

1. (A) She isn't sure what she wants.
(B) She will certainly have a party.
(C) She is sure about her part for tonight.
(D) She would like to go to the party.
2. (A) On a subway.
(B) In an airport.
(C) In an airplane.
(D) In a bus station.
3. (A) Hungry.
(B) Angry.
(C) Tired.
(D) Happy.
4. (A) He doesn't know how much the dinner cost.
(B) He is not worried about what the woman owns.
(C) He doesn't own the diner.
(D) The woman doesn't need to pay for her meal.
5. (A) She fell and hurt herself.
(B) She hasn't been able to complete her work.
(C) She finished her term papers on time.
(D) She actually left her papers behind.
6. (A) She never minds repeating herself.
(B) She doesn't want to repeat what she said.
(C) She accepts the man's apology.
(D) She didn't hear the man.
7. (A) He mailed it for George.
(B) He sent it to the woman.
(C) He received it in the mail.
(D) George mailed it.
8. (A) She figured the problem out in her head.
(B) She was ahead of the other students until today.
(C) She didn't think carefully about the problem.
(D) She used her calculator to do the problem.
9. (A) The man had finished the laundry.
(B) The laundry still needed to be washed.
(C) There were no dirty shirts in the laundry.
(D) All the man's clothes were clean.
10. (A) He will lend the woman his book.
(B) He threw the book away.
(C) He doesn't like his sociology book.
(D) The woman should buy her own book.
11. (A) He isn't sure when the school year will end.
(B) He doesn't want to start writing right away.
(C) He needs to read his book before the end of the year.
(D) He's all booked up until the end of the year.
12. (A) He doesn't like museums.
(B) He's tired of touring this museum.
(C) He thinks a hundred miles is too far to go for a tour.
(D) He is excited about going to the museum.
13. (A) He didn't understand what she was singing about.
(B) He has a few questions about her performance.
(C) He isn't sure what to ask her.
(D) She was definitely the best performer in the show.
14. (A) He might break the handle on his glass.
(B) He has an advanced physical illness.
(C) The class might be too difficult for him.
(D) His hands have been bothering him.
15. (A) Her award isn't as impressive as it seems.
(B) She encouraged other people from her school to apply for the scholarship.
(C) Her school has won a number of scholarships.
(D) She hopes to win the scholarship she applied for.
16. (A) He doesn't know where the bag is.
(B) He'll take the woman to the grocery store.
(C) He'll carry the groceries for the woman.
(D) He doesn't really want to go inside the house.
17. (A) The man will be tired if he doesn't get some sleep.
(B) She can't see because her eyes are tired.
(C) She can tell the man how to get rid of the circles under his eyes.
(D) The man's physical appearance indicates that he is tired.
18. (A) Sheila didn't make any apple pie for dessert.
(B) He didn't have time to eat any pie.
(C) There was no pie left when he went to get some.
(D) Sheila was gone when dessert was served.

19. (A) Borrow money from Mary to buy a car.
 (B) Ask Mary if he can borrow her car.
 (C) Try Mary's car before borrowing it.
 (D) Pay Mary for her car.
20. (A) The man's bike should be safe under the porch.
 (B) She will wait on the porch for the man to arrive.
 (C) The man can leave his bike on her front porch.
 (D) She can't see the man's bike from her house.
21. (A) She only saw part of it.
 (B) She couldn't wait until it was over.
 (C) She didn't understand it.
 (D) She couldn't go see it.
22. (A) He doesn't like French very well.
 (B) He speaks French better than the woman does.
 (C) He hasn't spent much time in France.
 (D) He doesn't speak French very well.
23. (A) He is too busy to finish everything he needs to do.
 (B) He is rushing around now so that he will have more free time this evening.
 (C) He doesn't know what to do with all of his free time.
 (D) He doesn't want the woman to spend too much time rushing around.
24. (A) She had enjoyed writing her thesis.
 (B) She hadn't finished taking classes.
 (C) She didn't realize how long it would take to finish her course work.
 (D) She was working faster than had been expected.
25. (A) He has been working at his new job for only a short time.
 (B) It's time for him to apply for a new job.
 (C) He hasn't always worked as hard as he could.
 (D) It is good to know that he likes his new job so much.
26. (A) Write a report about her lost purse.
 (B) Go tell the police what happened.
 (C) Go back to the department store and look for her purse.
 (D) Take her purse across the street to the bank.
27. (A) The soup needs a lot more vegetables.
 (B) There is a lot of soup left.
 (C) Soup with vegetables in it is healthy.
 (D) He likes the way the soup tastes.
28. (A) Buying pictures.
 (B) Taking photographs.
 (C) Leaving as soon as possible.
 (D) Finding a different spot.
29. (A) They can't afford to buy the kind of computer they want.
 (B) They can't find a computer that is powerful enough.
 (C) The computer they have is losing power.
 (D) They don't know how to choose a new computer.
30. (A) He will enjoy doing it for his landlord.
 (B) He will not receive any help from his landlord.
 (C) It will not cost much money to do it.
 (D) He is going to pay someone to do it for him.

Part B

31. (A) Differences between anthropology and biology.
 (B) Biological approaches to the study of human beings.
 (C) Differences in two approaches to anthropological study.
 (D) Family structure in cultures all over the world.
32. (A) She didn't see the man there.
 (B) The first lecture was more difficult than she had expected.
 (C) The course had a different name than she had expected.
 (D) She thought she would be studying physical anthropology.
33. (A) Ancient human tools.
 (B) The relationship between parents and children in different societies.
 (C) Food crops in various cultures.
 (D) Height differences in people from different cultures.
34. (A) Because he heard it was easier.
 (B) Because he is interested in human cultures.
 (C) Because he's a biology major.
 (D) Because it is a required course for him.
35. (A) His grades have gone down.
 (B) He has to go to school this summer.
 (C) He doesn't like classrooms without air conditioning.
 (D) He doesn't have enough money.

36. (A) Take summer courses.
 (B) Work forty hours a week.
 (C) Break up with his girlfriend.
 (D) Fly to England.
37. (A) It would keep him too busy.
 (B) It would mean that he could go to England this summer.
 (C) It sounds quite romantic.
 (D) It would help him pay for his meal card.
38. (A) Look for a cheap airline ticket.
 (B) Call his girlfriend.
 (C) Sign up for summer courses.
 (D) Start applying for jobs.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) (D)

- In your test book, you read:
- (A) Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants.
 (B) Bumblebees protect red clover from plant eating insects.
 (C) Bumblebees bring water to red clover plants on their tongues.
 (D) Bumblebees keep mice and other animals away from red clover plants.

The best answer to the question "Why is it impossible to raise red clover where there are no bumblebees?" is (A), "Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants." Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

Now listen to another sample question.

Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) (D)

- In your test book, you read:
- (A) They both make honey.
 (B) They both build combs.
 (C) Both of them are found in underground nests.
 (D) They both live through the winter.

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, in what way are the queen wasp and the queen bee similar?" is (D), "They both live through the winter." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

39. (A) To present information about several Hawaiian volcanoes.
 (B) To explain a research project about an underwater volcano.
 (C) To demonstrate the latest use of underwater cables.
 (D) To discuss a study of ocean life near underwater volcanoes.
40. (A) Geologists will bring it back.
 (B) It will be sent back by cable.
 (C) It will be sent by mail.
 (D) It will be sent back through seismometers.
41. (A) Because it is related to work being done in class.
 (B) Because she helped produce it.
 (C) Because she is excited about it.
 (D) Because it is a public television broadcast.
42. (A) The twenty types of manmade fibers.
 (B) Rayon.
 (C) How nylon is made.
 (D) Clothing care.

43. (A) Since 1939.
 (B) For a little over a century.
 (C) For approximately twenty years.
 (D) Since nylon was first invented.
44. (A) It is inexpensive to produce.
 (B) It is more durable than other manmade fibers.
 (C) It remains a very popular clothing fiber.
 (D) It is easy to produce in great quantities.
45. (A) It does not wash well.
 (B) It is manmade.
 (C) It loses its color in sunlight.
 (D) It is not very comfortable to wear.
46. (A) Talk about the production of nylon.
 (B) Leave the factory.
 (C) Take a break.
 (D) Go into the rayon production room.
47. (A) The use of English in shipping and aviation.
 (B) The early history of the English language.
 (C) The emergence of English as a global language.
 (D) The influence of the Roman Empire in Britain.
48. (A) Its publishers don't have the funds to constantly update it.
 (B) It is used only by speakers of English as a first language.
 (C) The use of English is on the decline, so it is hard to know when to catalog new words.
 (D) Many scientific and technical words are very new and haven't yet been included.
49. (A) No one spoke English two thousand years ago.
 (B) English has such a huge vocabulary it is hard to learn.
 (C) Only one half of the world's scientific periodicals are in English.
 (D) Only about 350 million people use English as a native language.
50. (A) The rise and fall of the Roman Empire.
 (B) Evidence that English is not very old.
 (C) Problems posed by using English in aviation.
 (D) Reasons why English is so widely used today.

This is the end of Section 1.
 Stop work on Section 1.



Do NOT read or work on any other section of the test.
 The supervisor will tell you when to begin work on Section 2.



Time: 25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

Structure

Directions: Questions 1–15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the **one** word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example I

Most American families ----- at least one automobile.

- (A) have
 (B) in
 (C) that
 (D) has

Sample Answer



The sentence should read, "Most American families have at least one automobile." Therefore, you should choose (A).

1. ----- growing awareness of social ills, Edna Saint Vincent Millay wrote increasingly more somber poetry during her later years.
 - (A) A
 - (B) Because her
 - (C) When a
 - (D) Due to her
2. ----- categorized as lipids.
 - (A) Fats and also oils
 - (B) While fats and oils
 - (C) Fats and oils are
 - (D) Fats and oils
3. The role of the mass media in influencing public policy decisions, maintaining or changing the status quo of our society, and ----- outlets for all types of views is enormous.
 - (A) as it provides
 - (B) to provide
 - (C) provide
 - (D) providing
4. ----- earth might be experiencing a global warming trend which could have devastating climatic effects.
 - (A) In the
 - (B) The
 - (C) Where the
 - (D) Whole
5. Depressant drugs ----- historically have been known to be addictive are called narcotics.
 - (A) and
 - (B) which
 - (C) they
 - (D) about which
11. Scientists believe that the beaver's instinct to build dams is more complex than ----- other animal instinct.
 - (A) most
 - (B) all
 - (C) any
 - (D) these
12. Considered unique and exotic, ----- .
 - (A) over 4,000 American households keep the llama as a pet
 - (B) there are over 4,000 American households that keep the llama as a pet
 - (C) the llama is kept as a pet in over 4,000 American households
 - (D) the llama kept as a pet in over 4,000 American households
6. ----- young, Eugene O'Neill traveled with his father's theatrical company, and the stage was an important part of his life.
 - (A) When was he
 - (B) He was
 - (C) Was he
 - (D) When he was
7. Vitamins are organic compounds ----- and must be ingested to maintain proper bodily functions.
 - (A) that they can't be produced by the body
 - (B) the body can't produce them
 - (C) that can't be produced by the body
 - (D) not produced them by the body
8. ----- , business managers plan the tasks that their employees are to carry out.
 - (A) It is the organizing process
 - (B) They process the organizing
 - (C) While the organizing process
 - (D) Through the organizing process
9. Copper is the favored metal for electricians' wire because of ----- .
 - (A) it is an excellent conductor
 - (B) its excellent conductivity
 - (C) excellent conductivity of it
 - (D) so conductive is it
10. Chemicals in paint that pose a fire hazard - ----- as combustible, flammable, or extremely flammable.
 - (A) are listed
 - (B) listed
 - (C) being listed
 - (D) they are listed
13. Anxiety about uncontrollable situations is thought to cause ----- .
 - (A) to fitfully sleep
 - (B) fitful sleep
 - (C) fitful in sleep
 - (D) sleep fitfully
14. One of the most influential Virginians of colonial times, ----- in England.
 - (A) the education received by William Bird
 - (B) was the education that William Bird received
 - (C) William Bird was educated
 - (D) the education that William Bird received
15. By careful seeding, weathermakers can encourage two small clouds to merge into one big cloud ----- produce a powerful thunderstorm.
 - (A) so
 - (B) these
 - (C) which
 - (D) and

16. The tiny nucleus of an atom is held together by forces powerful capable of unleashing great energy.
17. Because of their beautiful coloration, palomino horses does often chosen as show horses for parades.
18. The discovering of quarks, minute particles of matter, has led to a new age in particle physics.
19. Thanksgiving Day, a uniquely North American holiday, is celebrated in the United States on the four Thursday in November.
20. A square is a geometric shape which is as long as is tall and which has four right angles.
21. The incidence of which is now referred to as cryovolcanism, or ice volcanoes, is quite high on the surface of Triton, one of the moons of Neptune.
22. Contemporary poet Allen Ginsberg prides him on his ability to create poetry which invites complete emotional and physical participation by its audience.
23. The amount of red meat needed to provision sufficient protein for maintaining good health is estimated at less than four ounces per day.
24. Neither oil drilling or gas exploration can be prevented from steadily changing the face of the Arctic.
25. However unavoidable the Civil War may have been, it was more devastating also exhausting than any European war between 1815 and 1914.
26. Water and petroleum are the only two liquids what occur in large quantities in nature.
27. Allowing children to help plan and prepare family meals provides enjoyable learning experiences that later encouraging them to eat the foods they have prepared.
28. According to many economists, international specialization in the production of some goods, such as cars and computers, increase world efficiency and output, making all nations richer.
29. Solar astronomers have recently observed bursts of coherent radio waves coming from a specific locations on the sun's surface.
30. In accordance the wishes of most of his electorate, President Franklin D. Roosevelt postponed entering the Second World War until December 11, 1941.
31. Substances such as DDT become more concentrated in each successively level in an ecological pyramid.
32. The rate of stomach cancer is lowest in countries where people don't eat processed meat products than in nations where such foods are consumed.
33. Unlike most liquids, which contract when they solidify, water expands by nine percentage when it freezes.
34. Raindrops falling on the ocean reduce the number of breaking waves, thereby calming roughness water.
35. The languages spoken by the Alaskan Eskimos and the Inuit of northern Canada are such similar as to be mutually intelligible.
36. According to a Keynesian economist, expects economic conditions to worsen can bring about behavior which in fact causes these conditions to worsen.

37. Desiring^A to leave their own marks of identity inside the White House, most presidents' wives redecorate^B at least some portion of its^C rooms as soon as arrival^D there.
38. Generally^A speaking, proteins that come from animal^B sources are complete whereas those that^C come from another^D sources are incomplete proteins.
39. Even although^A he is best remembered^B as a writer, Walt Whitman was also^C a newspaper^D publisher, teacher, and farmer.
40. The first^A domesticated^B bird in^C earth was probably the^D goose.

This is the end of Section 2.

If you finish before time is called, check your work on Section 2 only.



The supervisor will tell you when to begin work on Section 3.

This is the end of Section 2.

If you finish before time is called, check your work on Section 2 only.



The supervisor will tell you when to begin work on Section 3.