

Đè 8

**I. Choose the underlined word which is pronounced differently from the others**

1. A. reserved      B. sociable      C. safe      D. dangerous  
2. A. exhibition      B. hour      C. honesty      D. house

**II. Choose the word which has stress pattern differently from the others**

1. A. character	B. experiment	C. cupboard	D. furniture
2. A. invention	B. stationery	C. precaution	D. tradition

**III. Choose A, B, C or D**

### III. Choose the option that needs correcting in standard English

1. It is not safe leaving small objects around the house.

A        B        C        D

2. I think she ought to get up earlier.

A B C D

3. He didn't get the job because he wasn't enough experienced.

A B C D

4. Each of the rooms have a color television.

A      B      C      D

5. It took three people for moving the piano.

A      B      C      D

#### IV Choose the correct answer

Nowadays, you don't need to be at home or at the office to use the phone. You can carry a mobile phone in your pocket or keep **one** in your car. With a mobile phone, anyone who can talk and walk also phone and walk. You don't have to look for a public phone to make a call anymore. Now you can take your calls with you everywhere.

1. What is the passage written about?

A. the office      B. public telephone      C. mobile phone  
D. making a call

2. Nowadays, you ... be at home or at the office to use the phone.

A. shouldn't      B. ought not to      C. mustn't      D. don't have to

3. What does the word "one" in line 2 refer to?

A. mobile phone      B. office      C. pocket      D. home

4. Which of the following is not true?

A. If you have a mobile phone, you can phone and walk.  
B. Nowadays, you don't have to look for a public telephone to make a call anymore.  
C. Today, you can make a call anywhere.  
D. You must keep a mobile phone in your pocket.

**V. Read the passage carefully then decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).**

Peter had a letter from his sister yesterday. She lives in Nigeria. In her letter, she said that she was coming to England next month. If she comes, she will get a surprise. Peter is now living in a beautiful new house in the country. The house was completed five months ago. In his letter, he said that, he wanted her to stay with his family. The house has many large rooms and there is a lovely garden. It is a modern house. So it looks strange to some people. It must be the only modern house in the district.

1. Peter lives in Nigeria.
2. His sister's coming to England next month.
3. Peter's new house is in the city.
4. The house has many large rooms and there is a lovely garden.

**VI. Viết các câu sau theo gợi ý.**

1. I didn't go to school in the morning last year so I got up late.

I used \_\_\_\_\_

2. Lan is only ten years old. She isn't in my class. (enough)

Lan isn't \_\_\_\_\_

3. Last night / she / come home / 10.30 and 11.00.

4. They plan to invite him for dinner tonight. (be going to)

They \_\_\_\_\_

5. Driving too fast is dangerous.

It's \_\_\_\_\_

6. Ba likes reading books .

→ Ba enjoys \_\_\_\_\_

**II. Put the words or phrase in correct order to make sentences**

1. enough / **Jane** / strong / the box./ to / is / lift

→ \_\_\_\_\_

2. you / going to / are / **What** / do / next weekend?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

3. is / Mai. / beautiful / more/ **Hanh** / than

→ \_\_\_\_\_

4. awful/ an / **What** / house!

→ \_\_\_\_\_

Đè 10

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.**

1. A. <u>pan</u>	B. <u>match</u>	C. <u>lamp</u>	D. <u>save</u>
2. A. <u>safety</u>	B. <u>electricity</u>	C. <u>myself</u>	D. <u>anything</u>
3. A. <u>tiger</u>	B. <u>fire</u>	C. <u>stripe</u>	D. <u>prince</u>
4. A. <u>door</u>	B. <u>foolish</u>	C. <u>choose</u>	D. <u>soon</u>
5. A. <u>chore</u>	B. <u>school</u>	C. <u>kitchen</u>	D. <u>choose</u>

**II. Choose the best option marked A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.**

### III. Give correct form of the verbs in the brackets.

1. Ba's English is good enough \_\_\_\_\_ (join) English speaking club.
2. A.G Bell \_\_\_\_\_ (start) his experiments in Boston university many years ago.
3. Mrs.Lien \_\_\_\_\_ (see) a music show on T.V tonight.
4. I stopped \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new hat on the way to home last Sunday.

## V. Read the following passage and do the tasks below.

Alfred Bernard Nobel ( 1833 – 1896 ) a Swedish scientist, was the first man to make dynamite. He allowed his invention to be used in peace. However, he saw it being used in war to destroy things, he was very unhappy. On his death he left all his money to be spent upon a prize every year. The Nobel Prize is now one of the greatest prizes that a person can ever receive. It is given every year for the best work in one of the following subject: physics, chemistry, medicine, literature and peace.

A. Write true ( T ) or false ( F ) for each sentence.

1. Alfred Bernard Nobel was born in 1896. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. The Nobel Prize is now one of the biggest prizes \_\_\_\_\_

### **B. Answer the following questions.**

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→ \_\_\_\_\_

2. Did he leave all his money for the Nobel Prize after his death?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

#### VI- Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the given

1. Tam is strong. He can lift the heavy box.

- A. Tam is strong enough to lift the heavy box
- B. Tam isn't strong enough to lift the heavy box
- C. Tam is enough strong to lift the heavy box
- D. Tam is strong enough lifting the heavy box

2. I want to invite my friends to my birthday party.

- A. I'm going to invite my friends to my birthday party
- B. I invited my friends to my birthday party
- C. I'm not going to invite my friends to my birthday party
- D. I'm going to invites my friends to my birthday party

3. I had to go to the police station last week.

- A. Why do you have to go to the police station last week?
- B. Why does you have to go to the police station last week?
- C. Why did you have to go to the police station last week?
- D. Why do you has to go to the police station last week?

4. Her hair is long and black

- A. She having long black hair
- B. She has long hair black
- C. She have long hair black
- D. She has long black hair

#### 5. to/ too/ school/ it/ back/ never/ go / is/ to/ late.

- A. It is too late to go never back to school.
- B. It is never to go back late to school too.
- C. It is never too late to go back to school.
- D. It is never late to go too back to school.

#### VII. Rearrange the jumbled words to make meaningful sentences.

1. here/ between/ came /8a.m. and 9a.m. / they

→ \_\_\_\_\_

2. different/ language learners/ ways/ learn/ words/ in.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

#### VIII. . Do as directed

1. Ha isn't rather rich. She can't buy that laptop.. (**Using " enough "** )

→ Ha \_\_\_\_\_

2. My parents plan to change their jobs after my graduation. (**Using " be going to ... "** )

→ My parents \_\_\_\_\_

3. wardrobe / left corner / room. (**Building sentence** )

→ \_\_\_\_\_

4. Hung had to go to see the doctor because he was ill. (**Make the question** )

→ Why \_\_\_\_\_

5. The test was very easy. She could do it in fifteen minutes. (**" enough "** )

→ The test \_\_\_\_\_

6. There is an exciting football match on TV tonight and Minh has no homework to do. (**going to** )

→ Minh \_\_\_\_\_

7. Minh should study harder for his exam.

→ Minh ought \_\_\_\_\_

8. My sister felt sick yesterday, so she stayed at home.

→ Because \_\_\_\_\_

9. She is very young, she can't drive a car.

→ She isn't \_\_\_\_\_

10. He is strong. He can carry that suitcase.

→ He is strong enough \_\_\_\_\_