. give back C. take off D. put on
10. Last year, our class came to the village and _____, meals for the poor.
A. cook B. offered C. do D. make

Put the following verbs into the correct tense and form.

1. I enjoy (fish) _____ because it is relaxing.
2. _____ you (visit) _____ your grandparents recently?
- Yes. We (visit) _____ them last Sunday.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Each year volunteers from England work abroad: teachers, nurses, engineers, and people with special skills. They do not go for money. Volunteers from Voluntary Service Overseas (VSO) receive the (2) _____ pay as a local colleague.

VSO first (2) _____ in 1958 when 14 young school leavers went away for a year. Only three years later there were 176 volunteers in 25 different countries, and ten years later there were 15,000 volunteers. At first, almost everyone (3) _____ young, and without very much experience. But in the late 1960s, VSO reduced the number of young people, and more and more older, experienced people with different skills went abroad.

Now more than 20,000 people from England have worked abroad as volunteers, some are young, (4) _____ are old. Abroad they live simply with the local people, and they return (5) _____ England with great understanding of other people in other parts of the world.

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|--------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. like | B. same | C. similar | D. average |
| 2. A. was starting | B. has started | C. started | D. starts |
| 3. A. was | B. is | C. were | D. are |
| 4. A. other | B. another | C. the other | D. others |
| 5. A. in | B. to | C. at | D. for |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Each country has many people who take care of others. For example, some of students in the United States often spend many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages or homes for the elderly. They read books to people in these places, or they just visit them and play games with them or listen to their problems.

Other young volunteers go and work in the homes of people who are sick or old. They paint, clean up, or repair their houses, do the shopping. For boys who don't have fathers, there is an organization called Big Brothers. College students and other men take these boys to basket games or on fishing trips and help them to get to know things that boys usually learn from their fathers.

Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go and play games. Some of these clubs show movies or hold short trips to the mountains, the beaches, museums, or other places of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of students as volunteers because they are young enough to understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

1. What do volunteers usually do to help those who are sick or old in their homes?
 - A. They tell them stories and sing and dance for them.
 - B. They do shopping, and repair or clean up their houses.
 - C. They cook, sew, and wash their clothes.
 - D. They take them to basketball games.
2. What do they help boys whose fathers do not live with them?

- A. To learn things that boys usually learn from their fathers.
 - B. To get to know things about their fathers.
 - C. To get to know things that boys want from their fathers.
 - D. To learn things about their father.
3. Which activity is NOT available for the students at the clubs?
- A. playing games B. watching films
 - C. going to interest places D. learning photography
4. Why do they use many students as volunteers?
- A. they know how to do the work.
 - B. they have a lot of free time.
 - C. they can understand the problems of younger boys and girls.
 - D. they are good at playing games and learning new things.
5. Where don't students often do volunteer work?
- A. hospitals B. orphanages C. homes for the elderly D. clubs

Reorder the words to make sentences.

1. Ha Noi/ homeless/ give/ in/ clothes/ away/ they/ warm/ to/ people.

2. vacation/ since/ we/ haven't/ last/ had/ a/ year.

3. printer/ under/ this/ guarantee/ is.

4. our/ a/ in/ makes/ volunteering/ difference/ community.

5. you/ have/ finished/ homework/ your/ yet?

Rewrite the following sentences based on the given words.

1. Tom is interested in reality TV shows. He doesn't like game shows. (but)

→ Tom is _____

2. She started to work for this volunteer organization in 2010. (since)

→ She has _____

3. Linh likes collecting stamps of different countries in the world. (enjoys)

→ Linh _____

4. I have a terrible headache. I want to visit my doctor. (so)

→ I _____

5. She eats more chocolate than I.

→ I _____