### ENGLISH 12 – TEST HKI ĐỀ 4

Pick out the word which has	different stress pattern	from that of the rest.	
<ol> <li>A. interviewer</li> <li>A. employment</li> </ol>	B. preparation	C. economics	D. education
2. A. employment	B. remember	C. concentrate	D. position
3. A. achievement	B. communist	C. constantly	D. government
Choose the word whose under			
4. A. <u>ch</u> aracter	B. teacher	C. chemist	D. technical
<ul><li>4. A. <u>ch</u>aracter</li><li>5. A. explain<u>ed</u></li></ul>	B. disappointed	C. prepared	D. interviewed
Choose the best answer to co	mplete the blank in each	of the following senten	
6. Many people have objected	to the use of animals in _	experiments.	
A. science	B. scientist	C. scientific	D. scientifically
7. In Scotland, students transfe	er from primary to second	ary education at approxim	nately age 12.
	B. base	0	D. move
8. Considering peasants make	up nearly 80% of Vietnan	n's population.	
A. specialists	B. economists	C. professors	D. farmers
9. Although he has not got nec	essary experience, he use	d to take a in busin	ess administration.
A. curriculum	B. course	C. school	D. class
10. In England schooling is co	mpulsory all chi	ldren from the age of 5 to	16.
A. with	B. for		D. over
11. That machine is useless. It		or a long time	
A. is	B. was	C. did	D. has
12. Beethoven's Fifth Symphon	ny next weekend	i.	
A. is going to be perfor	rmed	B. has been performed D. will have performed	
<ul><li>C. will be performing</li></ul>		D. will have performed	
<b>13.</b> The trees			
A. were grown by John	yesterday in the backyar	d	
B. were grown in the b	ackyard by John yesterday	y	
C. were grown in the b	ackyard yesterday by John	n	
<ul> <li>D. in the backyard were</li> </ul>	e grown yesterday by Joh	n	
14. Mathematics, a required su	bject in all schools, is	into many branch	hes.
A. grouped	B. prepared	C. divided	D. added
15. The making of good habits	a determination	to keep on training your	child.
A. require	B. requires	C. requirement	D. required
16. She had to have the operation	ion		
A. unless she would die	es	B. if she would die	
<ul><li>C. otherwise she will d</li></ul>		D. or she would die	
17 he gets here soon,	we will have to start the n	neeting without him.	
1.1	B. Provided	C. Unless	D. If
18. If my client me he	er fax number, I	to post a letter to her.	
A. gave,/ will not have		B. will give / do not hav	'e
	have had		
19. Ms Young, to ma	ny of her students are wri	ting, is living happily and	peacefully in
Canada.			

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A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. whose	
20. We have learned English	sh since wein the	e sixth form.		
A. are	B. were		D. have been	
21. He is the man	car was stolen last week.			
A. whom	B. thatthis weekend?" - Sally	C. which	D. whose	
22. Kim: "What	this weekend?" - Sally	": "Oh, we're going hunting	g. It's fantastic!"	
A. are you doing	B. are you going	C. would you do	D. do you go	
23. Nam:" Hello! My nam	e is Nam. Nice to meet you	" - Mai: " Hello	"	
A. I'm fine		B. Really?		
C. Good!		D. I'm Mai. Glad to me	eet vou	
	ol the age	seventeen.		
A. at / of	B. in / for	C. on / with	D. of / in	
	lovely evening" - Diana:"_	**		
A. No, it's not good		B. I'm glad you enjoyed	d it	
C. Yes, it's really g		D. Oh, that's right		
26. The preparations	by the time the guests	D. On, that 5 right		
A. had been finishe	d / arrived	B. have finished / arrive	ed	
C. had finished / we		D. have been finished /		
	e movie now" - Lan: "Oh!		were arrived	
A. I don't		C. Why's that	D It's a good idea	
28. Nam: "Whose book is		".	D. It's a good idea	
	re B. It's my mother's	C It's just outside	D It's my mother	
	sit her yesterday, she		D. It's my modici	
A come / was prep	aradP come / prepared	C come / was preparing	a D. como/hac	
A. come / was preparedB. came / prepared C. came / was preparing D. came/has				
prepared	ton vicens and			
30. Reagan an act		C	D was said bains	
A. IS SAID to be	B. is said to have been	C. was said have been	D. was said being	
31. He didn't get the job	he had all the n B. although	ecessary quantications.	D 1	
		C. because	D. because of	
	art that needs correction.			
	ave to work hardly to earn a		ort the family.	
A	В	C D		
The state of the s	s regarded as a useful memb	per of our society.		
A B	C	D		
34. Old people in my coun	try always looks forward to	their retirement so that the	ey can travel.	
A B	D D	702 W 101 E1 100		
35. Economic reforms are	often carried for to promote	the developing of a countr	<u>y</u> .	
Α	В	C D		
36. He was so ill that he co	ould not do his final examina	ation and cancelled it to the	e next year.	
A	ВС	D		
	is closest in the meaning to	o the root one.		
37. The last time when I saw her was three years ago.				
	n her for the last three years.			
•	rs ago, I used to meet her.			
C I have not seen b	per for three years			

- C. I have not seen her for three years.D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.

- 38. In spite of all our efforts, we failed in the final match.
  - A. Although we tried very hard, we failed in the final match.
  - B. We made all our efforts so that we could again success in the final match.
  - C. Whatever efforts we had made, we weren't able to win in the final match.
  - D. We failed in the final match as a result of all our great efforts.
- 39. Vietnam / almost / students / stay / universities / for / four / five / years.
  - A. At Vietnam, almost students stay in universities for four or five years.
  - B. In Vietnam, almost students stay at universities for four or five years.
  - C. In Vietnam, almost students stay for four or five years at universities.
  - D. Almost students stay at universities in Vietnam for four or five years.
- 40. You / find / much / possible / job / vacancy.
  - A. You should find as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
  - B. You should find out much possible about the job and the vacancy.
  - C. You should find out as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
  - D. You should find out much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

#### Read the passage and choose the best answers:

			7	
	A student learning	g English occasionally i	neets the following problem	s when he (46)to
talks	and lectures. It is d	ifficult to decide where	one word finishes and the	next one starts. In speech,
many	sounds (47)	a student difficulty	and he fails to identify ther	n. Some words in English,
which	h occur very commo	only, have a weak forn	n. An overseas student iden	tifies them with difficulty.
(48)	addition, m	nany students sometime	es do not hear the unstresse	d syllable in a word. This
probl	em never arises in p	rint.		
25	The lecturer (49)	uses an in	nformal style and who pror	nounces his vowels with a
stron	g accent will be diff	icult to follow. A stude	nt takes notes more (50)	when the lecturer
speak	s with a BBC accen	t.		
41.	A. apeaks	B. hears	C. wants	D. listens
42.	A. make	B. cause	C. do	D. create
43.	A. In	B. For	C. On	D. With
44.	A. which	B. who	C. whose	D. when
45	A carefully	R easily	C terribly	D carelessly

#### Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments every day. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignment.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs. Jones", and so on. Some teachers wear business clothes and give lectures. Others classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from councelors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars or cafeterias.



46 What is the first paragraph about?	
46. What is the first paragraph about?	D. Ways of airing againment
A. Ways of using the textbook	B. Ways of giving assignment
C. Ways of teaching	<ul> <li>D. Ways of taking an exam</li> </ul>
<b>47.</b> Which of the following statements is true?	
<ul> <li>A. American students can call their teachers b</li> </ul>	by their first names.
B. The atmosphere in the American classroon	ns is always relaxed and friendly.
C. American teachers do not dress informally	
D. The atmosphere in America classrooms is	always formal.
48. What does the word "business clothes" in the par-	agraph 2 mean?
A. clothes that only business people wear	B. trendy clothes
C. casual clothes	D. formal clothes
49. What can't students do at most American college	s and universities?
A. bring the computers at the libraries home.	
B. ask their councellors and tutors for advice.	
C. use the computers that are linked to librarie	es.
D. have tutors and councelors solved their pro	oblems.
50. Which of the following statements is false about	
A. They are well equipped.	
B. They have stores on campus.	
C. They have no recreation facilities.	
D. They offer sports and leisure facilities for s	students.
2. They offer opens and resource furtheres for the	

# ĐÈ 5

----THE END-----

Cho	oose the word who	se underlined part is pronc	ounced differently forn	n that of the rest.
1.	A. advises	B. raises	C. devises	D. go <u>es</u>
2.	A. rose	B. lose	C. close	D. chose
Cho	oose the word (A, I	B, C or D) that has differen	t stress from that of th	e rest.
3.	A. express	B. effort	C. office	D. comment
4.	A. economic	B. experience	C. entertainment	D. introduction
5.	A. history	B. depression	C. invention	D. completely
Cho	oose the answer (A	, B, C or D) that best comp	oletes each of the follow	ving sentences.
6. H	Ie has just come bac	ck from London,is	the capital of England.	
	A. that	B. which	C. where	D. in which
7. N	lo one can predict th	he future exactly. Things ma	y happen	
	<ul> <li>A. expected</li> </ul>	B. unexpected	C. expectedly	<ul> <li>D. unexpectedly</li> </ul>
8. N	Is Young, to	many of her students are	writing, is living happil	y and peacefully in Canada
		B. whom		
9. A	fter a few decades	of the economic reforms, Vi	etnam has increased the	living of people.
	<ul> <li>A. surfaces</li> </ul>	B. standards	C. levels	<ul> <li>D. backgrounds</li> </ul>
10.	In five more minute	es, theyfor three hou	irs on the phone.	
	<ul> <li>A. are talking</li> </ul>	<ul><li>B. have talked</li></ul>	<ul><li>C. will have been t</li></ul>	alking D. will talk

11. Nam: What do you think about	t his story? - Tan:	, it's not true.	
A. In my opinion B.  12. If she the train last ni	I think	C. According to me	D. I don't think
12. If she the train last ni	ght, she	here now.	
A. took / were C. had taken / would have b		B. were taking / is	
C. had taken / would have b	een	D. had taken / would be	
13 speaking, I do not rea	ally like my present j	ob.	
A. Honest B.	Honestly	C. Honesty	D. Dishonest
14. A letter of is sometim	nes really necessary f	for you in a job interview.	
A. recommend B.			
15 if he comes late?			
A. What you would do B.	What would you do	C. What will you do	D. What you will do
16. Some days of rest may help to			AND TO MANUSCOCK PACKAGE HOUSE AND
A. reduce B.			D. increase
17. A is an official docume			
training.			
A. vocation B.	subject	C. certificate	D. grade
18. John: What a nice watch you a	re wearing, Mary! -	Mary:	
A. Thank you. I hope you lil	ke it.	B. I don't think it's nice	
C. No, I don't think so		D. Oh, that's right	
19. He is very worried hi			working.
A on / over B	to / off	C. about / for	D in / at
20. Mai: Can you lend me some m A. I don't have any money	noney, Lan? - Lan:		
A. I don't have any money	_	B. Certainly. Here you a	re.
C. No, I can't		D. Yes, I can	
21. If I 10 years younger,	, I the job.		
A. am / will take		B. was / have taken	
C. had been / will have taken	n	D. were / would take	
22. When I up this morni	ing, my roommate	already.	
A. am waking / leaves B.	wake / has left	C. woke / had left	D. was waking / left
23. I think we from A hear B	her soon.		•
A. hear B.	will hear	C. have heard	D. will have heard
24. Robert wanted to know if I wo	ould leave the	Friday.	
A. following B.		C. previous	D. before
8	8		
25. He is the man car was	s stolen last week.		
	that	C. which	D. whose
26. It is of great to show y	our interest and polit	teness when you are havin	g a job interview.
A. importance B.	important	C. importantly	D. unimportant
27. instructed me how to m			
A. John Robbins to that I sp		B. John Robbins, that I s	poke to by telephone
C. John Robbins, to who I s		D. John Robbins, whom	
telephone	,	,	
28. She is the eldest in her house,	so she has to look	her brother when	her parents go out
A. for B.			D. after
29. A taxi crashed into		iver was badly injured.	

A. a / a	B. a / the	C. the / a	D. the / the
30. The economic renov		in December, 1986 by the	
Party.			The state of the s
A. initiated	B. was initiating	C. was initiated	D. had initiated
		ch of the following question	
	ast weekend, Tim?" Ali	- ·	
	im what did he do last w		
	im what he had done last		
	im what he had done the		
	im what had he done the	1. The control of the	
			ura iaba
		t well-prepared for their fut	
		well-prepared for their fut	
		well-prepared for their fut	
	*1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00 × 1.00	l-prepared for their future j	
	**************************************	ll-prepared for their future j	obs.
	the teacher for help?" P		
	me to ask the teacher fo		
	ended me not to ask the		
C. Peter told me	the reason why I did not	ask the teacher for help.	
D. Peter suggeste	ed that he should ask the	teacher for help.	
34. If it does not rain to	morrow, we will water	the garden.	
A. Unless it rain	tomorrow, we will wate	r the garden.	
B. Unless it does	rain tomorrow, we will	water the garden.	
C. Unless it rains	tomorrow, we will water	er the garden.	
	s tomorrow, we will not	_	
	class late, the teacher p		
	unished him if he came t		
-	ould punish him if he ca		
		e did not come to class late	
		him if he had not come to c	
D. The teacher w	outa not have pumbled	min in the finds floor comic to c	Augs Inte.
36 Qualifications and a	experience / two elemen	ts / help us / get good jobs	easily
	그 그들이 얼마나 아내는 얼마나 나는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없었다.	elements help us get good	
	그 사람이 얼마나 많은 아이들이 아름다면 하는데 아니라 아이들이 아이들이 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니다.	elements helping us get go	5. 10. 6. 10. 6. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
		elements which helps us get	
		elements helped us get goo	10 kg (10 kg
		each sentence that needs	
37. Aithough they aiwa	ys argue with each other	r, but they are good friends	5
A Mana ash a sh bassa h		C D	
38. More school have b	702	ke it convenient for childre	n to go to school.
A 1 C	B C	TING LOW 1	D Col 1: A Col 1 AV
39. My sister works for a	Toreign company in Ho C	In Minn City, where is one of	f the biggest cities in Vietnam.
A	В	C	D
10 01 11 11			
40. Since they study in		l, they have known each oth	ner.
A	В	C D	

6

Cho			pace in the following pas	
				summer day is a lot of fun
				ost popular kinds of boat are
sail	boats and speedboats.	Sailboats use the (43)	to give them po	wer. They only have smal
eng	ines. In contrast, speed	boats have large engines	s and go very fast. Furthern	nore, speedboats are usually
				fast. Sailboats, on the othe
han	d, are big so that they	are more comfortable.	(45), sailboats ca	an travel into the ocean, bu
this	would be very danger	ous in a speedboat. You	can only use speedboats of	on rivers or lakes.
41.	A. at	B. on	C. in	D. while
42.	A. However	B. Although	C. Because	D. Unless
43.	A. water	B. Although B. speed B. fast	C. weather	D. wind
44.	A. small	B. fast		D. big
45.	B. Unfortunately	B. At first	C. In addition	D. Except for
Rea			ect answer A, B, C or D	
	Diwali is a main Hi	ndu festival. It is know	n as the "Festival of Ligh	its". It makes the victory o
goo	d over evil. In other we	ords, lights are symbols	of victory of brightness ov	ver darkness. People in India
turn	on lamps in every ho	use and watch firecracl	kers in the night sky. The	se lights are a way showing
hon	or to the gods of India	for giving the people h	ealth, knowledge, riches a	nd peace.
	On the day of Diwal	i, children get up at 3:00	a.m and take a bath. They	dress up in festival clothes
ligh	t up the candles and sha	are sweets. There is com	petition among the childre	n to light the first firecracke
and	to make the loudest no	oise. Soon, the whole sk	y is bright. Children seem	to have the most fun during
	festival.			
46.	What does the passage			
	<ul> <li>A. Unity among the</li> </ul>	people in India		
	B. A way that child	ren in India have fun		
	C. How a festival in	India is celebrated		
		lamplighting and firecra		
47.	The world <i>honor</i> in th	e first paragraph 1 is clo	oset in meaning to	
	A. pride	B. respect	C. satisfaction	<ul> <li>D. understanding</li> </ul>
48.		e true of the festival EX	<b>CEPT</b> .	
	A. giving thanks to			
	<ul> <li>B. lighting up candl</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>C. exploding firecra</li></ul>			
	<b>-</b>	mpetition between child	ren	
49.		pose in paragraph 1 is		
		types of lights in Diwa		
		the Diwali is an unusual	holiday	
	C. to explain the me			
		that Diwali is celebrate		
50.		nention <i>children</i> in para	igraph 2?	
		wali is a noisy festival		
		children enjoy the holida		
		ne Diwali is a time for c		
	<ul><li>D. To indicate that t</li></ul>	he holiday is dangerous		
		TH	FEND	

## ĐÈ 6

Choose the word whose un			
<ol> <li>A. nursery</li> <li>A. application</li> </ol>	B. work	C. excursion	D. certificate
2. A. application	B. apply	C. applicant	D. applicator
Choose the word that has t	he main stress position	on differently from tha	t of the rest.
3. A. campus	B. certificate	C. performance	D. acceptance
4. A. impression	B. existence	C. compulsory	D. creativity
<ol> <li>A. campus</li> <li>A. impression</li> <li>A. reform</li> </ol>	B. improve	C. dominate	D. adopt
Choose the correct answer	to each of the flollow	ing questions.	
6. He warned her	the wire.		
A. not touching	B. not touch	C. touch	D. not to touch
7. Hurry up! It's time we	for next week	's examination.	
7. Hurry up! It's time we A. have studied	B. studied	C. had studied	D. will study
8. When Jack m	e, I a letter.		
A. phoned/ has been C. phoned/ was writing.  9. Be quiet! The baby A. is sleeping	writing	B. has phoned/ was wr	riting
C. phoned/ was writing	ng	D. was phoning/ wrote	;
9. Be quiet! The baby			
A. is sleeping	B. slept	C. was sleeping	D. sleeps
10. You should find out as m	nuch as about the job ar	nd the vacancy	
A. jobs are advertised C. a seat that is availa 11. Would you mind show n A. where	1	B. a job that is availab	le.
C. a seat that is availa	ible	D. an empty seat.	
11. Would you mind show n	neto work	the lift?	
A. where	B. how	C. what	D. why
12. The academic year in En	glandinto	three terms.	
A. where  12. The academic year in En A. has divided  13. My mother tells me that	B. is divided	C. divides	D. is dividing
13. My mother tells me that	shesince sl	he was four.	
A. has divided  13. My mother tells me that A. has been singing	B. has been sung	C. sang	D. had sung
14. We saw many soldiers at	nd horses v	were moving to the from	t line.
A. which  15. Try these cakes! They are	B. whom	C. who	D. that
15. Try these cakes ! They ar	refrom wh	neat flour.	
A done	B made	t taken	D. baked
16. A surprise party	by my students tor	norrow.	
A. is going to be orga	nized	B. is gone to organize	
C. is going to organiz	re	B. is gone to organize D. a and b are correct	
17. Schooling is	for all English children	from the age of five to	sixteen.
A. compulsory	B. advised	C. selected	D. encouraged
18. Because of the coming e	xamination, I am under	a lot of study	D activities

19. Had I known she was sick, I her.		
A. visited B. had visited	C. would have visited	D. would visit
20. " the doctor advised his patient.		
A. You had better stop drinking	B. I would like you to	drink
C. You had better to drink	D. Please drink some	
21. "I will do it for you, Mary", Peter said.		
A. Peter advised Mary to do it	B. Peter advised Mary	not to do it.
C. Peter promised to do it for Mary	D. Peter wanted Mary	
	are harmless.	
A. but B. so	C. for	D. although
23. Please don't enter knocking.		8
A. with B. without	C. except for	D. by
24. "Thanks for your help!" "	,	
A. With all my heart B. Never mind me	C. It's my pleasure	D. All it is for you
25. "How do you get to work?" "	,, 1	,
A. It is very far	B. About two kilomet	ers.
C. I walk, of course	D. I was taken there.	
26. "I have just passed my English proficiency test		,,
A. Congratulations!	B. It's nice of you to s	say so!
C. That's a good idea!	D. Ok! I'm enjoying i	
27. "Happy New Year! " "	,	
A. Thank you, I am very happy to hear that.		
B. Thank you, I am too.		
C. Thank you, the same to you.		
D. Thank you. I wish you a happy birthday.		
28. "I am expecting a baby."	,,	
A. Good luck! Boy or girl?	_	
B. Happy to hear that.		
C. When will you give birth to a baby?		
D. That's wonderful news! When's it due?		
Choose the sentence that is closest in the meanin	g to the root one.	
29. I can't do the test because it is too difficult.	g	
A. If the test weren't too difficult, I can do it		
B. If the test hadn't been too difficult, I could		
C. If the test weren't too difficult, I could do		
D. If the test isn't too difficult, I can do it.		
<b>30.</b> They are <i>cleaning</i> the kitchen now.		
A. The kitchen is now cleaned.		
B. The kitchen is cleaning now.		
C. The kitchen is been cleaning now.		
D. The kitchen is being cleaned now.		
31. Opinion/ his performance / good.		
A. My opinion was good at his pereformance	e.	
, - F		