

## **MÔN ĐỊA LÝ**

1. Trình bày đặc điểm vị trí giới hạn, kích thước lãnh thổ và địa hình châu Á?
2. Chứng minh khí hậu châu Á phân hoá đa dạng và giải thích nguyên nhân.
3. Nêu đặc điểm 2 kiểu khí hậu phổ biến ở châu Á?
4. Trình bày đặc điểm sông ngòi châu Á?
5. Nêu đặc điểm dân cư – xã hội châu Á?

## **MÔN GIÁO DỤC CỘNG DÂN**

### **\* Học sinh ôn các bài sau:**

1. Tôn trọng lẽ phải
2. Liêm khiết
3. Tôn trọng người khác
4. Giữ chữ tín

### **\* Yêu cầu:**

- HS nắm được nội dung bài học: khái niệm, ý nghĩa, cách rèn luyện.
- Làm các dạng bài tập trong sách giáo khoa.
- Luyện các câu hỏi trắc nghiệm.

## **REVISION FOR 1<sup>st</sup> MID - SEMESTER TEST ENGLISH 8 (2021 – 2022)**

### **A. GRAMMAR**

- Revise from Unit 1 to unit 3
- Tenses: Present simple, Future simple, Past simple, Present perfect...
- Verbs of liking + gerund/ Verbs of liking + to - infinitives
- Comparative forms of adjectives/ adverbs
- Questions
- Articles

### **B. EXERCISES**

#### **I. PHONETICS**

**Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others**

1. A. <u>bread</u>	B. <u>read</u>	C. <u>meat</u>	D. <u>peach</u>
2. A. <u>school</u>	B. <u>church</u>	C. <u>children</u>	D. <u>watch</u>
3. A. <u>sound</u>	B. <u>out</u>	C. <u>found</u>	D. <u>enough</u>

4. A. mended      B. needed      C. invented      D. called  
5. A. wanted      B. played      C. stayed      D. opened

**Choose the word that is stressed differently from that of the other words.**

1. A. leisure      B. diving      C. origami      D. movie  
2. A. adore      B. enjoy      C. fancy      D. detest  
3. A. detest      B. discuss      C. adore      D. addict  
4. A. leisure      B. minority      C. exciting      D. traditional  
5. A. woman      B. detest      C. balloon      D. police

## **II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

**Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.**

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ to the countryside two months ago.  
A. go      B. have gone      C. went      D. will go

2. Your sister writes poems and stories, \_\_\_\_\_ she?  
A. does      B. doesn't      C. will      D. won't

3. Laura fell asleep during the lesson \_\_\_\_\_ she was tired.  
A. so      B. but      C. because      D. therefore

4. We \_\_\_\_\_ anything from James since we left school.  
A. haven't heard      B. heard      C. don't hear      D. didn't hear

5. The children sang \_\_\_\_\_ during the trip.  
A. happily      B. happiness      C. unhappy      D. happy

6. This newspaper \_\_\_\_\_ every day.  
A. is publishing      B. publish      C. published      D. is published

7. My students enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ English very much.  
A. learn      B. learnt      C. learning      D. to learn

8. Do you fancy \_\_\_\_\_ around the West Lake with me this Sunday morning?  
A. going      B. having      C. staying      D. moving

9. It is \_\_\_\_\_ in the city than it is in the country.  
A. noisily      B. more noisier      C. noisier      D. noisy

10. The English test was \_\_\_\_\_ than I thought it would be.  
A. the easier      B. more easy      C. easiest      D. easier

## **III. READING**

**Read the passage and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space**

My parents are farmers. They work very (1) \_\_\_\_\_ on the paddy fields. They usually get up very early in the morning. After (2) \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast, they feed the buffaloes, pigs, chickens, ducks and they collect the eggs. From about eight, they work on the field. They (3) \_\_\_\_\_ rice but their crop is vegetables. From eleven thirty to one thirty, they rest and have lunch. They continue to work until five in the afternoon then they come back home. My mother (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the animals again while my father takes the buffalo shed and the chicken coop. They usually finish their work at about six thirty. Twice a week, my mother (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the vegetables and eggs to the town market to sell them then she often buys the things we need for our daily life. She also buys me a small present each time.

1. A. hard	B. hardly	C. harder	D. hardest
2. A. to have	B. having	C. have	D. had
3. A. plant	B. water	C. grow	D. cut
4. A. leads	B. feeds	C. gives	D. calls
5. A. makes	B. takes	C. carries	D. brings

**Read the text and then choose the best answer A, B, C or D.**

In Viet Nam, a market is' a trading place, but many markets are not only about buying and selling things. They reflect the life of the community. A traditional market is a social gathering point for people of all ages and it is a new and exciting experience for children, a trading place for local craftsmen, and a chance for young people to meet. People go to the traditional market not only to buy and sell things but also to eat, drink, play games and socialize. For example, if you go to Sa Pa Market, it is the highlands in the north of Viet Nam, you can see people wear their nicest clothes and spend all day long at the market. They buy things, play the flute, dance and sing. This is also a time to meet, make friends or look for lovers. That is why this kind of gathering is also called "love market". Some other countryside market in the Mekong Delta is held on boats. Most of the goods are sold et a floating market. The most exciting time is in the early morning, when boats arrive loaded up with agricultural products.

1. In Viet Nam, all markets are \_\_\_\_\_

A. only trading places	B. only about buying things
C. only about selling things	D. not only about buying and selling things
2. A traditional market is a social gathering point for \_\_\_\_\_

A. young people	B. people of all ages
C. local craftsmen	D. children
3. What can people do at the traditional market?

A. Sell and buy things only.
B. Buy and sell things, eat, drink and play games.

C. Buy things and eat.

D. Buy and sell things, eat, drink, play games and socialize.

4. What do the ethnic people who go to Sa Pa Market do?

A. They wear their nicest clothes, buy things, play the flute, dance and sing

B. They ride on a horse and sing.

C. They drink a lot of wine and dance.

D. They buy the nicest clothes at the market and look for lovers.

5. Some of the markets in the Mekong Delta are held \_\_\_\_\_ are called floating markets.

A. along the roads

B. on the paddy fields

C. on boats

D. in the morning

#### IV. WRITING

**Find ONE mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it.**

1. Having leisure activities are truly important to the elderly.

A

B

C

D

2. Do you fancy to come on a day trip to Bath next Saturday?

A

B

C

D

3. The test was the most difficult than I expected.

A

B

C

D

4. Nomadic children learn riding a horse when they are very small.

A

B

C

D

5. One- pillar pagoda was builded in winter of 1049

A

B

C

D

**Rearrange the following words and punctuation marks to complete the sentences.**

1. in/ My/ flowers/ mother/ the/ planting/ garden / loves

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2. because/ the air/ People/ living/ fresh/ the villages/ enjoy/ is/ clean/ in/ and.

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3. We/ onto / load/ helped/ buffalo drawn carts/ the farmers/ the rice.

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4. In/ children/ the city/ play/ the countryside/ freely/ than/ more/ in.

5. learn / a/ Nomadic/ horse/ when/ to/ children/ they/ small/ are/ ride.

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**Write the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.**

1. How long is it since you built this stilt house?

When \_\_\_\_\_ ?

2. Living in a big city is more convenient than living in a village.

It's \_\_\_\_\_

3. She likes to hang out with friends on Saturday evening.

She's interested \_\_\_\_\_

4. DIY skills aren't as hard to learn as I think.

DIY skills are \_\_\_\_\_

5. He plays tennis better than Jack does.

Jack plays \_\_\_\_\_