

I. Nội dung ôn tập:**1. Pronunciation:** sounds /ə/, /ɜ:/, /f/, /v/, /k/, /g/**2. Vocabulary (unit 1-3)**

Vocabulary related to Hobbies, Health and Community services topic

3. Grammar and structure:

- The present simple tense, future simple tense, past simple tense, present perfect tense

- Compound sentences

- Imperative with more and less

4. Reading, writing and listening skills:

Reading, writing and listening skills are about the topics: Hobbies, health and community services

II. Bài tập thực hành:**A. Phonetics****I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others**

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|------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. answer | B. further | C. butter | D. birth |
| 2. A. burn | B. collect | C. alone | D. neighbour |
| 3. A. chimpanzee | B. mechanic | C. chemistry | D. earache |
| 4. A. of | B. funny | C. wife | D. bookshelf |
| 5. A. complete | B. compass | C. concert | D. century |
| 6. A. laugh | B. though | C. cough | D. enough |
| 7. A. turn | B. put | C. burn | D. fur |
| 8. A. learner | B. prefer | C. sister | D. return |

II. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others

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|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. enjoy | B. collect | C. escape | D. paper |
| 2. A. answer | B. repeat | C. repair | D. attract |
| 3. A. village | B. summer | C. contact | D. winter |
| 4. A. raincoat | B. machine | C. airport | D. bookshop |
| 5. A. homesick | B. explain | C. allow | D. expect |

B. Vocabulary and grammar**I. Choose the best answers (A, B, C and D) to complete the sentences**

1. Eating too much will be harmful for your health.
A. vegetables B. junk food C. healthy food D. fresh food
2. Do you think that playing outside all day will make you get?
A. a sore throat B. a toothache C. sun burn D. a cold
3. You should be careful with you eat and drink.
A. what B. who C. why D. when
4. If you eat that strange food, you may get a/an
A. backache B. allergy C. fever D. temperature
5. If you follow a balanced diet, you will have a healthy
A. life B. style C. house D. line
6. Eating drinking healthy things will keep you fit.
A. or B. although C. but D. and
7. The are people who don't have their own houses to live in.
A. young children B. street children C. rich children D. weak children
8. We usually collect and food to provide to the homeless.
A. old clothes B. garbage C. rubbish D. cans
9. My father the bike for me already.
A. bought B. will buy C. has bought D. buys
10. I an interesting news from my best friend yesterday.
A. have heard B. heard C. hear D. did hear

II . Write the correct tense or form of the verbs in brackets.

1. I enjoy (fish) because it is relaxing.
2. She (love) swimming in the afternoon.
3. My friend hates (eat) out alone.
4. I (be) free tomorrow.
5. What about (listen) to pop music.
6. She (leave) her house for Ho Chi Minh city next Friday.
7. you (visit) your grandparents recently?
8. She (send) a letter to her pen-pal for 2 days.

9. They (write) _____ this essay last week.
10. Dax and Woof (watch) _____ cartoon on TV every day.

III. Put the correct form of the words in the following sentences.

1. English is an _____ and important subject. (interest)
2. Ba has a large stamp _____ (collect)
3. My mother works _____ hours than yours. (many)
4. He drinks _____ beer than me. (little)
5. Eating more vegetables and less meat will make you _____ (health)
6. I don't like this movie because it is so _____ (bore)
7. He gets a cold, so he has a _____ nose. (run)
8. There are _____ symptoms when you have a cold. (differ)

IV. Find the mistakes in the following sentences.

1. My hobbies is going hiking and shopping at weekends.
A B C D
2. If you eat more sugar, you will lose your weight easily.
A B C D
3. Her son has lost his way on his way home yesterday.
A B C D
4. You should eat much junk food because you will be fat soon.
A B C D

C. Reading

I. Read the passage and choose the best answers for each question

KEEPING OUR TEETH HEALTHY

It's very important to have healthy teeth. Good teeth help us chew our food. They also help us look nice. How does a tooth go bad? The **decay** begins in **a little crack** in the enamel covering of the tooth. This happens after **germs** and bit of food have collected there. Then the decay **slowly spreads** inside to the tooth. **Eventually**, **poison** goes into the blood, and we may feel quite ill.

How can we keep our teeth healthy? First, we ought to visit the dentist twice a year. He can fill the small holes in our teeth before they destroy the teeth. He can examine our teeth to check that they are growing in the right way.

Secondly, we should brush our teeth with a toothbrush and fluoride toothpaste at least twice a day—once after the breakfast and once before we go to bed. We can also use wooden toothpicks to clean between our teeth after a meal.

Thirdly, we should eat food that is good for our teeth and our body: milk, cheese, fish, brown bread, potatoes, red rice, raw vegetables, and fresh fruits. Chocolates, sweets, biscuits and cakes are bad, especially when we eat them between meals. They are harmful because they stick to our teeth and cause decay.

1. Good teeth help us our food.
A. be nice
B. have good eyesight
C. chew
D. be important
2. When food and germs collect in a small crack, our teeth
A. become hard
B. send poison into the blood
C. begin to decay
D. make us feel quite ill
3. A lot of people visit the dentist only when
A. their teeth grow properly
B. they have holes in their teeth
C. they have toothache
D. they have brush their teeth
4. We ought to clean our teeth
A. After breakfast
B. before breakfast
C. before bedtime
D. Both B & C
5. We shouldn't eat a lot of
A. red rice B. fresh fruit C. fish D. chocolate

II. Choose the word which best fits each gap.

Doing some form of voluntary work has (1) been more popular with British people. Over 20 million people were engaged (2) voluntary activities in 2013. Volunteering means giving up time to do work of (3) to the community. It can be based in the UK or overseas. Volunteering can take many forms, from working with children with (4) difficulties, in an animal hospital, or planting trees. When London won its bid to host the 2012 Olympics, up to 70,000 (5) were needed to help ensure the games were a success.

1. A. ever B. any C. never D. before

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|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 2. A. with | B. in | C. to | D. for |
| 3. A. comfort | B. benefit | C. contribute | D. profit |
| 4. A. learn | B. learned | C. learning | D. learnt |
| 5. A. donors | B. visitors | C. foreigners | D. volunteers |

D. Writing:

I. Write the second sentence with the same meaning as the first one.

1. There is more milk in the bottle than in the glass.

→ There is

2. He hasn't smoked cigarettes for a month.

→ The last time

3. That apartment is more modern than any apartments.

→ That apartment

4. I spend twenty minutes walking to school every morning.

→ It takes

5. I find losing weight very difficult.

→ I think

II. Reorder the following words to make meaningful sentences.

1. poor/ should/ the/ rich/ help/ the.

2. Jim/ overweight/ so/ eats/ is/ fast food/ too much/ he .

3. his/ do/ what/ your/ brother/ free/ does/ in/ time/?

4. it/ boring/ because/ finds/ time/ models/ Jim/ takes/ lots of/ making/.

5. the flu/ should/ you/ a cold/ if/ have/ or/ you/ home/ stay.