

NAME:

DATE:

Week 5 – Language Arts Assessment

1. Match the words with the definitions:

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|-------------|--|
| 1) Whence | A) To scare someone. |
| 2) Brush | B) A plant that bears yellow or orange flowers. |
| 3) Holloa | C) To make a harsh, shrill cry or sound. |
| 4) Creep | D) To speak or make a sound. |
| 5) Utter | E) A very loud sound (from an animal). |
| 6) Crimson | F) From where. |
| 7) Frighten | G) To move while trying not to be seen or heard. |
| 8) Marigold | H) A tool made of stiff hairs and a handle. |
| 9) Thirty | I) A deep red colour. |
| 10) Screech | J) A number. |

2. Complete the chart with the comparative and superlative forms:

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
<i>small</i>	<i>smaller</i>	<i>the smallest</i>
<i>comfortable</i>	<i>more comfortable</i>	<i>the most comfortable</i>
brave		
fat		
happy		
beautiful		
sweet		
good		
bad		

3. Complete the sentences using the comparative form:

Lucy is older (old) than Ellie.

Dogs are more intelligent (intelligent) than rabbits.

- 1) Russia is _____ (large) than the UK.
- 2) My Latin class is _____ (boring) than my English class.
- 3) In the UK, the streets are generally _____ (narrow) than in the USA.
- 4) London is _____ (busy) than Glasgow.
- 5) Julie is _____ (smart) than her sister.
- 6) Amanda is _____ (ambitious) than her classmates.
- 7) My garden is a lot _____ (colourful) than this park.
- 8) His house is a bit _____ (big) than a hotel.

4. Complete the sentences using the superlative form:

Lucy is the oldest (old) teacher at school.

Dogs are the most intelligent (intelligent) pets.

- 1) Who is the _____ (tall) person in your family?
- 2) My mum is the _____ (good) cook in the world.
- 3) December is the _____ (cold) month of the year in my country.
- 4) What's the _____ (dangerous) animal in the world?
- 5) Ethan is the _____ (happy) boy that I know.
- 6) Where are the _____ (nice) beaches in your country?
- 7) She bought the _____ (big) cake in the shop.
- 8) Who is the _____ (famous) singer in your country?

5. Rewrite the sentences correctly:

I don't want no pizza for dinner.

I don't want any pizza for dinner.

1. She didn't eat nothing.

2. I don't see nobody.

3. She doesn't have no books to read.

4. I could not see no way to help.

5. I cannot find my money nowhere.

6. The children do not need no candy.

7. Peter was not carrying no packages.

8. I can't understand nothing the aliens are saying.

9. The lecturer did not say nothing interesting.

10. Martha isn't meeting nobody.
